MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS THEN ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 AND 2012

English Translation of a Report Originally Issued in Chinese

Review Report of Independent Accountants

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of MediaTek Inc.

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, June 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three months and six months then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to issue a report based on our reviews.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statements of Auditing Standards No. 36, "Review of Financial Statements" of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). A review is limited primarily to applying analytical procedures to financial data and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with the requirements of Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and International Financial Reporting Standard 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" as recognized by Financial Supervisory Commission.

Ernst & Young CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS August 5, 2013 Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

Notice to Readers

The reader is advised that these financial statements have been prepared originally in Chinese. In the event of a conflict between these financial statements and the original Chinese version or difference in interpretation between the two versions, the Chinese language financial statements shall prevail.

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the R.O.C. and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the R.O.C.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

As of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, June 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS	Notes	Jur	ne 30, 2013	%	December 31, 2012	%	June 30, 2012	%	January 1, 2012	%
Current assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	4, 6(1)	\$	107,225,081	45	\$ 85,867,210	41	\$ 95,060,711	59	\$ 85,821,438	58
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	4, 5, 6(2)		2,011,326	1	629,912	-	976,316	-	1,617,416	1
Available-for-sale financial assets-current	4, 5, 6(3)		3,147,296	1	3,979,013	2	3,456,757	2	2,545,354	2
Held-to-maturity financial assets-current	4, 6(5)		251,492	-	-	-	328,429	-	48,126	-
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	4, 6(6), 8		113,661	-	113,598	-	1,020,043	1	1,013,112	1
Trade receivables, net	4, 6(7)		10,389,279	5	6,584,610	3	7,659,372	5	7,360,317	5
Trade receivables from related parties, net	4, 6(7), 7		-	-	-	-	-	-	23,567	-
Other receivables	6(7), 7		5,586,088	2	5,076,122	2	2,675,681	2	2,961,830	2
Current tax assets	4, 5, 6(22)		61,170	-	59,501	-	51,021	-	65,174	-
Inventories, net	4, 5, 6(8)		10,955,686	5	13,867,311	7	11,073,642	7	9,392,282	6
Prepayments			810,433	-	1,141,023	1	1,065,351	1	689,987	1
Other current assets			550,261	-	426,062	-	771,067	-	282,585	-
Total current assets		-	141,101,773	59	117,744,362	56	124,138,390	77	111,821,188	76
Non-current assets										
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-noncurrent	4, 5, 6(2)		1,606,201	1	1,484,505	1	1,438,781	1	1,739,337	1
Available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent	4, 5, 6(3)		4,285,725	2	3,206,895	2	3,042,014	2	2,810,668	2
Held-to-maturity financial assets-noncurrent	4, 6(5)		613,494	-	796,860	-	817,755	1	828,422	1
Financial assets measured at cost-noncurrent	4, 6(4)		1,825,479	1	2,083,114	1	2,544,051	2	2,017,613	1
Bond investments for which no active market exists-noncurrent	4, 6(6), 8		379	-	400	-	633	-	671	-
Investments accounted for using the equity method	4, 6(9)		59,137,366	25	57,393,909	27	816,126	-	1,980,983	1
Property, plant and equipment	4, 6(10)		11,252,592	5	10,732,494	5	10,447,002	6	9,861,430	7
Intangible assets	4, 6(11), 6(12)		15,480,905	6	15,727,448	8	17,124,864	11	16,150,659	11
Deferred tax assets	4, 5, 6(22)		1,758,540	1	915,791	-	477,358	-	269,382	-
Refundable deposits			172,145	-	206,393	-	242,167	-	265,431	-
Long-term prepaid rent			118,775		114,347		116,246			
Total non-current assets			96,251,601	41	92,662,156	44	37,066,997	23	35,924,596	24
Total assets		\$	237,353,374	100	\$ 210,406,518	100	\$ 161,205,387	100	\$ 147,745,784	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

As of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, June 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Notes	June 30, 2013	%	December 31, 2012	%	June 30, 2012	%	January 1, 2012	%
Current liabilities				, , ,				, , ,	
Short-term borrowings	6(13)	\$ 16,114,200	7	\$ 8,880,430	4	\$ 12,199,200	7	\$ 4,089,150	3
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss-current	4, 5, 6(2)	8,621	-	2,638	-	3,981	-	-	- !
Trade payables		9,410,502	4	8,044,063	4	9,105,240	6	8,062,967	5
Trade payables to related parties	7	1,462,576	1	1,003,337	1	1,175,218	1	958,936	1
Other payables	7	27,279,278	11	13,356,034	6	23,920,473	15	15,865,576	11
Current tax liabilities	4, 5, 6(22)	1,721,390	1	1,053,591	1	640,629	-	681,003	- !
Other current liabilities		831,159	-	610,139	-	951,031	1	752,407	- !
Current portion of long-term liabilities		30,120		29,136		23,920		18,081	!
Total current liabilities		56,857,846	24	32,979,368	16	48,019,692	30	30,428,120	
Non-current liabilities									
Long-term payables		102,408	_	113,630	_	131,560	_	147,662	-
Accrued pension liabilities	4, 6(14)	560,018	_	555,754	-	450,204	-	445,079	- !
Deposits received	7	48,016	-	30,233	-	9,806	-	6,176	- !
Deferred tax liabilities	4, 5, 6(22)	1,352,238	1	1,195,134	1	1,075,047	1	595,454	1
Non-current liabilities-others		79,880	-	74,675	-	69,338	-	49,351	_ !
Total non-current liabilities		2,142,560	1	1,969,426	1	1,735,955	1	1,243,722	1
Total liabilities		59,000,406	25	34,948,794	17	49,755,647	31	31,671,842	21
Equity attributable to owners of the parent									
Share capital	6(15)								
Common stock		13,493,939	6	13,493,702	6	11,475,751	7	11,475,108	8
Capital collected in advance		149	-	102	-	193	-	83	- '
Capital surplus	6(15), 6(16)	68,251,635	29	79,672,498	38	24,506,875	15	24,488,409	16
Retained earnings	6(15)								
Legal reserve		24,641,182	10	23,072,429	11	23,072,429	14	21,710,122	15
Special reserve		5,072,425	2	2,210,312	1	2,210,312	2	4,198,121	3
Undistributed earnings		67,572,127	28	62,213,816	29	52,875,016	33	56,418,253	38
Other equity	6(15)	(660,499)	-	(5,183,374)	(2)	(2,674,504)	(2)	(2,210,495)	(1)
Treasury shares	4, 6(15)	(55,970)		(55,970)		(55,970)		(55,970)	- 79
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		178,314,988	75	175,423,515	83	111,410,102	69	116,023,631	79
Non-controlling interests	4, 6(15)	37,980		34,209		39,638		50,311	
Total equity		178,352,968	75	175,457,724	83	111,449,740	69	116,073,942	_79
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 237,353,374	100	\$ 210,406,518	100	\$ 161,205,387	100	\$ 147,745,784	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 $\,$

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except for earnings per share)

		Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
Description	Notes		2013	%	2012	%	2013	%	2012	%	
Net sales	4, 6(17)	\$	33,276,043	100	23,439,933	100	57,250,252	100	43,055,222	100	
Operating costs	4, 6(8), 6(18), 7		(18,891,225)	(57)	(13,882,388)	(59)	(32,775,283)	(57)	(25,243,607)	(59)	
Gross profit			14,384,818	_43	9,557,545	_41	24,474,969	_43	17,811,615	_41	
Operating expenses	6(18), 7										
Selling expenses			(1,101,459)	(3)	(757,044)	(3)	(1,950,685)	(3)	(1,345,965)	(3)	
Administrative expenses			(879,732)	(3)	(725,945)	(3)		(3)	(1,417,078)		
Research and development expenses			(6,516,059)	(20)	(5,323,763)	(24)	(12,007,411)	(21)	(10,378,869)	(24)	
Total operating expenses			(8,497,250)	(26)	(6,806,752)	(30)	(15,500,016)	(27)	(13,141,912)	(30)	
Operating income			5,887,568	_17	2,750,793	11	8,974,953	_16	4,669,703	_11	
Non-operating income and expenses											
Other income	4, 6(19)		635,265	2	588,622	2	1,099,982	1	1,145,830	3	
Other gains and losses	6(20)		(148,141)	-	878,757	4	(259,604)	-	936,944	2	
Finance costs	6(21)		(35,550)	-	(30,442)	-	(51,432)	-	(51,541)	-	
Share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method	4, 6(9)		804,166	2	50,014		1,301,490	2	110,045		
Total non-operating income and expenses			1,255,740	4	1,486,951	6	2,090,436	3	2,141,278	5	
Profit before tax			7,143,308	21	4,237,744	17	11,065,389	19	6,810,981	16	
Income tax expense	4, 5, 6(22)		(426,860)	(1)	(565,263)	(2)	(613,175)	(1)	(663,344)	(2)	
Profit			6,716,448	_20	3,672,481	15	10,452,214	_18	6,147,637	_14	
Other comprehensive income	6(15)										
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of foreign operations			597,405	2	580,606	2	2,032,754	4	(690,345)	(2)	
Unrealized gains from available-for-sale financial assets			232,401	1	6,353	-	640,435	1	227,135	1	
Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using the equity method			440,418	1	(878)	-	1,851,842	3	276	-	
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income											
Other comprehensive income, net of tax			1,270,224	4	586,081	2	4,525,031	8	(462,934)	_(1)	
Total comprehensive income		\$	7,986,672	24	\$ 4,258,562	17	<u>\$ 14,977,245</u>		\$ 5,684,703	13	
Profit for the periods attributable to :											
Owners of the parent	6(23)	\$	6,722,963		\$ 3,682,422		\$ 10,463,867		\$ 6,159,385		
Non-controlling interests	6(15)	ļ	(6,515)		(9,941)		(11,653)		(11,748)		
		\$	6,716,448		\$ 3,672,481		\$ 10,452,214		\$ 6,147,637		
Total comprehensive income for the periods attributable to :											
Owners of the parent		\$	7,985,913		\$ 4,267,081		\$ 14,986,742		\$ 5,695,376		
Non-controlling interests	6(15)		759		(8,519)		(9,497)		(10,673)		
		\$	7,986,672		\$ 4,258,562		\$ 14,977,245		\$ 5,684,703		
Basic Earnings Per Share (in New Taiwan Dollars)	6(23)										
Basic Earnings Fer Share (in New Talwan Dollars) Profit	0(23)	\$	5.01		\$ 3.23		\$ 7.80		\$ 5.40		
Diluted Earnings Per Share (in New Taiwan Dollars)	6(23)										
Profit		\$	4.99		\$ 3.20		\$ 7.77		\$ 5.36		
	1	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					Equity attribut	able to owners of	the parent					
	Share	capital			Retained earnings	;	Other	equity				
Description	Common stock	Capital collected in advance	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Undistributed earnings	Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of foreign operations	Unrealized gains from available-for-sale financial assets	Treasury shares	Equity attributable to owners of the parent	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance as of January 1, 2012	\$ 11,475,108	\$ 83	\$ 24,488,409	\$ 21,710,122	\$ 4,198,121	\$ 56,418,253	\$ (2,253,687)	\$ 43,192	\$ (55,970)	\$ 116,023,631	\$ 50,311	\$ 116,073,942
Appropriation and distribution of 2011 earnings:												
Legal reserve	-	-	-	1,362,307	-	(1,362,307)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	_	_	_	_	(1,987,809)	1,987,809	_	-	_	-	_	
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	(10,328,124)	-	-	-	(10,328,124)	-	(10,328,124
Share-based payment transactions Change in other capital surplus	643	110	18,466	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,219	-	19,219
Profit for the six months ended June 30, 2012	_	_	_	_	_	6,159,385	_	_	_	6,159,385	(11,748)	6,147,637
Other comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2012	-	-	-	-	-	-	(691,144)	227,135	-	(464,009)		(462,934
Total comprehensive income						6,159,385	(691,144)	227,135		5,695,376	(10,673)	5,684,703
Balance as of June 30, 2012	\$ 11,475,751	\$ 193	\$ 24,506,875	\$ 23,072,429	\$ 2,210,312	\$ 52,875,016	\$ (2,944,831)	\$ 270,327	\$ (55,970)	\$ 111,410,102	\$ 39,638	\$ 111,449,740
Balance as of January 1, 2013	\$ 13,493,702	\$ 102	\$ 79,672,498	\$ 23,072,429	\$ 2,210,312	\$ 62,213,816	\$ (5,762,485)	\$ 579,111	\$ (55,970)	\$ 175,423,515	\$ 34,209	\$ 175,457,724
Appropriation and distribution of 2012 earnings:												
Legal reserve	-	-	-	1,568,753	-	(1,568,753)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	-	2,862,113	(2,862,113)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	(674,690)	-	-	-	(674,690)	-	(674,690
Cash distributed from capital surplus	-	-	(11,469,734)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,469,734)	-	(11,469,734
Share-based payment transactions	237	47	39,122	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,406	-	39,406
Change in other capital surplus	-	-	9,749	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,749	-	9,749
Change in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,268	13,268
Profit for the six months ended June 30, 2013	-	-	-	-	-	10,463,867	-	-	-	10,463,867	(11,653)	10,452,214
Other comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2013							3,882,440	640,435		4,522,875	2,156	4,525,031
Total comprehensive income						10,463,867	3,882,440	640,435		14,986,742	(9,497)	14,977,245
Balance as of June 30, 2013	\$ 13,493,939	\$ 149	\$ 68,251,635	\$ 24,641,182	\$ 5,072,425	\$ 67,572,127	\$ (1,880,045)	\$ 1,219,546	\$ (55,970)	\$ 178,314,988	\$ 37,980	\$ 178,352,968

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 $\,$

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Description	2013	2012
Cash flows from operating activities :		
Profit before tax from continuing operations	\$ 11,065,389	\$ 6,810,981
Adjustments for:		
The profit or loss items which did not affect cash flows:		
Depreciation	609,221	615,967
Amortization	291,018	1,059,461
Bad debt (reversal) provision	(79,721)	8,102
Losses (gains) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	1916	(24.200)
	1,816 51,432	(34,390) 51,541
Interest expenses Interest income	(834,349)	(881,942
Dividend income	(69,190)	(34,430
Share-based payment expenses	38,651	17,135
Share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method	(1,301,490)	(110,045
Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment	948	728
Losses (gains) on disposal of investments	33,664	(1,060,911
Impairment of financial assets	449,683	84,998
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	117,003	0,,,,,
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(1,444,085)	951,165
Trade receivables	(4,049,345)	(140,295
Trade receivables from related parties	(1,015,315)	23,567
Other receivables	1,601,460	202,251
Inventories	2,897,521	(1,678,519
Prepayments	330,590	(375,150
Other current assets	(124,199)	(488,482
Trade payables	1,336,900	1,055,179
Trade payables to related parties	430,222	226,793
Other payables	1,557,629	(2,281,884
Other current liabilities	221,020	173,290
Long-term payables	(10,238)	(10,394
Accrued pension liabilities	4,264	5,125
Non-current liabilities-others	5,205	19,987
Cash generated from operating activities	3,203	17,767
Interest received	570,703	755,226
Dividend received	69,190	34,430
Interest paid	(43,401)	(45,779
Income tax paid	(632,690)	(418,889
Net cash provided by operating activities	12,977,818	4,534,816
Cash flows from investing activities:	12,777,010	1,00 1,010
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets	(882,066)	(281,657
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	1,188,593	173,738
Acquisition of bond investment for which no active market exists	(37)	(6,893
Acquisition of held-to-maturity financial assets	(41,216)	
Proceeds from disposal of held-to-maturity financial assets	(11,210)	46,967
Acquisition of financial assets measured at cost	(146,391)	(666,927
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost	299	2,308
Proceeds from capital return of finacial assets measured at cost	115,956	2,300
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method	(80,491)	(1,495
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method	-	1,528,400
Net cash outflows from acquisition of subsidiaries	_	(938,022
Proceeds from capital return of equity investees	_	1,495
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(848,637)	(1,264,061
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	7,493	53
Decrease in refundable deposits	34,248	23,264
Acquisition of intangible assets	(20,121)	(1,025,177
Increase of long-term prepaid rent	(4,428)	(116,246
Net cash used in investing activities	(676,798)	(2,852,406
Cash flows from financing activities :	(070,750)	(2,002,100
Increase in short-term borrowings	7,007,450	8,162,700
Increase in deposits received	17,783	3,630
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options	465	1,226
Increase in non-controlling interests	13,268	1,220
	7,038,966	8,167,556
Net cash provided by financing activities Effect of changes in exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	2,017,885	(610,693
Effect of changes in exchange rate on cash and cash equivaleats Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	21,357,871 85,867,210	9,239,273 85,821,438
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	\$ 107,225,081	\$ 95,060,711

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

1. Organization and Operation

As officially approved, MediaTek Inc. ("MTK") was incorporated at Hsinchu Science-based Industrial Park on May 28, 1997. Since then, it has been specialized in the R&D, production, manufacturing and marketing of multimedia integrated circuits (ICs), computer peripherals oriented ICs, high-end consumer-oriented ICs and other ICs of extraordinary application. Meanwhile, it has rendered design, test runs, maintenance and repair and technological consultation services for software & hardware of the aforementioned products, import and export trades for the aforementioned products, sale and delegation of patents and circuit layout rights for the aforementioned products.

2. Date and Procedures of Authorization of Financial Statements for Issue

The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on August 2, 2013.

3. Newly Issued or Revised Standards and Interpretations

(1) Standards or interpretations issued, revised or amended, which are recognized by Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC"), but not yet adopted by MTK and its subsidiaries ("the Company") at the date of issuance of the Company's financial statements are listed below.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments which is divided in three distinct phases is designed by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") to eventually replace IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" in its entirety. The first phase relates to the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities that must be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015. The IASB will work on the remaining phases relate to impairment methodology and hedge accounting. However companies adopting International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, and Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee or the former Standing Interpretations Committee as recognized by the FSC (collectively referred to as "TIFRS") may not early adopt IFRS 9. FSC will announce the local effective date for IFRS 9 in the future. Adopting the first phase of IFRS 9 will have an impact on the classification and measurement of financial assets. The impact of adopting the remaining two phases of IFRS 9 on the Company could not be determined at this stage.

(2) Standards issued by IASB but not yet recognized by FSC at the date of issuance of the Company's financial statements are listed below.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Standards or Interpretations

Standards or Interpretations	The Ducients of Chandends on Intermediations	Effective Dates
Numbers	The Projects of Standards or Interpretations	Effective Dates
1	inancial Reporting Standards (issued in 2010)	1 1 2011
IFRS 1	"First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards"	January 1, 2011
IFRS 3	"Business Combinations"	July 1, 2010
IFRS 7	"Financial Instruments: Disclosures"	January 1, 2011
IAS 1	"Presentation of Financial Statements"	January 1, 2011
IAS 34	"Interim Financial Reporting"	January 1, 2011
IFRIC 13	"Customer Loyalty Programmes"	January 1, 2011
IFRS 7	Limited Exemption from Comparative	July 1, 2010
	Disclosures for First-time Adopters	
	(Amendments to IFRS 1 "First-time	
	Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards")	
IFRS 1	"First-time Adoption of International Financial	July 1, 2011
	Reporting Standards" - Severe Hyperinflation	3d1y 1, 2011
	and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time	
	Adopter	
IFRS 7	"Financial Instruments: Disclosures"	July 1, 2011
	(Amendment)	3 /
IAS 12(Amendment)	"Income Taxes" - Deferred Taxes: Recovery of	January 1, 2012
	Underlying Assets	,
IFRS 10	"Consolidated Financial Statements"	January 1, 2013
IAS 27	"Separate Financial Statements"	January 1, 2013
IFRS 11	"Joint Arrangements"	January 1, 2013
IAS 28	"Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures"	January 1, 2013
IFRS 12	"Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities"	January 1, 2013
IFRS 13	"Fair Value Measurement"	January 1, 2013
IAS 1	"Presentation of Financial Statements" -	July 1, 2012
	Presentation of Items of Other	
	Comprehensive Income	
IAS 19	"Employee Benefits" (Revised)	January 1, 2013
IFRS 1	"First-time Adoption of International Financial	January 1, 2013
	Reporting Standards" - Government Loans	
IFRS 7(Amendment)	"Financial Instruments: Disclosures" -	January 1, 2013
	Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and	
	Financial Liabilities	
IAS 32(Amendment)	"Financial Instruments: Presentation" -	January 1, 2014
	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial	
	Liabilities	
IFRIC 20	"Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a	January 1, 2013
	Surface Mine"	
(Continued)		

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(To be continued)

Standards or Interpretations

Numbers	The Projects of Standards or Interpretations	Effective Dates
Improvements to Internatio	nal Financial Reporting Standards (2009-2011 cycle):	-
IFRS 1	"First-time Adoption of International Financial	January 1, 2013
	Reporting Standards"	
IAS 1	"Presentation of Financial Statements"	January 1, 2013
IAS 16	"Property, Plant and Equipment"	January 1, 2013
IAS 32	"Financial Instruments: Presentation"	January 1, 2013
IAS 34	"Interim Financial Reporting"	January 1, 2013
IFRS 10	"Consolidated Financial Statements"	January 1, 2014
	(Amendment)	
IAS 36	"Impairment of Assets" (Amendment)	January 1, 2014
IFRIC 21	"Levies"	January 1, 2014

A. Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards (issued in 2010):

a. IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures"

The amendment emphasizes the interaction between quantitative and qualitative disclosures and the nature and extent of risks associated with financial instruments.

b. IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements"

The amendment clarifies that an entity will present an analysis of other comprehensive income for each component of equity, either in the statement of changes in equity or in the notes to the financial statements.

c. IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting"

The amendment clarifies that if a user of an entity's interim financial report have access to the most recent annual financial report of that entity, it is unnecessary for the notes to an interim financial report to provide relatively insignificant updates to the information that was reported in the notes in the most recent annual financial report. Furthermore the amendment adds disclosure requirements of financial instruments and contingent liabilities/assets.

B. IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements"

IFRS 10 replaces the portion of IAS 27 that addresses the accounting for consolidated financial statements and SIC-12. The changes introduced by IFRS 10 primarily relate to the elimination of the perceived inconsistency between IAS 27 and SIC-12 by introducing a new integrated control model. That is, IFRS 10 primarily relates to whether to consolidate another entity, but does not change how an entity is consolidated.

C. IFRS 12 "Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities"

IFRS 12 primarily integrates and makes consistent the disclosure requirements for subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and unconsolidated structured entities.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

D. IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement"

IFRS 13 primarily relates to defining fair value, setting out in a single IFRS a framework for measuring fair value and requiring disclosures about fair value measurements to reduce complexity and improve consistency in application when measuring fair value. However, IFRS 13 does not change existing requirements in other IFRS as to when the fair value measurement or related disclosures required.

E. IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" - Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The amendments to IAS 1 change the grouping of items presented in other comprehensive income. Items that would be reclassified (or recycled) to profit or loss in the future would be presented separately from items that will never be reclassified.

F. IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" (Revised)

The revision includes: (1) For defined benefit plans, the ability to defer recognition of actuarial gains and losses (i.e., the corridor approach) has been removed. Actuarial gains and losses are now recognized in other comprehensive income. (2) Amounts recorded in profit or loss are limited to current and past service costs, gains or losses on settlements, and net interest income (expense). (3) New disclosures include quantitative information about the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to a reasonably possible change in each significant actuarial assumption. (4) Termination benefits will be recognized at the earlier of when the offer of termination cannot be withdrawn, or when the related restructuring costs are recognized under IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", etc.

G. Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards (2009-2011 cycle): IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" (Amendment)

The amendment clarifies the requirements in IAS 34 relating to segment information for total assets and liabilities for each reportable segment to enhance consistency with the requirements in IFRS 8 "Operating Segments". Besides, total assets and liabilities for a particular reportable segment need to be disclosed only when the amounts are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker and there has been a material change in the total amount disclosed in the entity's previous annual financial statements for that reportable segment.

H. IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" (Amendment)

This amendment relates to the amendment issued in May 2011 and requires entities to disclose the recoverable amount of an asset (including goodwill) or a cash-generating unit when an impairment loss has been recognized or reversed during the period. The amendment also requires detailed disclosure of how the fair value less costs of disposal has been measured when an impairment loss has been recognized or reversed, including valuation techniques used, level of fair value hierarchy of assets and key assumptions used in measurement.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The abovementioned standards and interpretations issued by IASB have not yet been recognized by FSC. The effective dates for these standards and interpretations subject to FSC's requirements. The Company has been evaluating the potential influence of these standards and interpretations, and it is not practicable to estimate their impact on the Company at this point in time.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers ("the Regulations") and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" as recognized by the FSC.

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars ("NT\$") unless otherwise stated.

Basis of Consolidation

A. Preparation principle of consolidated financial statement

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the acquisition date, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using uniform accounting policies. All intra-group balances, income and expenses, unrealized gains and losses and dividends resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a change of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

Total comprehensive income of the subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

If the Company loses control of a subsidiary, it:

- a. derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary;
- b. derecognizes the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest;
- c. recognizes the fair value of the consideration received;
- d. recognizes the fair value of any investment retained;
- e. recognizes any surplus or deficit in profit or loss; and
- f. reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income to profit or loss.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The consolidated entities are listed as follows:

		3 00 0 00 10110 11 0		Percentage of	Ownership		
Investor	Subsidiary	Business nature	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2012	January 1, 2012	Note
MTK	MediaTek Investment Corp.	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MTK	Hsu-Ta Investment Corp.	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	1
MTK	Hsu-Chia Investment Limited	General investing	-	-	100%	100%	1
MTK	Hsu-Kang Investment Limited	General investing	-	-	100%	100%	1
MTK	MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Research, manufacturing and sales	100%	100%	-	-	2
MTK	Ralink Technology Corp.	Research, manufacturing and sales	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Hsu-Ta Investment	Core Tech Resources	General investing	100%	100%	34%	34%	1
Corp.	Inc.						
Hsu-Chia Investment Limited	Core Tech Resources Inc.	General investing	-	-	33%	33%	1
Hsu-Kang Investment Limited	Core Tech Resources Inc.	General investing	-	-	33%	33%	1
MediaTek Investment Corp.	MediaTek Capital Corp.	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek Investment Corp.	Gaintech Co. Limited	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Ralink Technology Corp.	Ralink Technology (Singapore) Corp. Pte. Ltd.	General investing	-	-	100%	100%	3
Ralink Technology Corp.	T-Rich Technology (Cayman) Corp.	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Ralink Technology Corp.	MediaTek USA Inc.	Research	11%	11%	11%	11%	-
T-Rich Technology (Cayman) Corp.	T-Rich Technology Corp.	Research, manufacturing and sales	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd.	MTK Wireless L.L.C. (Dubai)	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd. (To be continued)	MTK Wireless Limited (UK)	Research	-	-	100%	100%	4

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(Continued)

				Percentage of	Ownership		
Investor	Subsidiary	Business nature	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2012	January 1, 2012	Note
MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd.	MediaTek Wireless Limited (Ireland)	Research	-	-	100%	100%	5
MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd.	MediaTek Denmark Aps	Research	-	-	100%	100%	4
MediaTek Capital Corp.	RollTech Technology, Co. Ltd.	Software development	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek Capital Corp.	E-vehicle Semiconductor Technology Co. Ltd.	Research, manufacturing and sales	72%	69%	69%	69%	-
Core Tech Resources Inc.	MediaTek India Technology Pvt. Ltd.	Research	0%	0%	0%	0%	-
Gaintech Co. Limited	MediaTek China Limited	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Gaintech Co. Limited	MTK Wireless Limited (UK)	Research	100%	100%	-	-	4
Gaintech Co. Limited	MediaTek Denmark Aps	Research	100%	100%	-	-	4
Gaintech Co. Limited	MediaTek Japan Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	_
Gaintech Co. Limited	MediaTek India Technology Pvt. Ltd.	Research	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Gaintech Co. Limited	MediaTek Korea Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Gaintech Co. Limited	Vogins Technology Co., Ltd.	General investing	80%	80%	80%	80%	-
Gaintech Co. Limited	MediaTek USA Inc.	Research	89%	89%	89%	89%	-
Gaintech Co. Limited	Hesine Technologies International Worldwide Inc.	General investing	65%	65%	100%	100%	6
Gaintech Co. Limited	Gold Rich International (Samoa) Limited	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Gaintech Co. Limited	Smarthead Limited	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Gaintech Co. Limited	Lepower Limited	General investing	84 %	71%	71%	71%	-
Gaintech Co. Limited	Ralink Technology (Samoa) Corp.	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
(To be continued)							

(To be continued)

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(Continued)

				Percentage of	Ownership		
Investor	Subsidiary	Business nature	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,	Note
-	. ———		2013	2012	2012	2012	
Gaintech Co. Limited	Shadow Investment Limited	General investing	=	100%	100%	100%	13
Gaintech Co. Limited	MediaTek Sweden AB	Research	100%	100%	100%	-	7
Gaintech Co. Limited	MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Research, manufacturing and sales	-	-	100%	100%	2
Gaintech Co. Limited	EcoNet (Cayman) Inc.	General Investing	100%	-	-	-	14
MediaTek China Limited	MediaTek (Hefei) Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek China Limited	MediaTek (Beijing) Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek China Limited	MediaTek (Shenzhen) Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek China Limited	MediaTek (Chengdu) Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek China Limited	MediaTek (Wuhan) Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek China Limited	MediaTek (Shanghai) Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek USA Inc.	MediaTek Wireless, Inc. (USA)	Research	-	100%	100%	100%	12
MediaTek USA Inc.	Ralink Technology Corporation (USA)	Research	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Vogins Technology Co., Ltd.	Vogins Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Software development	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Hesine Technologies International Worldwide Inc.	Hesine Technologies, Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Gold Rich International (Samoa) Limited	Gold Rich International (HK) Limited	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Lepower Limited	Lepower (HK) Limited	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Lepower (HK) Limited	Lepower Technologies (Beijing) Inc.	Research, manufacturing and sales	100%	100%	100%	-	11
(To be continued)							

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(Continued)

			Percentage of Ownership				
Investor	Subsidiary	Business nature	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2012	January 1, 2012	Note
E-vehicle	E-vehicle Holding	General investing	100%	100%	-	-	8
Semiconductor	Corp.						
Technology Co.							
Ltd.							
E-vehicle Holding	E-vehicle Investment	General investing	100%	100%	-	-	9
Corp.	Limited						
E-vehicle Investment	E-vehicle	Research,	100%	100%	-	-	10
Limited	Semiconductor	manufacturing					
	(Shanghai) Co.,	and sales					
	Ltd.						
EcoNet (Cayman)	Shadow Investment	General Investing	100%	-	-	-	13
Inc.	Limited						
EcoNet (Cayman)	EcoNet (HK)	Research,	100%	-	-	-	15
Inc.	Limited	manufacturing and sales					
Shadow Investment	MediaTek (Suzhou)	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Limited	Inc.						
Shadow Investment	MediaTek (Nanjing)	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Limited	Inc.						

- 1. Hsu-Chia Investment Limited and Hsu-Kang Investment Limited were merged into Hsu-Ta Investment Limited on September 30, 2012. In addition, Hsu-Ta Investment Limited was reincorporated as a company limited by shares.
- 2. MTK acquired 100% shares of MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd. from Gaintech Co. Limited in October 2012.
- 3. Ralink Technology (Singapore) Corp. Pte. Ltd. has entered the process of liquidation since July 2012. The liquidation was complete in January 2013.
- 4. Gaintech Co. Limited acquired 100% shares of MTK Wireless Limited (UK) and MediaTek Denmark Aps from MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd. in August 2012.
- 5. MediaTek Wireless Limited (Ireland) has been liquidated in December 2012.
- 6. Gainech Co. Limited partially disposed of shares of Hesine Technologies International Worldwide Inc. in October 2012. Therefore, the percentage of ownership of Hesine Technologies International Worldwide Inc. decreased to 65%.
- 7. Gaintech Co. Limited acquired 100% shares of MediaTek Sweden AB in April 2012.
- 8. E-vehicle Semiconductor Technology Co. Ltd. established E-vehicle Holding Corp. in September 2012.
- 9. E-vehicle Holding Corp. established E-vehicle Investment Limited in September 2012.
- 10. E-vehicle Investment Limited established E-vehicle Semiconductor (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. in September 2012.
- 11. Lepower (HK) Limited established Lepower Technologies (Beijing) Inc. in February 2012.
- 12. MediaTek Wireless, Inc. (USA) had been merged into MediaTek USA Inc. in January 2013.
- 13. EcoNet (Cayman) Inc. acquired 100% shares of Shadow Investment Limited from Gaintech Co. Limited in May 2013.
- 14. Gaintech Co. Limited established EcoNet (Cayman) Inc. in April 2013.
- 15. EcoNet (Cayman) Inc. established EcoNet (HK) Limited in April 2013.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The financial statements of all of consolidated subsidiaries listed above had been reviewed by auditors.

Foreign currency transactions

The Company's consolidated financial statements are presented in NT\$, which is also the parent company's functional currency. Each entity in the Company determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Company's entities at their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency closing rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions.

All exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items are taken to profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for the following:

- A. Exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings for an acquisition of a qualifying asset to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs are included in the borrowing costs that are eligible for capitalization.
- B. Foreign currency items within the scope of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are accounted for based on the accounting policy for financial instruments.
- C. Exchange differences arising on a monetary item that forms part of a reporting entity's net investment in a foreign operation is recognized initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the net investment.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

Translation of financial statements in foreign currency

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into New Taiwan Dollars at the closing rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their income and expenses are translated at an average rate for the period. The exchange differences arising on the translation are recognized in other comprehensive income. On the disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation, recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the separate component of equity, is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the gain or loss on disposal is recognized.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

On the partial disposal of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation that does not result in a loss of control, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is re-attributed to the non-controlling interests in that foreign operation. In partial disposal of an associate or jointly controlled entity that includes a foreign operation that does not result in a loss of significant influence or joint control, only the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

Any goodwill and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and expressed in its functional currency.

Current and non-current distinction

An asset is classified as current when:

- A. The Company expects to realize the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle
- B. The Company holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading
- C. The Company expects to realize the asset within twelve months after the reporting period
- D. The asset is cash or cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when:

- A. The Company expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle
- B. The Company holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading
- C. The liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period
- D. The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities within the scope of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are recognized initially at fair value plus or minus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

A. Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

Financial assets of the Company are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale financial assets and loans and receivables. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

a. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Dividends or interests on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in profit or loss (including those received during the period of initial investment).

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- (a) it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in short term;
- (b) on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- (c) it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

If a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss; or a financial asset may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss when doing so results in more relevant information, because either:

- (a) it eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
- (b) a group of financial assets, financial liabilities or both is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the group is provided internally on that basis to the key management personnel.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

If financial assets do not have quoted prices in an active market and their fair value cannot be reliably measured, then they are classified as financial assets measured at cost on balance sheet and carried at cost net of accumulated impairment losses, if any, as at the reporting date.

b. Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale investments are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or those not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity financial assets, or loans and receivables.

Foreign exchange gains and losses and interest calculated using the effective interest method relating to monetary available-for-sale financial assets, or dividends on an available-for-sale equity instrument, are recognized in profit or loss. Subsequent measurement of available-for-sale financial assets at fair value is recognized in equity until the investment is derecognized, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

If equity instrument investments do not have quoted prices in an active market and their fair value cannot be reliably measured, then they are classified as financial assets measured at cost on balance sheet and carried at cost net of accumulated impairment losses, if any, as at the reporting date.

c. Held-to-maturity financial assets

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held-to-maturity when the Company has the positive intention and ability to hold it to maturity, other than those that are designated as available-for-sale, classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, or meet the definition of loans and receivables.

After initial measurement held-to-maturity financial assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fee or transaction costs. The effective interest method amortization is recognized in profit or loss.

d. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market other than those that the Company upon initial recognition designates as available for sale, classified as at fair value through profit or loss, or those for which the holder may not recover substantially all of its initial investment.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Loans and receivables are separately presented on the balance sheet as receivables or bond investments for which no active market exists. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fee or transaction costs. The effective interest method amortization is recognized in profit or loss.

e. Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that an individual or a group of financial asset other than the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is impaired. An individual or a group of financial asset is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more loss events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset. The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognized in profit or loss.

A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale equity instrument below its cost is considered a loss event.

Other loss events include:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor; or
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- (c) it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (d) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For held-to-maturity financial assets and loans and receivables measured at amortized cost, if there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the assets carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows. The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial assets original effective interest rate. Interest income is accrued based on the reduced carrying amount of the asset, using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Receivables together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognized in profit or loss - is removed from other comprehensive income and recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through profit or loss; increases in their fair value after impairment are recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

In the case of debt instruments classified as available-for-sale, the amount recorded for impairment is the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the amortized cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognized in profit or loss. Future interest income continues to be accrued based on the reduced carrying amount of the asset, using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. The interest income is recognized in profit or loss. If, in a subsequent year, the fair value of a debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

f. Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized when:

- (a) The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired
- (b) The Company has transferred the asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset have been transferred
- (c) The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received or receivable including any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income, is recognized in profit or loss.

B. Financial liabilities and equity

a. Classification between liabilities or equity

The Company classifies the instrument issued as a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial liability, and an equity instrument.

b. Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. The transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction that otherwise would have been avoided.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

c. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities within the scope of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities measured at amortized cost upon initial recognition.

(a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses on the subsequent measurement of liabilities held for trading including interest paid are recognized in profit or loss.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- i. it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in short term;
- ii. on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- iii. it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

If a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss; or a financial liability may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss when doing so results in more relevant information, because either:

- i. it eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
- ii. a group of financial assets, financial liabilities or both is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the group is provided internally on that basis to the key management personnel.

If the financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss do not have quoted prices in an active market and their fair value cannot be reliably measured, then they are classified as financial liabilities measured at cost on balance sheet and carried at cost as at the reporting date.

(b) Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include interest bearing loans and borrowings that are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method after initial recognition. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate method amortization process.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or transaction costs.

(c) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

C. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

D. Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets at each reporting date is determined by reference to quoted market prices, without any deduction for transaction costs.

For financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques may include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same; a discounted cash flow analysis or other valuation models.

Derivative financial instrument

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risks and interest rate risks. A derivative is classified in the balance sheet as financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (held for trading) except for derivatives that are designated effective hedging instruments which are classified as derivative financial assets or liabilities for hedging.

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges and hedges of net investments in foreign operations, which is recognized in equity.

Derivatives embedded in host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value though profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Inventories

Costs incurred in bringing each inventory to its present location and condition. Raw materials are valued at purchase cost. Finish goods and work in progress include cost of direct materials and related manufacturing overheads. Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value item by item. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories that were not sold or moved for further production were assessed allowance and set aside to reflect the potential loss from stock obsolescence.

Investments in the associate

The Company's investment in its associate is accounted for using the equity method other than those that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale. An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence.

Under the equity method, the investment in the associate is carried in the balance sheet at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Company's share of net assets of the associate. After the interest in the associate is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Company and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Company's related interest in the associate.

The financial statements of the associate are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Company.

The Company determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case the Company calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognizes the amount in the 'share of profit or loss of an associate' in the statement of comprehensive income.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Company measures and recognizes any retaining investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retaining investment and proceeds from disposal is recognized in profit or loss.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located and borrowing costs for construction in progress if the recognition criteria are met. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Company recognized such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. The carrying amount of those parts that are replaced is derecognized in accordance with the derecognition provisions of IAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment". When a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic lives of the following assets:

Buildings and facilities	3~50 years
Machinery and equipment	3~5 years
Computer and telecommunication equipment	3~5 years
Testing equipment	3~5 years
Miscellaneous equipment	2~5 years

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

<u>Leases</u>

A. The Company as a lessee

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

B. The Company as a lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in profit or loss for the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

Expenditures related to research activities as well as those expenditures not meeting the criteria for capitalization are expensed when incurred. Expenditures related to development activities meeting the criteria for capitalization are capitalized.

The Company's intangible assets mainly include trademarks, patents, software, IPs and other which are acquired from third parties or by acquired other entities. A summary of the amortization policies applied to the Company's intangible assets is as follows:

Trademarks	Patents	Software	IPs and others
2~3 years	2~7 years	2~5 years	2~10 years
Amortized on a	Amortized on a	Amortized on a	Amortized on a
straight- line basis	straight- line basis	straight- line basis	straight- line basis
over the estimated	over the estimated	over the estimated	over the estimated
useful life	useful life	useful life	useful life

The Company's intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at the end of each financial year. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in profit or loss.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset in the scope of IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's ("CGU") fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been an increase in the estimated service potential of an asset which in turn increases the recoverable amount. However, the reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

A cash generating unit, or groups of cash-generating units, to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually at the same time, irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment. If an impairment loss is to be recognized, it is first allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash generating unit (group of units), then to the other assets of the unit (group of units) pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (group of units). Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods for any reason.

An impairment loss of continuing operations or a reversal of such impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognized at cost and deducted from equity. Any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration is recognized in equity.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

A. Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- a. the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer;
- b. neither continuing managerial involvement nor effective control over the goods sold have been retained;
- c. the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- d. it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity; and
- e. the costs incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The amount of revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by entity. The Company estimates sales returns and allowance based on historical experience and other known factors at the time of sale, which reduces the operating revenue.

B. Interest income

For all financial assets measured at amortized cost (including loans and receivables and held-to-maturity financial assets) and available-for-sale financial assets, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate method and recognized in profit or loss.

C. Dividends

Revenue is recognized when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

Post-employment benefits

All regular employees of MTK and its domestic subsidiaries are entitled to a pension plan that is managed by an independently administered pension fund committee. Fund assets are deposited under the committee's name in the specific bank account and hence, not associated with MTK and its domestic subsidiaries. Therefore fund assets are not included in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Pension benefits for employees of the overseas subsidiaries and the branches are provided in accordance with the respective local regulations.

For the defined contribution plan, MTK and its domestic subsidiaries will make a monthly contribution of no less than 6% of the monthly wages of the employees subject to the plan. The Company recognizes expenses for the defined contribution plan in the period in which the contribution becomes due. Overseas subsidiaries make contribution to the plan based on the requirements of local regulations.

Post-employment benefit plan that is classified as a defined benefit plan uses the Projected Unit Credit Method to measure its obligations and costs based on actuarial assumptions. The Company recognizes all actuarial gains and losses in the period in which they occur in other comprehensive income. Actuarial gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income are recognized immediately in retained earnings. Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted and disclosed for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

Share-based payment transactions

The cost of equity-settled transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries is recognized based on the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The fair value of the equity instruments is determined by using an appropriate pricing model.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognized, together with a corresponding increase in other capital reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The income statement expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled transaction award are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognized for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognized for the award is recognized immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the entity or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

The Company elected to take the optional exemption under IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" for the liabilities and the equity instruments in shared-based payment transactions settled and vested before January 1, 2012 (the date of transition to TIFRS).

Income taxes

Income tax expense (income) is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

A. Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current income tax relating to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in profit or loss.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The 10% income tax for undistributed earnings is recognized as income tax expense in the subsequent year when the distribution proposal is approved by the shareholders' meeting.

B. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- a. Where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- b. In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- a. Where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- b. In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized accordingly.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Interim period income tax expense is estimated using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings, that is, calculated by the pre-tax income of the interim period multiply by the estimated average annual effective income tax rate.

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are measured at acquisition date fair value. For each business combination, the acquirer measures any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are accounted for as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and are classified under administrative expenses.

When the Company acquires a business, it assesses the assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at the acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability, will be recognized in accordance with IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. However, if the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it should not be remeasured until it is finally settled within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured as the amount of the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the non-controlling interest over the net fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If this aggregate is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is recognized in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is so allocated represents the lowest level within the Company at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purpose and is not larger than an operating segment before aggregation.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

5. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements require management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. The judgments and estimates made by the Company are based on historical experience and other related factors and continuously being evaluated and adjusted. Please refer to below description:

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

A. Fair value of financial instruments

Where the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using valuation techniques including the income approach (for example the discounted cash flows model) or market approach. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of the financial instruments. Please refer to Note 12 for more details.

B. Valuation of inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the Company uses judgment and estimate to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the end of each reporting period.

Due to the rapid technological changes, the Company estimates the net realizable value of inventory for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions of future demand within a specific time horizon.

C. Income tax

Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable income. Given the wide range of international business relationships and the long-term nature and complexity of existing contractual agreements, differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could cause future adjustments to tax income and expense already recorded. The Company establishes provisions, based on reasonable estimates, for possible consequences of audits by the tax authorities of the respective countries in which it operates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience of previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority. Such differences of interpretation may arise on a wide variety of issues depending on the conditions prevailing in the respective company's domicile.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all carryforward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available or there are sufficient taxable temporary differences against which the unused tax losses, unused tax credits or deductible temporary differences can be utilized. The amount of deferred tax assets determined to be recognized is based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits and taxable temporary differences together with future tax planning strategies.

6. Contents of Significant Accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
2013	2012	2012	2012
\$1,345	\$1,010	\$1,378	\$2,020
9,281,702	9,763,010	11,130,437	11,069,943
97,711,967	76,103,190	83,928,896	74,749,475
230,067	-	-	-
\$107,225,081	\$85,867,210	\$95,060,711	\$85,821,438
	\$1,345 9,281,702 97,711,967 230,067	2013 2012 \$1,345 \$1,010 9,281,702 9,763,010 97,711,967 76,103,190 230,067 -	2013 2012 2012 \$1,345 \$1,010 \$1,378 9,281,702 9,763,010 11,130,437 97,711,967 76,103,190 83,928,896 230,067 - -

Time deposits include deposits whose maturities are under twelve months and are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with values subject to an insignificant risk of changes.

Cash and cash equivalents were not pledged.

(2) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss:

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
_	2013	2012	2012	2012
Current				
Convertible bonds	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$103,510
Credit-linked deposits	572,280	281,259	231,450	-
Interest rate-linked deposits	270,836	348,409	357,365	1,513,840
Exchange rate-linked deposits	866,375	-	385,928	-
Index-linked deposits	294,646		_	-
Subtotal	2,004,137	629,668	974,743	1,617,350
Noncurrent				
Bonds	325,605	-	120,003	119,000
Credit-linked deposits	581,104	546,508	550,464	514,412
Interest rate-linked deposits	274,523	526,468	529,616	878,944
Exchange rate-linked deposits	424,969	411,529	238,698	226,981
Subtotal	1,606,201	1,484,505	1,438,781	1,739,337
Total	\$3,610,338	\$2,114,173	\$2,413,524	\$3,356,687
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MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Current assets				
Forward exchange contracts	\$7,189	\$244	\$1,573	\$66
Current liabilities				
Forward exchange contracts	\$8,621	\$2,638	\$3,981	\$-

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were not pledged.

(3) Available-for-sale financial assets

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
_	2013	2012	2012	2012
Current				
Funds	\$1,769,997	\$2,567,128	\$2,402,975	\$2,371,197
Bonds	86,062	81,990	78,450	117,721
Depositary receipts	28,666	20,808	32,292	56,436
Common shares	1,262,571	1,309,087	943,040	
Subtotal	3,147,296	3,979,013	3,456,757	2,545,354
Noncurrent				
Funds	2,693,393	2,475,193	2,306,658	2,021,006
Bonds	1,592,332	731,702	735,356	789,662
Subtotal	4,285,725	3,206,895	3,042,014	2,810,668
Total	\$7,433,021	\$7,185,908	\$6,498,771	\$5,356,022

Available-for-sale financial assets were not pledged.

(4) Financial assets measured at cost

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Available-for-sale financial				
assets-noncurrent				
Non-publicly traded stocks	\$743,275	\$869,371	\$1,368,769	\$1,166,627
Capital	1,082,204	1,213,743	1,175,282	850,986
Total	\$1,825,479	\$2,083,114	\$2,544,051	\$2,017,613

Financial assets measured at cost were not pledged.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(5)	Held-to-mat	urity fina	ncial assets
-----	-------------	------------	--------------

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Current		-		
Bonds	\$251,492	\$-	\$59,329	\$-
Structured deposits	-	-	269,100	48,126
Subtotal	251,492		328,429	48,126
Noncurrent				
Bonds	613,494	796,860	817,755	828,422
Total	\$864,986	\$796,860	\$1,146,184	\$876,548
D 1: 1:1		•		
Bond investments for which no ac	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
<u>-</u>			June 30, 2012	January 1, 2012
<u>Current</u>	June 30,	December 31,	ŕ	•
<u>-</u>	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	2012	2012
Current Series B preferred stock	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012 \$-	\$1,000,000	2012 \$1,000,000
Current Series B preferred stock Time deposits	June 30, 2013 \$- 113,661	December 31, 2012 \$- 113,598	\$1,000,000 20,043	2012 \$1,000,000 13,112
Current Series B preferred stock Time deposits Subtotal	June 30, 2013 \$- 113,661	December 31, 2012 \$- 113,598	\$1,000,000 20,043	2012 \$1,000,000 13,112

Please refer to Note 8 for more details on bond investments for which no active market exists under pledge.

(7) Trade receivables and trade receivables from related parties

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Trade receivables	\$13,259,625	\$8,789,171	\$8,113,577	\$7,926,274
Less: allowance for doubtful debts	(84,661)	(162,859)	(254,016)	(247,826)
Less: allowance for sales returns				
and discounts	(2,785,685)	(2,041,702)	(200,189)	(318,131)
Subtotal	10,389,279	6,584,610	7,659,372	7,360,317
Trade receivables from related				
parties	-	-	-	23,567
Less: allowance for doubtful debts				
Subtotal			_	23,567
Total	\$10,389,279	\$6,584,610	\$7,659,372	\$7,383,884
·				

Trade receivables were not pledged.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Trade receivables are generally on 45-60 day terms. The movements in the provision for impairment of trade receivables and trade receivables from related parties are as follows (please refer to Note 12 for credit risk disclosure):

	Individually impaired	Collectively impaired	Total
As of January 1, 2013	\$-	\$162,859	\$162,859
Reversal for the current period	-	(79,721)	(79,721)
Exchange differences		1,523	1,523
As of June 30, 2013	\$ -	\$84,661	\$84,661
	Individually impaired	Collectively impaired	Total
As of January 1, 2012	\$-	\$247,826	\$247,826
Provision for the current period	-	8,102	8,102
T 1 11.00			
Exchange differences		(1,912)	(1,912)

Aging analysis of trade receivables and trade receivables from related parties that are past due as of the end of the reporting period but not impaired is as follows:

	_			
	Neither past due		More than	
As of	nor impaired	1 to 90 days	91 days	Total
June 30, 2013	\$9,963,858	\$420,107	\$5,314	\$10,389,279
December 31, 2012	\$6,122,853	\$461,757	\$-	\$6,584,610
June 30, 2012	\$7,294,031	\$357,752	\$7,589	\$7,659,372
January 1, 2012	\$6,339,416	\$1,044,468	\$-	\$7,383,884

The Company entered into several factoring agreements without recourse with financial institutions. According to those agreements, the Company does not take the risk of uncollectible trade receivables, but only the risk of loss due to commercial disputes. The Company did not provide any collateral, and the factoring agreements met the criteria of financial asset derecognition. The Company derecognized related trade receivables after deducting the estimated value of commercial disputes. The Company has not withdrawn cash entitled by the factoring agreements from banks as of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, June 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012. Receivables from banks due to factoring agreement were NT\$2,861,576 thousand, NT\$2,540,784 thousand, NT\$1,926,369 thousand and NT\$2,138,876 thousand, respectively.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

As of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, June 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, trade receivables derecognized were as follows:

(a) As of June 30, 2013:

		Trade receivables	Cash		
The Factor	Interest	derecognized	withdrawn	Unutilized	Credit line
(Transferee)	rate	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)
Taishin International					
Bank	-	54,026	-	54,026	149,858
BNP Paribas	-	40,286	-	40,286	100,000
HSBC	-	184	-	184	468
TC Bank	-	510		510	1,500
Total		95,006	-	95,006	251,826

(b) As of December 31, 2012:

		Trade receivables	Cash		
The Factor	Interest	derecognized	withdrawn	Unutilized	Credit line
(Transferee)	rate	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)
Taishin International					
Bank	-	71,699	-	71,699	154,869
BNP Paribas	-	15,272	-	15,272	100,000
HSBC	-	233	_	233	468
Total		87,204	-	87,204	255,337

(c) As of June 30, 2012:

		Trade receivables	Cash		
The Factor	Interest	derecognized	withdrawn	Unutilized	Credit line
(Transferee)	rate	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)
Taishin International					
Bank	-	40,685	-	40,685	136,515
BNP Paribas	-	23,739	-	23,739	80,000
HSBC	-	3		3	500
Total		64,427	-	64,427	217,015

(d) As of January 1, 2012:

		Trade receivables	Cash		
The Factor	Interest	derecognized	withdrawn	Unutilized	Credit line
(Transferee)	rate	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)
Taishin International					
Bank	-	45,717	-	45,717	129,946
BNP Paribas	-	24,896		24,896	65,000
Total		70,613	-	70,613	194,946

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(8) Inventories

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Raw materials	\$4,915	\$3,452	\$1,898	\$-
Work in progress	9,043,533	9,979,682	9,723,073	7,499,193
Finished goods	5,561,152	5,855,477	4,122,074	5,424,535
Total	14,609,600	15,838,611	13,847,045	12,923,728
Less: allowance for inventory				
valuation losses	(3,653,914)	(1,971,300)	(2,773,403)	(3,531,446)
Net amount	\$10,955,686	\$13,867,311	\$11,073,642	\$9,392,282

For the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the cost of inventories recognized in expenses amounts to NT\$18,891,225 thousand and NT\$13,882,388 thousand, including the write-down of inventories of NT\$937,380 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2013, and the reversal gain of the write-down of inventories of NT\$272,009 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2012 because of the circumstances that caused the net realizable value of inventory to be lower than its cost no longer existed.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the cost of inventories recognized in expenses amounts to NT\$32,775,283 thousand and NT\$25,243,607 thousand, including the write-down of inventories of NT\$1,668,509 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2013, and the reversal gain of the write-down of inventories of NT\$753,295 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2012 because of the circumstances that caused the net realizable value of inventory to be lower than its cost no longer existed.

No inventories were pledged.

(9) Investments accounted for using the equity method

A. The following table lists the investments accounted for using the equity method of the Company:

	June 3	0, 2013	December 31, 2012		June 3	30, 2012	January 1, 2012	
Investees	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)
MStar								
Semiconductor,								
Inc. (Cayman)	\$57,827,664	48	\$56,380,616	48	\$-	-	\$-	_
Airoha								
Technology, Inc.	239,148	32	223,709	39	222,776	39	207,792	39
Shenzhen Huiding								
Technology Co.,								
Ltd.	597,865	24	428,852	24	215,930	24	-	-
Alpha Imaging								
Technology								
Corp.	133,244	15	131,371	15	143,351	15	146,840	15
ALi Corporation	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,423,683	21
Others	339,445	-	229,361	-	234,069		202,668	_
Total	\$59,137,366		\$57,393,909	_	\$816,126		\$1,980,983	_
				-		•		-

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The carrying amount of investments in the associates for which there are published price quotations amounts to NT\$57,960,908 thousand, NT\$56,511,987 thousand, NT\$143,351 thousand and NT\$1,570,523 thousand, as of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, June 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, respectively. The fair value of these investments are NT\$55,037,124 thousand, NT\$55,533,117 thousand, NT\$132,328 thousand and NT\$2,076,422 thousand, as of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, June 30, 2012, and January 1, 2012, respectively.

The share of profit of these associates accounted for using the equity method amounts to NT\$804,166 thousand and NT\$50,014 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The share of profit of these associates accounted for using the equity method amounts to NT\$1,301,490 thousand and NT\$110,045 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The share of other comprehensive income of these associates accounted for using the equity method amounts to NT\$440,418 thousand and NT\$(878) thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The share of other comprehensive income of these associates accounted for using the equity method amounts to NT\$1,851,842 thousand and NT\$276 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The Company serves as a director of the board of directors of Alpha Imaging Technology Corp. and participates in its policy-setting processes. Therefore, the Company has significant influence over Alpha Imaging Technology Corp. even its ownership is lower than 20%.

In May 2012, the Company sold partial shares of ALi Corporation. As the Company had lost its significant influence over ALi Corportation, the Company recognized an investment disposal gain of NT\$958,957 thousand from the difference between the carrying amount of the investment at the disposal date and the aggregate amounts of the fair value of the remaining shares and the disposing proceeds of NT\$1,528,400 thousand. Moreover, the Company reclassified the remaining shares to available-for-sale financial assets-current at its fair value.

In 2012, MTK totally acquired 254,115,685 shares (48% of MStar's outstanding shares) of MStar Semiconductor, Inc. (Cayman) through a tender offer. The price of the tender offer was 1 MStar share in exchange for 0.794 share of MTK's common stock plus NT\$1 in cash. MTK aggregately issued 201,767,854 new shares and paid NT\$254,116 thousand in cash for this tender offer.

No investment in the associate was pledged.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

B. The following table illustrates summarized financial information of the Company's investment in the associates:

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Total assets	\$46,292,195	\$44,112,647	\$3,210,874	\$8,211,144
Total liabilities	\$12,952,129	\$9,624,716	\$671,302	1,240,661
	Three months	ended June 30	Six months e	nded June 30
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenue	\$8,155,767	\$1,259,547	\$16,748,993	\$1,630,255
Profit	\$954,722	\$391,336	\$2,189,943	\$401,574

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(10) Property, plant and equipment

							Construction in	
							progress and	
				Computer and			equipment	
		Buildings and	Machinery	telecommunication	Testing	Miscellaneous	awaiting	
	Land	facilities	equipment	equipment	equipment	equipment	examination	Total
Cost:								
As of January 1, 2013	\$1,273,869	\$6,789,307	\$125,761	\$2,071,672	\$3,013,052	\$1,166,230	\$2,141,493	\$16,581,384
Additions-acquired								
separately	-	195,018	2,381	150,561	111,679	15,295	550,654	1,025,588
Disposals	-	(12,824)	(1,113)	(29,657)	(33,342)	(5,082)	-	(82,018)
Transfers	-	1,847,466	(258)	-	14,406	4,388	(1,868,267)	(2,265)
Exchange differences	-	7,241	361	46,580	33,163	6,902	94,313	188,560
As of June 30, 2013	\$1,273,869	\$8,826,208	\$127,132	\$2,239,156	\$3,138,958	\$1,187,733	\$918,193	\$17,711,249
As of January 1, 2012	\$1,055,184	\$6,135,210	\$159,305	\$1,952,134	\$2,817,023	\$1,177,722	\$1,528,646	\$14,825,224
Additions-acquired								
separately	218,685	757,294	12,049	111,509	95,663	43,236	34,080	1,272,516
Additions-acquired								
through business								
combinations	_	_	-	-	71	4,606	_	4,677
Disposals	_	_	(1,928)	(13,518)	(815)	(4,850)	_	(21,111)
Transfers	-	-	- -	- -	-	- -	(5,629)	(5,629)
Exchange differences	-	(73,580)	(231)	(868)	(9,293)	(19,862)	(23,151)	(126,985)
As of June 30, 2012	\$1,273,869	\$6,818,924	\$169,195	\$2,049,257	\$2,902,649	\$1,200,852	\$1,533,946	\$15,948,692

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Land Buildings and facilities Buildings and facilities Buildings and facilities Ecompunity Ecompu								Construction in	
Depreciation and impairment					Computer and				
Land facilities equipment equipment equipment equipment equipment examination Total Depreciation and impairment: As of January 1, 2013 \$-\$\$1,591,536 \$108,287 \$1,390,119 \$2,065,704 \$693,244 \$-\$\$5,848,890 Depreciation - 103,104 4,400 191,043 213,025 97,649 - 609,221 Disposals - (6,793) (1,113) (29,415) (31,862) (4,394) - (73,577) Transfers - (117) (4) - 291 - - 170 Exchange differences - 1,725 383 33,716 20,839 17,290 - 73,953 As of June 30, 2013 \$- \$1,689,455 \$111,953 \$1,585,463 \$2,267,997 \$803,789 \$- \$6,458,657 As of January 1, 2012 \$- \$1,437,859 \$146,501 \$1,100,483 \$1,755,654 \$523,297 \$- \$4,963,794 Depreciation			Buildings and	Machinery	-	Testing	Miscellaneous		
Depreciation and impairment: As of January 1, 2013 \$-\$1,591,536 \$108,287 \$1,390,119 \$2,065,704 \$693,244 \$-\$5,848,890 Depreciation		Land	•	•		· ·		•	Total
As of January 1, 2013 \$ \$1,591,536 \$108,287 \$1,390,119 \$2,065,704 \$693,244 \$ \$ \$5,848,890 Depreciation	Depreciation and impair	ment:	· -		1 1		1 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Disposals - (6,793) (1,113) (29,415) (31,862) (4,394) - (73,577) Transfers - (117) (4) - 291 - - 170 Exchange differences - 1,725 383 33,716 20,839 17,290 - 73,953 As of June 30, 2013 \$- \$1,689,455 \$111,953 \$1,585,463 \$2,267,997 \$803,789 \$- \$6,458,657 As of January 1, 2012 \$- \$1,437,859 \$146,501 \$1,100,483 \$1,755,654 \$523,297 \$- \$4,963,794 Depreciation - 99,305 3,614 173,945 238,429 100,674 - 615,967 Disposals - - (1,418) (13,774) (885) (4,253) - (20,330) Exchange differences - (12,587) (786) (8,273) (27,588) (8,507) - (57,741) As of June 30, 2012 \$- \$1,524,577 \$147,911 \$1	•		\$1,591,536	\$108,287	\$1,390,119	\$2,065,704	\$693,244	\$-	\$5,848,890
Transfers - (117) (4) - 291 - - 170 Exchange differences - 1,725 383 33,716 20,839 17,290 - 73,953 As of June 30, 2013 \$- \$1,689,455 \$111,953 \$1,585,463 \$2,267,997 \$803,789 \$- \$6,458,657 As of January 1, 2012 \$- \$1,437,859 \$146,501 \$1,100,483 \$1,755,654 \$523,297 \$- \$4,963,794 Depreciation \$- 99,305 3,614 173,945 238,429 100,674 \$615,967 Disposals \$- \$- (1,418) (13,774) (885) (4,253) \$20,330) Exchange differences \$- (12,587) (786) (8,273) (27,588) (8,507) \$5,501,690 Net carrying amount as of: June 30, 2013 \$1,273,869 \$7,136,753 \$15,179 \$653,693 \$870,961 \$383,944 \$918,193 \$11,252,592	Depreciation	-	103,104	4,400	191,043	213,025	97,649	-	609,221
Exchange differences - 1,725 383 33,716 20,839 17,290 - 73,953 As of June 30, 2013 \$- \$1,689,455 \$111,953 \$1,585,463 \$2,267,997 \$803,789 \$- \$6,458,657 As of January 1, 2012 \$- \$1,437,859 \$146,501 \$1,100,483 \$1,755,654 \$523,297 \$- \$4,963,794 Depreciation - 99,305 3,614 173,945 238,429 100,674 - 615,967 Disposals - - (1,418) (13,774) (885) (4,253) - (20,330) Exchange differences - (12,587) (786) (8,273) (27,588) (8,507) - (57,741) As of June 30, 2012 \$- \$1,524,577 \$147,911 \$1,252,381 \$1,965,610 \$611,211 \$- \$5,501,690 Net carrying amount as of: June 30, 2013 \$1,273,869 \$7,136,753 \$15,179 \$653,693 \$870,961 \$383,944 \$918,193 \$11,252	Disposals	-	(6,793)	(1,113)	(29,415)	(31,862)	(4,394)	-	(73,577)
As of June 30, 2013 \$- \$1,689,455 \$111,953 \$1,585,463 \$2,267,997 \$803,789 \$- \$6,458,657 As of January 1, 2012 \$- \$1,437,859 \$146,501 \$1,100,483 \$1,755,654 \$523,297 \$- \$4,963,794 Depreciation - 99,305 3,614 173,945 238,429 100,674 - 615,967 Disposals (1,418) (13,774) (885) (4,253) - (20,330) Exchange differences - (12,587) (786) (8,273) (27,588) (8,507) - (57,741) As of June 30, 2012 \$- \$1,524,577 \$147,911 \$1,252,381 \$1,965,610 \$611,211 \$- \$5,501,690	Transfers	-	(117)	(4)	-	291	-	-	170
As of January 1, 2012 \$-\$1,437,859 \$146,501 \$1,100,483 \$1,755,654 \$523,297 \$-\$4,963,794 Depreciation - 99,305 3,614 173,945 238,429 100,674 - 615,967 Disposals (1,418) (13,774) (885) (4,253) - (20,330) Exchange differences - (12,587) (786) (8,273) (27,588) (8,507) - (57,741) As of June 30, 2012 \$-\$1,524,577 \$147,911 \$1,252,381 \$1,965,610 \$611,211 \$-\$5,501,690	Exchange differences		1,725	383	33,716	20,839	17,290		73,953
Depreciation - 99,305 3,614 173,945 238,429 100,674 - 615,967 Disposals - - (1,418) (13,774) (885) (4,253) - (20,330) Exchange differences - (12,587) (786) (8,273) (27,588) (8,507) - (57,741) As of June 30, 2012 \$- \$1,524,577 \$147,911 \$1,252,381 \$1,965,610 \$611,211 \$- \$5,501,690 Net carrying amount as of: June 30, 2013 \$1,273,869 \$7,136,753 \$15,179 \$653,693 \$870,961 \$383,944 \$918,193 \$11,252,592	As of June 30, 2013	\$-	\$1,689,455	\$111,953	\$1,585,463	\$2,267,997	\$803,789	\$-	\$6,458,657
Depreciation - 99,305 3,614 173,945 238,429 100,674 - 615,967 Disposals - - (1,418) (13,774) (885) (4,253) - (20,330) Exchange differences - (12,587) (786) (8,273) (27,588) (8,507) - (57,741) As of June 30, 2012 \$- \$1,524,577 \$147,911 \$1,252,381 \$1,965,610 \$611,211 \$- \$5,501,690 Net carrying amount as of: June 30, 2013 \$1,273,869 \$7,136,753 \$15,179 \$653,693 \$870,961 \$383,944 \$918,193 \$11,252,592									
Disposals - - (1,418) (13,774) (885) (4,253) - (20,330) Exchange differences - (12,587) (786) (8,273) (27,588) (8,507) - (57,741) As of June 30, 2012 \$- \$1,524,577 \$147,911 \$1,252,381 \$1,965,610 \$611,211 \$- \$5,501,690 Net carrying amount as of: June 30, 2013 \$1,273,869 \$7,136,753 \$15,179 \$653,693 \$870,961 \$383,944 \$918,193 \$11,252,592	As of January 1, 2012	\$-	\$1,437,859	\$146,501	\$1,100,483	\$1,755,654	\$523,297	\$-	\$4,963,794
Exchange differences - (12,587) (786) (8,273) (27,588) (8,507) - (57,741) As of June 30, 2012 \$- \$1,524,577 \$147,911 \$1,252,381 \$1,965,610 \$611,211 \$- \$5,501,690 Net carrying amount as of: June 30, 2013 \$1,273,869 \$7,136,753 \$15,179 \$653,693 \$870,961 \$383,944 \$918,193 \$11,252,592	Depreciation	-	99,305	3,614	173,945	238,429	100,674	-	615,967
As of June 30, 2012 \$- \$1,524,577 \$147,911 \$1,252,381 \$1,965,610 \$611,211 \$- \$5,501,690 Net carrying amount as of: June 30, 2013 \$1,273,869 \$7,136,753 \$15,179 \$653,693 \$870,961 \$383,944 \$918,193 \$11,252,592	Disposals	-	-	(1,418)	(13,774)	(885)	(4,253)	-	(20,330)
Net carrying amount as of: June 30, 2013 \$1,273,869 \$7,136,753 \$15,179 \$653,693 \$870,961 \$383,944 \$918,193 \$11,252,592	Exchange differences		(12,587)	(786)	(8,273)	(27,588)	(8,507)		(57,741)
June 30, 2013 \$1,273,869 \$7,136,753 \$15,179 \$653,693 \$870,961 \$383,944 \$918,193 \$11,252,592	As of June 30, 2012	\$-	\$1,524,577	\$147,911	\$1,252,381	\$1,965,610	\$611,211	\$-	\$5,501,690
June 30, 2013 \$1,273,869 \$7,136,753 \$15,179 \$653,693 \$870,961 \$383,944 \$918,193 \$11,252,592									
	Net carrying amount as o	of:							
December 31, 2012 \$1,273,869 \$5,197,771 \$17,474 \$681,553 \$947,348 \$472,986 \$2,141,493 \$10,732,494	June 30, 2013	\$1,273,869	\$7,136,753	\$15,179	\$653,693	\$870,961	\$383,944	\$918,193	\$11,252,592
	December 31, 2012	\$1,273,869	\$5,197,771	\$17,474	\$681,553	\$947,348	\$472,986	\$2,141,493	\$10,732,494
June 30, 2012 \$1,273,869 \$5,294,347 \$21,284 \$796,876 \$937,039 \$589,641 \$1,533,946 \$10,447,002	June 30, 2012	\$1,273,869	\$5,294,347	\$21,284	\$796,876	\$937,039	\$589,641	\$1,533,946	\$10,447,002
January 1, 2012 \$1,055,184 \$4,697,351 \$12,804 \$851,651 \$1,061,369 \$654,425 \$1,528,646 \$9,861,430	January 1, 2012	\$1,055,184	\$4,697,351	\$12,804	\$851,651	\$1,061,369	\$654,425	\$1,528,646	\$9,861,430

Property, plant and equipment were not pledged.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(11) Intangible assets

			Patents, IPs		
	Trademarks	Software	and others	Goodwill	Total
Cost:					
As of January 1, 2013	\$32,985	\$1,005,067	\$8,083,810	\$13,949,611	\$23,071,473
Addition-acquired					
separately	-	18,634	1,487	-	20,121
Transfers	-	2,265	-	-	2,265
Exchange differences	-	186	10,658	18,517	29,361
Others		(160)	(5,417)	_	(5,577)
As of June 30, 2013	\$32,985	\$1,025,992	\$8,090,538	\$13,968,128	\$23,117,643
A CI 1 2012	Ф22 200	фор а 000	Φ. (70.722	Ф12 420 207	Φ 21 0 22 410
As of January 1, 2012	\$32,300	\$892,000	\$6,670,723	\$13,428,387	\$21,023,410
Addition-acquired		70.407	074 600		1 005 177
separately	-	70,487	954,690	-	1,025,177
Additions-acquired					
through business combinations			22.627	049.903	072 420
Transfers	-	4,572	23,627 1,057	948,802	972,429 5,629
Exchange differences		(1,229)	1,037	16,690	27,188
Others	685	(285)	4,002	10,090	4,402
As of June 30, 2012	\$32,985	\$965,545	\$7,665,826	\$14,393,879	\$23,058,235
As of June 30, 2012	Ψ32,963		\$7,003,820	\$14,373,677	\$23,036,233
Amortization and impairm	nent:				
As of January 1, 2013	\$18,046	\$828,805	\$6,497,174	\$-	\$7,344,025
Amortization	7,185	70,970	212,863	-	291,018
Exchange differences	-	(231)	2,096	-	1,865
Others		(170)			(170)
As of June 30, 2013	\$25,231	\$899,374	\$6,712,133	\$-	\$7,636,738
As of January 1, 2012	\$4,852	\$612,576	\$4,255,323	\$-	\$4,872,751
Amortization	7,053	113,671	938,737	ψ-	1,059,461
Exchange differences	7,033	(163)	1,322	_	1,159
Others	_	(88)	88	_	1,137
As of June 30, 2012	\$11,905	\$725,996	\$5,195,470	<u> </u>	\$5,933,371
	1 7		1-99		
Net carrying amount as of	• •				
June 30, 2013	\$7,754	\$126,618	\$1,378,405	\$13,968,128	\$15,480,905
December 31, 2012	\$14,939	\$176,262	\$1,586,636	\$13,949,611	\$15,727,448
June 30, 2012	\$21,080	\$239,549	\$2,470,356	\$14,393,879	\$17,124,864
January 1, 2012	\$27,448	\$279,424	\$2,415,400	\$13,428,387	\$16,150,659
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MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(12) Impairment testing of goodwill

The Company's goodwill allocated to each of cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units is expected to benefit from synergies of the business combination. Key assumptions used in impairment testing are as follows:

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is determined based on the value-in-use calculated using cash flow projections discounted by the pre-tax discount rate from financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. The projected cash flows reflect the change in demand for products and services. As a result of the analysis, the Company did not identify any impairment for goodwill of NTD13,949,611 thousand.

Key assumptions used in value-in-use calculations

The calculation of value-in-use for the cash-generating unit is most sensitive to the following assumptions:

- (a) Gross margin
- (b) Discount rates
- (c) Growth rates of sales of budget period

Gross margins - Gross margins are based on the gross margins of latest fiscal year and future trend of the market.

Discount rates - Discount rates reflect the current market assessment of the risks specific to each cash generating unit (including the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted). The discount rate was estimated based on the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) for the Company, taking into account the particular situations of the Company and its operating segments. The WACC includes both the cost of liabilities and cost of equity. The cost of equity is derived from the expected returns of the Company's investors on capital, where the cost of liabilities is measured by the interest bearing loans that the Company has obligation to settle.

Growth rates of sales estimates - The growth rate of sales were estimated by historical experience. The long-term average growth rate the Company predicted were adjusted by considering the product life cycle and the macroeconomic environment.

Sensitivity to changes in assumptions

With regard to the assessment of value-in-use of the cash-generating unit, the Company believes that no reasonably possible change in any of the above key assumptions would cause the carrying value of the unit to materially exceed its recoverable amount.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(13) Short-term borrowings

	June 30, December 31,		June 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Unsecured bank loans	\$16,114,200	\$8,880,430	\$12,199,200	\$4,089,150
Interest rates	0.79~1.10%	0.49~1.10%	0.95~1.27%	1.25~1.50%
Unused lines of credits	\$17,651,760	\$9,256,098	\$4,203,200	\$5,501,900

(14) Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plan

MTK and its domestic subsidiaries adopt a defined contribution plan in accordance with the Labor Pension Act of the R.O.C. MTK and its domestic subsidiaries have made monthly contributions of 6% of each individual employee's salaries or wages to employees' pension accounts. Subsidiaries located in the People's Republic of China will contribute social welfare benefits based on a certain percentage of employees' salaries or wages to the employees' individual pension accounts. Pension benefits for employees of foreign subsidiaries are provided in accordance with the local regulations.

Pension expenses under the defined contribution plan for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 are NT\$172,936 thousand and NT\$134,383 thousand, respectively. Pension expenses under the defined contribution plan for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 are NT\$340,393 thousand and NT\$275,284 thousand, respectively.

Defined benefits plan

MTK and its domestic subsidiaries adopt a defined benefit plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act of the R.O.C. The pension benefits are disbursed based on the units of service years and the average salaries in the last month of the service year. Two units per year are awarded for the first 15 years of services while one unit per year is awarded after the completion of the 15th year. The total units shall not exceed 45 units. Under the Labor Standards Act, MTK and its domestic subsidiaries contribute an amount equivalent to 2% of the employees' total salaries and wages on a monthly basis to the pension fund deposited at the Bank of Taiwan in the name of the administered pension fund committee.

Please refer to the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 for the relevant disclosure on the Company's defined benefits plan.

Pension expenses under the defined benefits plan amount to NT\$2,712 thousand and NT\$8,321 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. Pension expenses under the defined benefits plan amount to NT\$5,357 thousand and NT\$11,866 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(15) Equity

A. Share capital

MTK's authorized capital was NT\$20,000,000 thousand, NT\$20,000,000 thousand, NT\$12,000,000 thousand, and NT\$12,000,000 thousand, divided into 2,000,000,000 shares, 2,000,000,000 shares, 1,200,000,000 shares, and 1,200,000,000 shares (including 20,000,000 shares reserved for exercise of employee stock options at each period) as of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, June 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, respectively, each at a par value of NT\$10. MTK's issued capital was NT\$13,493,939 thousand, NT\$13,493,702 thousand, NT\$11,475,751 thousand and NT\$11,475,108 thousand, divided into 1,349,393,897 shares, 1,349,370,189 shares, 1,147,575,061 shares and 1,147,510,834 shares as of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, June 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, respectively. Each share has one voting right and a right to receive dividends.

Based on the resolution of shareholders' general meeting on June 13, 2012, MTK resolved to increase authorized shares of MTK amounted to NT\$20,000,000 thousand, divided into 2,000,000,000 shares (including 20,000,000 shares reserved for exercise of employee stock options), each share at par value of NT\$10. The government approval has been successfully obtained.

The board of directors approved a tender offer to acquire shares of MStar Semiconductor, Inc. (Cayman) ("MStar") on June 22, 2012. MTK totally issued 201,767,854 new shares at par value of NT\$10 to acquire 48% shares of MStar. The government approval has been successfully obtained.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, MTK issued 28,342 new shares at par value of NT\$10 for the employee stock options exercised. Furthermore, 14,859 shares (NT\$149 thousand in the amount) were not yet registered and therefore were classified as capital collected in advance.

B. Capital surplus

1 1	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2012	January 1, 2012
Additional paid-in capital	\$66,573,405	\$78,042,994	\$23,161,974	\$23,161,573
Treasury share transactions	1,011,446	1,011,446	941,301	941,301
From differences between				
equity purchase price and				
carrying amount arising				
from acquisition or				
disposal of subsidiaries	151,548	151,548	-	-
Donated assets	1,260	1,260	1,260	1,260
From share of changes in				
net assets of associates	36,924	36,634	3,577	2,719
Employee stock options	364,694	326,043	293,517	276,382
Others	112,358	102,573	105,246	105,174
Total	\$68,251,635	\$79,672,498	\$24,506,875	\$24,488,409

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

According to the Company Law, the capital surplus shall not be used except for offset the deficit of the company. When a company incurs no loss, it may distribute the capital surplus generated from the excess of the issuance price over the par value of share capital (including the shares issued for mergers and the surplus from treasury shares transactions) and donations. The distribution could be made in cash or in the form of dividend shares to its shareholders in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of them.

C. Treasury shares

As of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, June 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, MTK did not hold the treasury shares.

As of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, June 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, MTK's shares held by the subsidiary, MediaTek Capital Corp., were NT\$55,970 thousand, and the number of MTK's shares held were 7,794,085 shares. These shares held by MediaTek Capital Corp. were acquired for the purpose of financing before the amendment of the Company Act on November 12, 2001.

D. Retained earnings and dividend policy

According to the MTK's Articles of Incorporation, current year's earnings, if any, shall be distributed in the following order:

- a. Income tax obligation;
- b. Offsetting accumulated deficits, if any;
- c. Legal reserve at 10% of net income after tax; where such legal reserve amounts to the total authorized capital, this provision shall not apply.
- d. Special reserve in compliance with the Company Law or the Securities and Exchange Law;
- e. Remuneration for directors and supervisors to a maximum of 0.5% of the remaining current year's earnings after deducting item (a) through (d). Remuneration for directors and supervisors' services is limited to cash payments.
- f. The remaining after all above appropriations and distributions, combining with undistributed earnings from prior years, shall be fully for shareholders' dividends and employees' bonuses and may be retained or distributed proportionally. The portion of employees' bonuses may not be less than 1% of total earnings resolved to distribute for shareholders' dividends and employees' bonuses. Employees' bonuses may be distributed in the form of shares or cash, or a combination of both. Employees' of MTK's subsidiaries, meeting certain requirements determined by the board of directors, are also eligible for the employees' stock bonuses.

Shareholders' dividends may be distributed in the form of shares or cash, or a combination of both, and cash dividends to be distributed may not be less than 10% of total dividends to be distributed.

According to the Company Law, MTK needs to set aside amount to legal reserve unless where such legal reserve amounts to the total authorized capital. The legal reserve can be used to offset the deficit of MTK. When MTK incurs no loss, it may distribute the portion of legal reserve which exceeds 25% of the paid-in capital by issuing new shares or by cash in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of the shareholders.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Pursuant to existing regulations, MTK is required to set aside additional special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of the other components of shareholders' equity. For any subsequent reversal of other net deductions from shareholders' equity, the amount reversed may be distributed.

Following the adoption of TIFRS, the FSC on April 6, 2012 issued Order No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Corporate-1010012865, which sets out the following provisions for compliance:

On a public company's first-time adoption of the TIFRS, for any unrealized revaluation gains and cumulative translation adjustments (gains) recorded to shareholders' equity that the company elects to transfer to retained earnings by application of the exemption under IFRS 1, the company shall set aside an equal amount of special reserve. Following a company's adoption of the TIFRS for the preparation of its financial reports, when distributing distributable earnings, it shall set aside to special reserve, from the profit/loss of the current period and the undistributed earnings from the previous period, the special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of the other components of shareholders' equity for the current fiscal year, provided that if the company has already set aside special reserve according to the requirements in the preceding point, it shall set aside supplemental special reserve based on the difference between the amount already set aside and other net deductions from shareholders' equity, the amount reversed may be distributed.

As of January 1, 2013, special reserve set aside for the first-time adoption of TIFRS amounts to nil.

During the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the amounts of the employees' bonuses were estimated to be NT\$590,327 thousand and NT\$713,171 thousand, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the amounts of remunerations to directors and supervisors were estimated to be NT\$14,805 thousand and NT\$7,377 thousand, respectively. The employees' bonuses were estimated based on a specific rate of net income for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 (excluding the impact of employees' bonuses) while the remunerations to directors and supervisors were estimated based on MTK's Articles of Incorporation. Estimated amount of employees' bonuses and remunerations paid to directors and supervisors were charged to current income. If the resolution of shareholders' general meeting modifies the estimates significantly in the subsequent year, MTK shall recognize the change as an adjustment to income of next year. If stock bonuses are resolved for distribution to employees, the number of shares distributed is determined by dividing the amount of bonuses by the closing price (after considering the effect of cash and stock dividends) of shares on the day preceding the shareholders' meeting.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The appropriations of earnings for 2012 and 2011 were resolved by the board of directors' meeting on May 10, 2013 and March 21, 2012, while the appropriations of earnings for 2012 and 2011 were resolved by the shareholders' general meeting on June 21, 2013 and June 13, 2012. The amounts resolved in the shareholders' general meeting were consistent with those determined by the board of directors. The details of the distribution are as follows:

	Appropriation of earnings		Dividend pe	r share (NT\$)
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Legal reserve	\$1,568,753	\$1,362,307	\$-	\$-
Special reserve (reversal)	2,862,113	(1,987,909)	\$-	\$-
Cash dividends-common stock	674,690	10,328,124	\$0.50	\$9.00
Directors' and supervisors'				
remunerations	28,141	28,497	\$-	\$-
Employees' bonuses-cash	895,875	1,714,243	\$-	\$-
Total	\$6,029,572	\$11,445,362		

On May 10, 2013, the board of directors resolved a cash distribution of NT\$9 per share (NT\$12,144,424 thousand in the amount), among which NT\$8.5 per share (NT\$11,469,734 thousand in the amount) is from capital surplus while the remaining is from earnings. The cash distribution was approved by the shareholders' meeting on June 21, 2013.

The difference between the resolution of the shareholders' general meeting and the estimated expense of the directors' and supervisors' remuneration and the employees' bonuses for 2012 are as follows:

	The amount			Difference
	resolved by the			reasons and
	shareholders'	Expense		the accounting
Appropriations	general meeting	estimated	Difference	treatment
Employees' bonuses-cash	\$895,875	\$895,875	\$-	-
Directors' and supervisors'				
remunerations	\$28,141	\$24,421	\$3,720	(Note)

Note: The difference, which was resulted from different calculation basis between the original accrual and the amount actually paid, was included in the profit or loss in 2013.

The information about employees' bonuses and directors' and supervisors' remunerations which were resolved by the board of directors' meeting and shareholders' meeting is available at the Market Observation Post System website.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

E. Other equity

1 7	Exchange differences	Unrealized gains	
	resulting from translating	from	
	the financial statements of	available-for-sale	
	foreign operations	financial assets	Total
As of January 1, 2013	\$(5,762,485)	\$579,111	\$(5,183,374)
Exchange differences resulting from			
translating the financial			
statements of foreign operations	2,030,598	-	2,030,598
Unrealized gains from			
available-for-sale financial assets	-	515,776	515,776
Unrealized gains reclassified to			
profit or loss upon disposal of			
available-for-sale financial assets	-	124,659	124,659
Share of other comprehensive			
income of associates accounted			
for using equity method	1,851,842		1,851,842
As of June 30, 2013	\$(1,880,045)	\$1,219,546	\$(660,499)
	Exchange differences	Unrealized gains	
	resulting from translating	from	
	the financial statements of	available-for-sale	
	foreign operations	financial assets	Total
As of January 1, 2012	\$(2,253,687)	\$43,192	\$(2,210,495)
Exchange differences resulting from			
translating the financial			
statements of foreign operations	(691,420)	-	(691,420)
Unrealized gains from			
available-for-sale financial assets	-	141,651	141,651
Unrealized gains reclassified to			
profit or loss upon disposal of			
available-for-sale financial assets	-	85,484	85,484
Share of other comprehensive			
income of associates accounted			
for using equity method	276	-	276
As of June 30, 2012	\$(2,944,831)	\$270,327	\$(2,674,504)
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MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

F. Non-controlling interests

	Six months ended June 30	
	2013	2012
Beginning balance	\$34,209	\$50,311
Loss attributable to non-controlling interests	(11,653)	(11,748)
Other comprehensive income, attributable to		
non-controlling interests, net of tax:		
Exchange differences resulting from translating the		
financial statements of foreign operations	2,156	1,075
Acquisition of new shares in a subsidiary not in		
proportionate to ownership interest	13,268	
Ending balance	\$37,980	\$39,638

(16) Share-based payment plans

Certain employees of the Company are entitled to share-based payment as part of their remunerations. Services are provided by the employees in return for the equity instruments granted. These plans are accounted for as equity-settled share-based payment transactions.

In December 2007, July 2009, May 2010, August 2011 and August 2012, MTK was authorized by the Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan, to issue employee stock options of 5,000,000 units, 3,000,000 units, 3,500,000 units, 3,500,000 units and 3,500,000 units, respectively, each unit eligible to subscribe for one common share. The options may be granted to qualified employees of MTK or any of its domestic or foreign subsidiaries, in which MTK's shareholding with voting rights, directly or indirectly, is more than fifty percent. The options are valid for ten years and exercisable at certain percentage subsequent to the second anniversary of the granted date. Under the terms of the plan, the options are granted at an exercise price equal to the closing price of MTK's common shares listed on the TWSE on the grant date.

Detail information relevant to the share-based payment plan is disclosed as follows:

Date of grant	Total number of	Total number of	Shares available for	Exercise price
Date of grant	options granted	options outstanding	option holders	(NTD) (Note)
2008.03.31	1,134,119	447,964	447,964	\$358.0
2008.08.28	1,640,285	721,316	721,316	344.5
2009.08.18	1,382,630	711,712	711,712	431.0
2010.08.27	1,605,757	917,350	917,350	404.8
2010.11.04	65,839	15,557	15,557	377.0
2011.08.24	2,109,871	1,700,497	1,700,497	277.4
2012.08.14	1,346,795	1,225,092	1,225,092	286.8

Note: The exercise prices have been adjusted to reflect the change of outstanding shares (i.e. the share issued for cash, the appropriations of earnings, issuance of new shares in connection with merger, or issuance of new shares to acquire shares of other companies) in accordance with the plan.

The compensation cost was recognized under the fair value method and the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model was used to estimate the fair value of options granted. Assumptions used in calculating the fair value are disclosed as follows:

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Employee Stock Option
Expected dividend yield (%)	3.07%~6.63%
Expected volatility (%)	34.41%~50.06%
Risk free interest rate (%)	0.93%~2.53%
Expected life (Years)	6.5 years

The expected life of the share options is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

The following table contains further details on the aforementioned share-based payment plan:

	Six months ended June 30				
		2013		2012	
		Weighted-average		Weighted-average	
	Options	Exercise Price per	Options	Exercise Price	
Employee Stock Option	(Unit)	Share (NTD)	(Unit)	per Share (NTD)	
Outstanding at beginning of					
period	6,045,493	\$332.7	5,198,793	\$359.6	
Granted	-	-	-	-	
Exercised	-	-	-	-	
Forfeited (Expired)	(306,005)	312.5	(169,446)	352.1	
Outstanding at end of period	5,739,488	333.8	5,029,347	359.9	
Exercisable at end of period	1,900,941		1,164,967		
Weighted-average fair value of options granted during					
the period (in NTD)	\$-		\$-		

The information on the outstanding share-based payment plan as of June 30, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

		Six months ended June 30				
			2013		2012	
		Outstand	ing stock options	Outstandin	ng stock options	
		Weighted-		Weighted-		
		average	Weighted-	average	Weighted-	
	Range of	Expected	average Exercise	Expected	average Exercise	
	Exercise Price	Remaining	Price per Share	Remaining	Price per Share	
Date of grant	(NTD)	Years	(NTD)	Years	(NTD)	
2007.12.19	\$344.5~358.0	1.50	\$349.7	2.51	\$364.8	
2009.07.27	431.0	2.63	431.0	3.63	460.6	
2010.05.10	377.0~404.8	3.67	404.3	4.67	429.3	
2011.08.09	277.4	4.67	277.4	5.67	280.0	
2012.07.20	286.8	5.63	286.8	-	-	

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

MTK issued new shares to exchange 100% shares of Ralink Technology Corp. on October 1, 2011. According to the share-swap agreement, MTK also issued its own stock options to replace Ralink's stock options. The original terms of Ralink's options remain except for the changes: a) the underlying shares have been changed to MTK's shares; and b) the number of shares each option can subscribe for has been changed according to the share exchange ratio stated in the share swap agreement.

Details of Ralink's share-based payment plan to be replaced are shown below:

	,		-	,		
		Total number	Total number of			
	Total	of options	options outstanding	Total	Shares	Exercise
Date of grant	number of	outstanding	translated by share	number of	available	price
Date of grant	options	on the shares	exchange ratio on	options	for option	(NTD)
	granted	exchange	the shares exchange	outstanding	holders	(Note)
		date	date			
2006.06.30	91,000	1,575	499	ı	1	\$14.3
2006.09.30	599,500	9,763	3,092	-	-	14.3
2006.12.31	78,000	3,936	1,247	1	1	14.3
2007.03.31	273,000	11,967	3,791	-	-	15.7
2007.06.30	150,000	32,879	10,416	-	-	15.7
2007.09.30	560,000	149,568	47,368	4,389	4,389	15.7
2007.12.30	17,000	944	299	-	-	15.7
2007.12.31	1,000,000	277,490	87,895	14,964	14,964	16.7

Note: The exercise prices have been adjusted to reflect the change of outstanding shares (i.e. the share issued for cash or the appropriations of earnings) in accordance with the plan.

The Black-Scholes Option Pricing model was used to estimate the fair value of options granted to replace Ralink's options. Assumptions used in calculating the fair value are disclosed as follows:

Employee Stock Option

	Employee Stock Option	
Expected dividend yield (%)	6.57%	
Expected volatility (%)	39.5%	
Risk free interest rate (%)	0.71%~0.86%	
Expected life (Years)	0.75 year	

The aforementioned expected option life is based on historical data of period for previously granted options and current expectations are not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The weighted-average exercise price of the options granted to replace Ralink's options is disclosed as follows:

_	Six months ended June 30						
		2013		2012			
		Weighted-average		Weighted-average			
	Options	Exercise Price per	Options	Exercise Price			
Employee Stock Option	(Unit)	Share (NTD)	(Unit)	per Share (NTD)			
Outstanding at beginning of							
period	52,483	\$16.4	144,735	\$16.3			
Granted	-	-	-	-			
Exercised	(28,342)	16.4	(74,134)	16.3			
Forfeited (Expired)	(4,788)	16.2		-			
Outstanding at end of period	19,353	16.5	70,601	16.2			
Exercisable at end of period	19,353		70,601				
Weighted-average fair value							
of options granted during							
the period (in NTD)	\$-		\$-				

The information on the outstanding share-based payment plan as of June 30, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

		Six months ended June 30					
			2013		2012		
		Outstand	ing stock options	Outstandir	ng stock options		
		Weighted-		Weighted-			
		average	Weighted-	average	Weighted-		
	Range of	Expected	average Exercise	Expected	average Exercise		
	Exercise Price	Remaining	Price per Share	Remaining	Price per Share		
Date of grant	(NTD)	Years	(NTD)	Years	(NTD)		
2007.01.29	\$15.7	-	\$15.7	0.08	\$15.7		
2007.10.30	16.7	-	16.7	0.17	16.7		

The expense recognized for employee services received for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, is shown in the following table:

	Six months	Six months ended June 30			
	2013 2012				
Total equity-settled transactions	\$38,651	\$17,135			

There have been no cancellations or modifications to any of the plans during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(17) Sales

	Three months	ended June 30	Six months ended June 30		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Sale of goods	\$37,873,897	\$25,755,490	\$65,121,420	\$47,116,989	
Less: Sales returns and discounts	(4,803,232)	(2,460,883)	(8,214,689)	(4,323,825)	
Other operating revenues	205,378	145,326	343,521	262,058	
Net sales	\$33,276,043	\$23,439,933	\$57,250,252	\$43,055,222	

(18) Summary statement of employee benefits, depreciation and amortization expenses by function for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

	Three months ended June 30						
	2013			2012			
	Operating Operating		Operating	Operating	T-4-1		
	costs	expenses	Total	costs	expenses	Total	
Employee benefits expense							
Salaries	\$48,118	\$4,110,636	\$4,158,754	\$53,426	\$3,317,917	\$3,371,343	
Labor and health insurance	\$3,051	\$155,291	\$158,342	\$3,217	\$165,832	\$169,049	
Pension	\$2,779	\$172,869	\$175,648	\$2,871	\$139,833	\$142,704	
Others	\$1,326	\$174,455	\$175,781	\$977	\$137,203	\$138,180	
Depreciation	\$697	\$309,570	\$310,267	\$717	\$307,631	\$308,348	
Amortization	\$-	\$133,181	\$133,181	\$31	\$528,072	\$528,103	

	Six months ended June 30						
	2013				2012		
	Operating Operating Taxal		Operating	Operating	Total		
	costs	expenses	Total	costs	expenses	Total	
Employee benefits expense							
Salaries	\$95,817	\$7,458,328	\$7,554,145	\$101,093	\$6,325,088	\$6,426,181	
Labor and health insurance	\$7,565	\$335,618	\$343,183	\$6,418	\$328,840	\$335,258	
Pension	\$5,564	\$340,186	\$345,750	\$5,755	\$281,395	\$287,150	
Others	\$2,337	\$302,137	\$304,474	\$2,217	\$256,021	\$258,238	
Depreciation	\$1,396	\$607,825	\$609,221	\$1,457	\$614,510	\$615,967	
Amortization	\$-	\$291,018	\$291,018	\$226	\$1,059,235	\$1,059,461	

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

borrowings

(19)	Other income				
		Three months en	nded June 30	Six months e	nded June 30
		2013	2012	2013	2012
	Rental income	\$2,404	\$2,253	\$4,889	\$4,443
	Interest income	465,504	480,361	834,349	881,942
	Dividend income	50,825	17,287	69,190	34,430
	Gain on reversal of bad debts	62,250	(10,153)	79,721	-
	Others	54,282	98,874	111,833	225,015
	Total	\$635,265	\$588,622	\$1,099,982	\$1,145,830
(20)	Other gains and losses				
` /	S	Three months en	nded June 30	Six months en	nded June 30
		2013	2012	2013	2012
	Losses on disposal of property,				
	plant and equipment	\$(550)	\$(621)	\$(948)	\$(728)
	(Losses) gains on disposal of				
	investments	(2,982)	1,057,789	(33,664)	1,060,911
	Foreign exchange gains (losses)	198,934	(68,851)	293,481	(56,862)
	Impairment losses				
	Financial assets measured at				
	cost	(242,522)	-	(351,783)	-
	Available-for-sale financial				
	assets	(97,900)	(84,998)	(97,900)	(84,998)
	(Losses) gains on financial assets				
	at fair value through profit or	(22.010)	(2.4.0.52)	(05.44.4)	22.075
	loss	(22,919)	(24,062)	(35,414)	22,875
	Gains (losses) on financial				
	liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	958	(3,483)	(8,621)	(3,981)
	Others	18,840	2,983	* * *	(273)
		·		(24,755)	
	Total	\$(148,141)	\$878,757	\$(259,604)	\$936,944
(21)	Finance costs				
		Three months en	nded June 30	Six months en	nded June 30
		2013	2012	2013	2012
	Interest expenses on short-term				

\$35,550

\$30,442

\$51,432

\$51,541

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(22) Income tax

The major components of income tax expense are as follows:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2013 2012		2013	2012
Current income tax	\$787,546	\$211,155	\$1,166,007	\$280,456
Deferred tax (income) expense	(475,132)	223,915	(685,645)	271,617
Others	114,446	130,193	132,813	111,271
Income tax expense recognized				
in profit or loss	\$426,860	\$565,263	\$613,175	\$663,344

A reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting profit multiplied by applicable tax rates is as follows:

	Six months ended June 30	
	2013	2012
Accounting profit before tax from continuing operations	\$11,065,389	\$6,810,981
Tax at the domestic rates applicable to profits in the country		
concerned	\$2,315,863	\$1,680,798
Tax effect of revenues exempt from taxation	(758,498)	(425,762)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(702,486)	(801,853)
Tax effect of deferred tax assets/liabilities	(1,398,733)	(414,176)
10% surtax on undistributed retained earnings	1,058,197	392,045
Others	98,832	232,292
Total income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	\$613,175	\$663,344

Details of MTK and domestic subsidiaries' unused tax credit are as follows:

Pursuant to the "Statute for Upgrading Industries", MTK and subsidiary - Ralink Technology Corp. are qualified as a technical service industry and is therefore entitled to an income tax exemption period for five consecutive years on the income generated from qualifying high technology activities. MTK has elected the tax exemption periods from January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2013, January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014 and January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2015. The subsidiary, Ralink Technology Corp. has elected the tax exemption periods form March 1, 2007 through February 29, 2012 and January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2016.

		Unused tax credits as of				
Laws and		June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,	Expiration
regulations	Items	2013	2012	2012	2012	year
The Statute for	Investment tax credit					
Upgrading	relates to research					
Industries	and development	\$-	\$-	\$1,872,399	\$2,448,042	2012
The Statute for	Investment tax credit					
Upgrading	relates to research					
Industries	and development	4,241,929	4,241,929	4,241,929	4,727,169	2013
		\$4,241,929	\$4,241,929	\$6,114,328	\$7,175,211	
			•	•	•	•

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Integrated	income	tax	inforn	nation
megratea	mcome	шл	mom	lation

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2012	January 1, 2012
Balance of the imputation credit account	\$1,762,432	\$1,257,643	\$1,448,979	\$1,220,357
account	\$1,702,432	\$1,237,043	\$1,440,979	\$1,220,337

The expected creditable ratio for 2012 and the actual creditable ratio for 2011 were 2.82% and 2.56%, respectively.

MTK's earnings generated in the year ended December 31, 1997 and prior years have been fully appropriated.

The assessment of income tax returns

As of June 30, 2013, the assessment of the income tax returns of MTK and its subsidiaries are as follows:

	The assessment of income tax returns	Notes
MTK	Assessed and approved up to 2010	(Note)
Subsidiary-Ralink Technology Corp.	Assessed and approved up to 2009	
Subsidiary-T-Rich Technology Corp.	Assessed and approved up to 2011	

Note: For the tax return of 2010 and 2009, the tax authorities have assessed additional taxes. The discrepancy between MTK's tax return filing and the result of tax authority's assessment was mainly due to different interpretations by applying rules. Although MTK has vigorously filed several administrative appeals to tax authorities and courts, MTK paid the amount in full.

(23) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing net profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity owners of the parent entity by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to ordinary equity owners of the parent entity by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

	Three months e	ended June 30	Six months ended June 30	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
A. Basic earnings per share				
Profit attributable to ordinary equity owners of the parent (in				
thousand NT\$)	\$6,722,963	\$3,682,422	\$10,463,867	\$6,159,385
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for basic earnings per share				
(share)	1,341,612,889	1,139,789,741	1,341,603,385	1,139,780,448
Basic earnings per share (NT\$)	\$5.01	\$3.23	\$7.80	\$5.40

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Three months e	ended June 30	Six months ended June 30	
	2013 2012		2013	2012
B. Diluted earnings per share				
Profit attributable to ordinary				
equity owners of the parent (in				
thousand NT\$)	\$6,722,963	\$3,682,422	\$10,463,867	\$6,159,385
Weighted average number of				
ordinary shares outstanding				
for basic earnings per share				
(share)	1,341,612,889	1,139,789,741	1,341,603,385	1,139,780,448
Effect of dilution:				
Employee bonuses-stock (share)	4,276,683	8,980,683	4,276,683	8,980,683
Employee stock options (share)	297,804	76,918	215,982	86,423
Weighted average number of				
ordinary shares outstanding				
after dilution (share)	1,346,187,376	1,148,847,342	1,346,096,050	1,148,847,554
Diluted earnings per share				
(NT\$)	\$4.99	\$3.20	\$7.77	\$5.36

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of completion of the financial statements.

(24) Business combinations

Acquisition of MediaTek Sweden AB

The Company's subsidiary Gaintech Co. Limited ("GCL") acquired 100% shares of Coresonic AB on April 10, 2012. Coresonic AB is a non-public company, and specializing in the Digital signal processing (DSP) architecture. The Company has acquired Coresonic AB because it significantly enlarges the range of framework and technologies products of wireless communication that can be more competitive in market for relative solution. After the merger, Coresonic AB became 100%-owned by GCL and was renamed "MediaTek Sweden AB".

The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of MediaTek Sweden AB as of the date of acquisition were:

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Fair value recognized on
	the acquisition date
	(US\$'000)
Cash and cash equivalents	3,235
Trade receivables	36
Other receivables	22
Prepayments	49
Property, plant and equipment	138
Intangible assets-IPs	15,221
	18,701
Trade payables	(74)
Other payables	(40)
Current tax liabilities	(434)
Other current liabilities	(882)
	(1,430)
Identifiable net assets	17,271
Goodwill of MediaTek Sweden AB is as follows:	
Purchase consideration	35,000
Less: identifiable net assets at fair value	(17,271)
Goodwill	17,729
Cash flows on acquisition:	
Net cash acquired with the subsidiary	3,235
Transaction costs attributable to cash paid	(35,000)
Net cash flow on acquisition	(31,765)

The goodwill of USD17,729 thousand comprises the value of expected synergies arising from the acquisition. The goodwill recognized is expected not to be deductible for income tax purposes.

MediaTek Sweden AB contributed NT\$18,162 thousand from the date of acquisition (April 10, 2012) to June 30, 2012 to net loss before tax of the Company. If the combination had taken place at the beginning of that year, revenue would have been nil and the net loss before tax for the Company would have been NT\$74,992 thousand.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(25) Changes in parent's ownership interests in subsidiaries

Changes in ownership of subsidiaries

In October 2012, Gaintech Co. Limited disposed part of shares of Hesine Technologies International Worldwide Inc. and received certain publicly quoted equity investments as the considerations. Therefore, the percentage of ownership of Hesine Technologies International Worldwide Inc. decreased to 65%. The Company did not lose control over Hesine Technologies International Worldwide Inc. under the disposal and therefore the disposal was recorded as an equity transaction. The difference of NT\$151,548 thousand between the fair value of the consideration received and the non-controlling interests was recognized directly in equity.

7. Related Party Transactions

(1) Significant transactions with related parties

A. IC testing, experimental services, and manufacturing technology services

	2013	2012	2013	2012
Other related parties	\$1,658,036	\$1,256,430	\$2,674,593	\$2,355,512
B. Rental income				
	Three months	ended June 30	Six months e	ended June 30
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Associates	\$128	\$-	\$214	\$-
Other related parties	2,275	2,189	4,551	4,379
	\$2,403	\$2,189	\$4,765	\$4,379

Three months ended June 30

Six months ended June 30

NT\$876 thousand was received from other related parties, which was accounted for as deposits received due to a lease of office space.

C. Trade receivables from related parties

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Associates	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$23,567

D. Other receivables from related parties

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Associates	\$1,524,739	\$30	\$-	\$-
Other related parties	920	766	766	327
	\$1,525,659	\$796	\$766	\$327

Other receivables from related parties are composed mainly of dividend and rent receivables as of June 30, 2013.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

E. Trade payables to related parties

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Other related parties	\$1,462,576	\$1,003,337	\$1,175,218	\$958,936

F. Key management personnel compensation

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Short-term employee benefits				
(Note)	\$101,355	\$95,166	\$141,930	\$143,627
Post-employment benefits	1,180	863	1,750	1,174
Total	\$102,535	\$96,029	\$143,680	\$144,801

Note: The Company estimated the management personnel compensation of short-term employee benefits based on the accrued bonuses and the actual proportion of earning appropriation in the past.

8. Assets Pledged as Collateral

The following table lists assets of the Company pledged as security:

	Carrying amount				
	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,	
Assets pledged for security	2013	2012	2012	2012	Purpose of pledge
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	\$6,917	\$6,917	\$6,917	\$6,917	Land lease guarantee
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	3,104	3,067	3,067	3,030	Customs clearance deposits
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	102,000	102,000	-	-	Project performance deposits
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	1,577	1,547	3,059	3,165	Credit guarantee
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	-	-	7,000	-	Pledged for L/C
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	63	67	-	-	Customs clearance deposits
Bond investments for which no active market exists-noncurrent	253	267	633	671	Customs clearance deposits
Bond investments for which no active market exists-noncurrent	126	133	-	_	Lease execution deposits
Total	\$114,040	\$113,998	\$20,676	\$13,783	

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

9. Contingencies and Off Balance Sheet Commitments

(1) Operating lease commitments-the Company as lessee

The Company has entered into commercial leases, and these leases have an average life of three to ten years with no renewal options included in the contracts. There are no restrictions placed upon the Company by entering into these leases.

Future minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	June 30, December 31,		June 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Not later than one year	\$294,539	\$311,865	\$149,987	\$141,427
Later than one year and not later				
than five years	596,802	673,326	464,585	346,365
Later than five years	243,375	284,296	313,668	249,276
Total	\$1,134,716	\$1,269,487	\$928,240	\$737,068

(2) Legal claim contingency

a. Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. ("Freescale") filed a complaint with the U.S. International Trade Commission against MTK and two other Respondents on June 8, 2011 alleging infringement of United States Patents No. 5,467,455. Freescale alleged that MTK's DTV chips infringe its patent and sought to prevent the accused products from being imported into the United States. U.S. International Trade Commission issued an Initial Determination for the above referenced matter on July 12, 2012 that found no violation of Section 337 of the Tariff Act by MTK's products, Freescale failed to establish the domestic industry element, Freescale's asserted patent claims are invalid, and MTK's products do not infringe the asserted patent claims. On September 12, 2012, the U.S. International Trade Commission issued a Notice of its affirmation of all of the findings listed above and the termination of this investigation.

Freescale also filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas against MTK and one other defendant on June 8, 2011, alleging infringement of United States Patent No. 5,467,455. Freescale alleged that MTK's DTV chips infringe its patent and sought damages and an injunction to prevent the accused products from being sold in the future.

MTK filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California against Freescale on November 3, 2011 alleging infringement of United States Patent Nos. 6,738,845, 6,088,753, 6,311,244, and 6,889,331. MTK alleged that Freescale's multimedia application processors and micro-controller products infringe the above referenced patents, and sought damages and an injunction to prevent the accused products from being sold in the future.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Freescale filed a complaint in the U.S. International Trade Commission against MTK and thirteen other Respondents on November 30, 2011 alleging infringement of United States Patent No. 5,467,455. Freescale alleged that MTK's DTV chips infringe its patent and sought to prevent the accused products from being imported into the United States. U.S. International Trade Commission issued an Initial Determination for the above referenced matter on September 28, 2012, granting MTK and other Respondents' request to terminate this investigation. On October 31, 2012, the U.S. International Trade Commission issued a Notice of its affirmation of the Initial Determination, formally terminating this investigation.

Additionally, Freescale filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas against MTK on July 6, 2012 alleging infringement of United States Patent Nos. 6,920,316, 5,825,640, 5,943,274. Freescale alleged that MTK's DTV chips infringe its patents and sought damages and an injunction to prevent the accused products from being sold in the future.

- b. MOSAID Technologies Inc. filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas against Ralink and other defendants in March 2011 alleging infringement of United States Patent Nos. 5,131,006, 5,151,920, 5,422,887, 5,706,428, 6,563,786, and 6,992,972. The operations of Ralink would not be materially affected by those patent litigations. MTK and MOSAID entered into a settlement and patent license agreement to settle and dismiss the above referenced litigations on June 30, 2013. An agreed Motion to Dismiss Ralink has been filed on July 12, 2013.
- c. Azure Networks, LLC and Tri-County Excelsior Foundation filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Taxes against Ralink and Ralink Technology Corporation (USA), along with other defendants in March 2011, alleging infringement of United States Patent No. 7,756,129. On April 6, 2012, Azure Networks, LLC and Tri-County Excelsior Foundation filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas against MTK alleging infringement of the same patent referenced above. The operation of MTK and subsidiaries Ralink and Ralink Technology Corporation (USA) would not be materially affected by those patent litigations. On May 30, 2013, the Court entered a judgment in favor of Ralink and other defendants, dismissing the earlier case subject to the plaintiffs' right to appeal. An appeal has been filed by plaintiffs on June 20, 2013. On June 10, 2013, the Court entered a judgment dismissing the later case pursuant to the parties' joint stipulation.
- d. Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas against MTK and subsidiaries MediaTek USA Inc., Ralink, and Ralink Technology Corporation (USA), along with other defendants on August 27, 2012 alleging infringement of United States Patent No. 5,487,069. The operations of MTK and subsidiaries MediaTek USA Inc., Ralink, and Ralink Technology Corporation (USA) would not be materially affected by this case.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

e. Palmchip Technology Coropration filed a complaint in the Superior Court of California in the County of Santa Clara against MTK and subsidiaries MediaTek USA Inc., Ralink and Ralink Technology Corporation (USA) on October 19, 2012, asserting claims of breach of contract. The operations of MTK and subsidiaries MediaTek USA Inc., Ralink and Ralink Technology Corporation (USA) would not be materially affected by this case.

The Company will handle these cases carefully.

(3) Tender offer of MStar Semiconductor Inc. (Cayman)

A merger agreement was approved by the special shareholders' meeting on October 12, 2012. Based on the resolution of the special shareholders' meeting, MTK expects to issue 218,581,841 new shares and pay NT\$275,292 thousand in cash to acquire the remaining 52% shares of MStar Semiconductor Inc. (Cayman) ("MStar"). The number of shares to be issued and the amount of cash to be paid were subsequently adjusted to be 221,123,877 shares and NT\$278,494 thousand, based on MTK's board resolution dated October 29, 2012. The tentative effective merger date was tentatively set on November 1, 2013, subject to approvals from the relevant legal and regulatory authorities.

10. Losses due to Major Disasters

None

11. Significant Subsequent Events

None

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

12. Others

(1) Financial instruments

A. Categories of financial instruments

Financial assets				
	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2012	January 1, 2012
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Held for trading financial assets Financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value	\$7,189	\$244	\$1,573	\$66
through profit or loss	3,610,338	2,114,173	2,413,524	3,356,687
Subtotal	3,617,527	2,114,417	2,415,097	3,356,753
Available-for-sale financial assets	7,433,021	7,185,908	6,498,771	5,356,022
Financial assets measured at cost	1,825,479	2,083,114	2,544,051	2,017,613
Held-to-maturity financial assets	864,986	796,860	1,146,184	876,548
Loans and receivables:				
Cash and cash equivalents (exclude cash on hand and				
petty cash)	107,223,736	85,866,200	95,059,333	85,819,418
Bond investments for which no active market exists Trade receivables (including	114,040	113,998	1,020,676	1,013,783
related parties)	10,389,279	6,584,610	7,659,372	7,383,884
Other receivables	5,586,088	5,076,122	2,675,681	2,961,830
Subtotal	123,313,143	97,640,930	106,415,062	97,178,915
Total	\$137,054,156		\$119,019,165	\$108,785,851
Financial liabilities				
	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2012	January 1, 2012
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: Held for trading financial				
liabilities	\$8,621	\$2,638	\$3,981	\$-
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:				
Short-term borrowings	16,114,200	8,880,430	12,199,200	4,089,150
Trade payables (including related parties)	10,873,078	9,047,400	10,280,458	9,021,903
Other payables (including related parites)	27,279,278	13,356,034	23,920,473	15,865,576
Long-term payables (including current portion)	132,528	142,766	155,480	165,743
Subtotal	54,399,084	31,426,630	46,555,611	29,142,372
Total	\$54,407,705	\$31,429,268	\$46,559,592	\$29,142,372

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

B. Fair values of financial instruments

- a. The methods and assumptions applied in determining the fair value of financial instruments: The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:
 - (a) The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties), short-term borrowings, trade payables (including related parties), other payables (including related parties) approximate their fair value due to their short maturities.
 - (b) For financial assets and liabilities traded in an active market with standard terms and conditions, their fair value is determined based on market quotation price (including listed equity securities and bonds) at the reporting date.
 - (c) The fair value of derivative financial instrument is based on market quotations. For unquoted derivatives that are not options, the fair value is determined based on discounted cash flow analysis using interest rate yield curve for the contract period. Fair value of option-based derivative financial instruments is obtained using the option pricing model.
 - (d) The fair value of other financial assets and liabilities is determined using discounted cash flow analysis, the interest rate and discount rate are selected with reference to those of similar financial instruments.
- b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost

 Other than those listed in the table below, the carrying amount of the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost approximate their fair value:

	Carrying amount as of			Fair value as of				
	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012	2013	2012	2012	2012
Financial assets								
Held-to-maturity financial								
assets								
Structure deposits	\$-	\$-	\$269,100	\$48,126	\$-	\$-	\$269,116	\$48,126
Bonds	\$864,986	\$796,860	\$877,084	\$828,422	\$885,517	\$810,845	\$875,454	\$821,049
Bond investments for which								
no active market exists								
Series B preferred stock	\$-	\$-	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$-	\$-	\$1,065,185	\$1,059,128

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

c. Assets measured at fair value

The following table contains the fair value of financial instruments after initial recognition and the details of the three levels of fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

As of June 30, 2013				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Bonds	\$325,605	\$-	\$-	\$325,605
Derivative financial instruments	-	7,189	-	7,189
Linked deposits	-	2,181,499	1,103,234	3,284,733
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Depositary receipts	28,666	-	-	28,666
Common shares	1,262,571	-	-	1,262,571
Bonds	1,490,229		188,165	1,678,394
Funds	4,463,390			4,463,390
Total	\$7,570,461	\$2,188,688	\$1,291,399	\$11,050,548
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss	¢.	¢0.731	¢.	¢0.721
Derivative financial instruments	<u>\$-</u>	\$8,621	<u>\$-</u>	\$8,621
As of December 31, 2012				
As of December 31, 2012	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:	Level 1	Level 2		Total
Financial assets at fair value through				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Derivative financial instruments	\$-	\$244	\$-	\$244
Linked deposits	_	1,796,576	317,597	2,114,173
Available-for-sale financial assets		, ,		, , ,
Depositary receipts	20,808	_	_	20,808
Common shares	1,309,087	_	_	1,309,087
Bonds	636,911	_	176,781	813,692
Funds	5,042,321	_	-	5,042,321
Total		\$1,796,820	\$494,378	\$9,300,325
(To be continued)	ψ1,000,1 <u>2</u> 1	+1,770,020	<u> </u>	
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MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(Continued)				
As of December 31, 2012				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Derivative financial instruments	\$-	\$2,638	\$-	\$2,638
As of June 30, 2012				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Bonds	\$-	\$-	\$120,003	\$120,003
Derivative financial instruments	-	1,573	-	1,573
Linked deposits	-	2,024,421	269,100	2,293,521
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Depositary receipts	32,292	-	-	32,292
Bonds	625,763	-	188,043	813,806
Funds	4,709,633	-	-	4,709,633
Common shares	943,040		-	943,040
Total	\$6,310,728	\$2,025,994	\$577,146	\$8,913,868
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Derivative financial instruments	\$-	\$3,981	\$-	\$3,981
<u>As of January 1, 2012</u>				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:		-		
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Bonds	\$103,510	\$-	\$119,000	\$222,510
Derivative financial instruments	-	66	-	66
Linked deposits	-	3,134,177	-	3,134,177
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Depositary receipts	56,436	-	-	56,436
Bonds	724,775	-	182,608	907,383
Funds	4,392,203	_	-	4,392,203
Total		\$3,134,243	\$301,608	\$8,712,775
		, ,	. , -	, ,

For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Reconciliation for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

	Financial assets at f through profit of		vailable-for-sale financial assets	
	Linked depos	sits	Bonds	Total
As of January 1, 2013	\$317,5	97	\$176,781	\$494,378
Amount recognized in profit or loss	(5,4	99)	-	(5,499)
Amount recognized in OCI		-	11,384	11,384
Acquisitions	1,123,3	60	-	1,123,360
Settlements	(332,2	224)	-	(332,224)
As of June 30, 2013	\$1,103,2	\$1,103,234		\$1,291,399
	Financial assets at through profit	or loss	Available-for-sal financial assets	
	Bonds	Linked deposits	Bonds	Total
As of January 1, 2012	\$119,000	\$-	\$182,608	\$301,608
Amount recognized in profit or loss	1,003	-	-	1,003
Amount recognized in OCI	-	-	5,435	5,435
Acquisitions		269,100	<u>-</u>	269,100
As of June 30, 2012	\$120,003	\$269,100	\$188,043	\$577,146
	-			-

Total gains (losses) recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 contain gains and losses related to bonds, funds, derivative financial instruments and linked deposits on hand as of June 30, 2013 and 2012 in the amount of NT\$(126) thousand and NT\$1,003 thousand, respectively.

C. Derivative financial instruments

The Company's derivative financial instruments held for trading were forward exchange contracts. The related information is as follows:

The Company entered into forward exchange contracts to manage its exposure to financial risk, but these contracts are not designated as hedging instruments. The table below lists the information related to forward exchange contracts:

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Contract amount				
Forward exchange contracts	Currency	('000)	Maturity		
As of June 30, 2013	TWD to USD	Sell USD151,000	July 2013		
As of December 31, 2012	TWD to USD	Sell USD69,000	January 2013		
As of June 30, 2012	TWD to USD	Sell USD32,000	July 2012		
As of June 30, 2012	TWD to KRW	Sell KRW4,581,242	August 2012		
As of January 1, 2012	TWD to USD	Sell USD14,000	January 2012		

The Company entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge foreign currency risk of net assets or net liabilities. As there will be corresponding cash inflows or outflows upon maturity and the Company has sufficient operating funds, the cash flow risk is insignificant.

(2) Financial risk management objectives

The Company's principal financial risk management objective is to manage the market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk related to its operating activities. The Company identifies, measures and manages the aforementioned risks based on the Company's policy and risk tendency.

The Company has established appropriate policies, procedures and internal controls for financial risk management. The plans for material treasury activities are reviewed by Board of Directors in accordance with relevant regulations and internal controls. The Company complies with its financial risk management policies at all times.

A. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the changes in market prices. Market prices comprise currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

In practice, it is rarely the case that a single risk variable will change independently from other risk variable, there are usually interdependencies between risk variables. However the sensitivity analysis disclosed below does not take into account the interdependencies between risk variables.

a. Foreign currency risk

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense are denominated in a different currency from the Company's functional currency) and the Company's net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The Company reviews its assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency and enters into forward exchange contracts to hedge the exposure from exchange rate fluctuations. The level of hedging depends on the foreign currency requirements from each operating unit. As the purpose of holding forward exchange contracts is to hedge exchange rate fluctuation risk, the gain or loss made on the contracts from the fluctuation in exchange rates are expected to mostly offset gains or losses made on the hedged item. Hedge accounting is not applied as they did not qualify for hedge accounting criteria. Furthermore, as net investments in foreign subsidiaries are for strategic purposes, they are not hedged by the Company.

The foreign currency sensitivity analysis of the possible change in foreign exchange rates on the Company's profit is performed on significant monetary items denominated in foreign currencies as of the end of the reporting period. The Company's foreign currency risk is mainly related to the volatility in the exchange rates for USD. The information of the sensitivity analysis is as follows:

When NTD appreciates or depreciates against USD by 1 cent, the profit for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 decreases or increases by NT\$1,975 thousand and NT\$399 thousand, while equity decreases or increases by NT\$17,485 thousand and NT\$14,847 thousand, respectively.

b. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's loans and receivables at variable interest rates, bank borrowings with fixed interest rates and variable interest rates. Moreover, the market value of the Company's investment in credit-linked deposits and interest rate-linked deposits are affected by interest rate. The market value would decrease (even lower than the principal) when the interest rate increases, and vice versa. The market values of exchange rate-linked deposits are affected by interest rates and changes in the value and volatility of the underlying. The following sensitivity analysis focuses on interest rate risk and does not take into account the interdependencies between risk variables.

The interest rate sensitivity analysis is performed on items exposed to interest rate risk as of the end of the reporting period, including investments and borrowings with variable interest rates. At the reporting date, an increase/decrease of 10 basis points of interest rate in a reporting period could cause the profit for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 to decrease/increase by NT\$3,281 thousand and NT\$2,804 thousand, respectively.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

c. Other price risk

The Company's listed and unlisted equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Company's listed equity securities are classified under available-for-sale financial assets (including financial assets measured at cost). The Company manages the equity price risk through diversification and placing limits on individual and total equity instruments. Reports on the equity portfolio are submitted to the Company's senior management on a regular basis. The Company's Board of Directors reviews and approves certain equity investments according to level of authority.

At the reporting date, a change of 1% in the price of the listed equity securities classified under available-for-sale could only impact the Company's equity, but has no effect on profit or loss. The price risk related to unlisted equity securities classified under available-for-sale is insignificant.

B. Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from operating activities (primarily for trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including bank deposits and other financial instruments.

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk management. Credit limits are established for all customers based on their financial position, rating from credit rating agencies, historical experience, prevailing economic condition and the Company's internal rating criteria etc. Certain customer's credit risk will also be managed by taking credit enhancing procedures, such as requesting for prepayment.

As of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, June 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, receivables from top ten customers represent 63.52%, 65.14%, 66.74% and 65.45% of the total trade receivables of the Company, respectively. The credit concentration risk of other accounts receivables is insignificant.

The Company's exposure to credit risk arises from potential default of the counter-party or other third-party. The level of exposure depends on several factors including concentrations of credit risk, components of credit risk, the price of contract and other receivables of financial instruments. Since the counter-party or third-party to the foregoing forward exchange contracts are all reputable financial institutions, management believes that the Company's exposure to default by those parties is minimal.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Credit risk of credit-linked deposits, interest rate-linked deposits and convertible bonds arises if the issuing banks breached the contracts or the debt issuer could not pay off the debts; the maximum exposure is the carrying value of those financial instruments. Therefore, the Company minimized the credit risk by only transacting with counter-party who is reputable, transparent and in good financial standing.

C. Liquidity risk management

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of cash and cash equivalents, highly liquid equity investments and bank borrowings. The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on the contractual undiscounted payments and contractual maturity. The payment amount includes the contractual interest. The undiscounted payment relating to borrowings with variable interest rates is extrapolated based on the estimated interest rate yield curve as of the end of the reporting period.

Non-derivative financial instruments

	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
As of June 30, 2013			
Borrowings	\$16,138,233	\$-	\$16,138,233
Trade payables (including related parties)	10,873,078	-	10,873,078
Other payables (including related parties)	27,279,278	-	27,279,278
Long-term payables	30,120	102,408	132,528
Total	\$54,320,709	\$102,408	\$54,423,117
A SD 1 21 2012			
As of December 31, 2012	ΦΩ ΩΩ2 42 ζ	ф	фо оо 2 426
Borrowings	\$8,893,436	\$-	\$8,893,436
Trade payables (including related parties)	9,047,400	-	9,047,400
Other payables	13,356,034	112 620	13,356,034
Long-term payables	29,136	113,630	142,766
Total	\$31,326,006	\$113,630	\$31,439,636
As of June 30, 2012			
Borrowings	\$12,224,439	\$-	\$12,224,439
Trade payables (including related parties)	10,280,458	· -	10,280,458
Other payables	23,920,473	-	23,920,473
Long-term payables	23,920	131,560	155,480
Total	\$46,449,290	\$131,560	\$46,580,850
<u>As of January 1, 2012</u>			
Borrowings	\$4,116,309	\$-	\$4,116,309
Trade payables (including related parties)	9,021,903	-	9,021,903
Other payables	15,865,576	-	15,865,576
Long-term payables	18,081	147,662	165,743
Total	\$29,021,869	\$147,662	\$29,169,531

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Derivative financial instruments			
	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
As of June 30, 2013			
Gross settlement			
Forward exchange contracts			
Inflow	\$387,946	\$-	\$387,946
Outflow	391,560	-	391,560
Net	(3,614)		(3,614)
Net settlement			
Forward exchange contracts	(10,310)		(10,310)
Total	\$(13,924)	\$-	\$(13,924)
	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
As of December 31, 2012			
Gross settlement			
Forward exchange contracts			
Inflow	\$1,161,790	\$-	\$1,161,790
Outflow	1,165,440		1,165,440
Net	(3,650)		(3,650)
Net settlement			
Forward exchange contracts	(468)	-	(468)
Total	\$(4,118)	\$-	\$(4,118)
	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
As of June 30, 2012			
Net settlement			
Forward exchange contracts	\$(5,053)	\$-	\$(5,053)

There were no outstanding forward exchange contracts which were included in financial liabilities as of January 1, 2012.

The table above contains the undiscounted net cash flows of derivative financial instruments.

(3) Significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

Information regarding the significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is listed below:

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

	J	une 30, 201	.3	December 31, 2012		
	Foreign		Foreign	Foreign		
	Currency	Exchange	NTD	Currency	Exchange	NTD
	(thousand)	rate	(thousand)	(thousand)	rate	(thousand)
Financial assets						
Monetary item:						
USD	\$2,672,120	30.12	\$80,484,266	\$2,185,217	\$29.136	\$63,668,506
Non-monetary it	em:					
USD	\$285,028	30.12	\$8,585,047	\$221,165	\$29.136	\$6,443,874
Financial liabilit	<u>ies</u>					
Monetary item:						
USD	\$1,011,141	30.12	\$30,455,555	\$620,047	\$29.136	\$18,065,696
	J	une 30, 201	2	J	anuary 1, 20	012
	J Foreign	une 30, 201	2	Foreign	anuary 1, 20	012
		une 30, 201 Exchange	2 NTD	•	anuary 1, 20 Exchange	NTD
	Foreign			Foreign		
Financial assets	Foreign Currency	Exchange	NTD	Foreign Currency	Exchange	NTD
Monetary item:	Foreign Currency (thousand)	Exchange rate	NTD (thousand)	Foreign Currency (thousand)	Exchange rate	NTD (thousand)
	Foreign Currency	Exchange rate	NTD	Foreign Currency (thousand)	Exchange	NTD
Monetary item:	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$2,130,087	Exchange rate	NTD (thousand)	Foreign Currency (thousand)	Exchange rate	NTD (thousand)
Monetary item: USD	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$2,130,087	Exchange rate	NTD (thousand)	Foreign Currency (thousand)	Exchange rate \$30.29	NTD (thousand)
Monetary item: USD Non-monetary it	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$2,130,087 em:	Exchange rate \$29.90	NTD (thousand) \$63,689,614	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$1,812,357	Exchange rate \$30.29	NTD (thousand) \$54,472,301
Monetary item: USD Non-monetary it USD CNY Financial liabilit	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$2,130,087 em: \$221,000 \$82,000	Exchange rate \$29.90	NTD (thousand) \$63,689,614 \$6,607,899	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$1,812,357	Exchange rate \$30.29	NTD (thousand) \$54,472,301 \$6,140,882
Monetary item: USD Non-monetary it USD CNY	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$2,130,087 em: \$221,000 \$82,000	Exchange rate \$29.90 \$29.90 \$4.71	NTD (thousand) \$63,689,614 \$6,607,899	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$1,812,357	Exchange rate \$30.29	NTD (thousand) \$54,472,301 \$6,140,882

(4) Capital management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

13. Segment Information

The major sales of the Company come from multimedia and mobile phone chips and other integrated circuit design products. The chief operating decision maker reviews the overall operating results to make decisions about resources to be allocated to and evaluates the overall performance. Therefore, the Company is aggregated into a single segment.

14. First-time Adoption of TIFRS

For all periods up to and including the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in R.O.C. (R.O.C. GAAP). The consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2013 are the first the Company has prepared in accordance with TIFRS.

Accordingly, the Company has prepared financial statements which comply with TIFRS and the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers for periods beginning January 1, 2013 as described in the accounting policies under Note 4. Furthermore the first interim financial statements prepared under TIFRS also comply with the requirements under IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards. The Company's opening balance sheet was prepared as of January 1, 2012, the Company's date of transition to TIFRS.

Please refer to the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 for the reconciliation of consolidated balance sheets as at January 1, 2012 (the date of transition to TIFRS) and December 31, 2012 and statements of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2012:

Exemptions applied in accordance with IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards"

IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" allows first-time adopters certain exemptions from the retrospective application of certain IFRS. The Company has applied the following exemptions:

(1) IFRS 3 Business Combinations has not been applied to acquisitions of subsidiaries or of interests in associates and joint ventures that occurred before January 1, 2012. By applying this exemption, immediately after the business combination, the carrying amount in accordance with R.O.C. GAAP of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in that business combination, shall be their deemed costs in accordance with TIFRS at that date. The subsequent measurement of these assets and liabilities will be in accordance with TIFRS. Under IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards", the carrying amount of goodwill in the opening balance sheet shall be its carrying amount in accordance with R.O.C. GAAP at December 31, 2011, after testing for impairment and reclassifying amounts to intangible assets that are required to be recognized. The Company has performed goodwill impairment testing as of the date of transition to TIFRS and no impairment loss has been recognized as of that date.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

- (2) The Company has recognized all cumulative actuarial gains and losses on pensions as of the date of transition to TIFRS directly in retained earnings.
- (3) The Company has elected to disclose amounts required by paragraph 120A(p) of IAS 19 prospectively from the date of transition to TIFRS.
- (4) IFRS 2 has not been applied to equity instruments in share-based payment transactions that vested before the date (January 1, 2012) of transition to TIFRS.
- (5) The Company has applied the transitional provision in IFRIC 4 and has assessed all arrangements whether include lease transaction as of January 1, 2012.
- (6) IFRIC 1 "Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities" requires specified changes in a decommissioning, restoration or similar liability to be added to or deducted from the cost of the asset to which it relates; the adjusted depreciable amount of the asset is then depreciated prospectively over its remaining useful life. The Company needs not comply with these requirements for changes in such liabilities that occurred before the date of transition to TIFRS by adopting the first-time adoption exemption.

Impacts of transitioning to TIFRS

The following tables contain reconciliation of balance sheets as of June 30, 2012 and statements of comprehensive income for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2012:

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Reconciliation of consolidated balance sheet items as of June 30, 2012

R.O.C. GAAP		Impact of transitioning to TIFRS		•		
Items	Amounts	Remeasurements	Presentation	Amounts	Items	Note
Current assets					Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$95,060,711	\$-	\$-	\$95,060,711	Cash and cash equivalents	
Financial assets at fair value through					Financial assets at fair value through	
profit or loss-current	976,316	-	-	976,316	profit or loss-current	
Available-for-sale financial assets-current	3,456,757	-	-	3,456,757	Available-for-sale financial assets-current	
Held-to-maturity financial assets-current	328,429	-	-	328,429	Held-to-maturity financial asset-current	
Bond portfolio with no active market					Bond investments for which no active	
-current	1,000,000	-	20,043	1,020,043	market exists-current	7
Accounts receivables, net	7,659,372	-	-	7,659,372	Trade receivables, net	
Other receivables	2,725,458	-	(49,777)	2,675,681	Other receivables	7
-	-	-	51,021	51,021	Current tax assets	7
Inventories, net	11,073,642	-	-	11,073,642	Inventories	
Prepayments	1,066,595	-	(1,244)	1,065,351	Prepayments	7
Other current assets	771,067	-	-	771,067	Other current assets	
Deferred income tax assets-current	175,393	-	(175,393)	-	-	6
Restricted assets-current	20,043		(20,043)		-	7
Total current assets	124,313,783		(175,393)	124,138,390	Total current assets	
Funds and investments					Non-current assets	
Financial assets at fair value through					Financial assets at fair value through	
profit or loss-noncurrent	1,438,781	_	_	1,438,781	profit or loss-noncurrent	
Available-for-sale financial					Available-for-sale financial assets -	
assets-noncurrent	3,042,014	_	-	3,042,014	noncurrent	
Held-to-maturity financial					Held-to-maturity financial asset-	
assets-noncurrent	817,755	_	-	817,755	noncurrent	
Financial assets carried at cost-					Financial assets measured at cost-	
noncurrent	2,730,310	(186,259)	-	2,544,051	noncurrent	1
					Bond investments for which no active	
-	-	-	633	633	market exists-noncurrent	7
Investments accounted for using the					Investments accounted for using the	
equity method	574,165	241,961	-	816,126	equity method	1
Total funds and investments	8,603,025	•				
Property, plant and equipment, net	10,411,148	· -	35,854	10,447,002	Property, plant and equipment	7
Intangible assets	17,241,110		(116,246)	17,124,864	Intangible assets	2
Other assets						
Refundable deposit	242,167	_	_	242,167	Refundable deposits	
Deferred charges	35,854	_	(35,854)	272,107	-	7
Deferred income tax assets-noncurrent	248,459		177,530	477,358	Deferred tax assets	3,6
-	∠ + 0, + 39	51,509	116,246	116,246	Long-term prepaid rent	3,0
Restricted assets-noncurrent	633	-	(633)	- 110,270	-	7
Other assets	3,826	(3,826)	(033)	_	_	3
Total other assets	530,939	·	177,530	37,066,997	Total noncurrent assets	3
			-			
Total assets	\$161,100,005	\$103,245	\$2,137	\$161,205,387	Total assets	

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

R.O.C. GAAP		Impact of transit	ioning to TIFRS	S TIFRS		
Items	Amounts	Remeasurements	Presentation	Amounts	Items	Notes
Current liabilities					Current liabilities	
Short-term loans	\$12,199,200	\$-	\$-	\$12,199,200	Short-term borrowings	
Financial liabilities at fair value through					Financial liabilities at fair value through	
profit or loss-current	3,981	-	-	3,981	profit or loss-current	
Accounts payables	9,105,279	-	(39)	9,105,240	Trade payables	7
Payables to related parties	1,175,218	-	-	1,175,218	Trade payables to related parties	
Income tax payable	640,629	-	-	640,629	Current tax liabilities	
Accrued expenses	13,399,956	45,990	(13,445,946)	-	-	3,7
Payables to contractors and equipment						
suppliers	71,948	-	(71,948)	-	-	7
Other payables	10,402,540	-	13,517,933	23,920,473	Other payables	7
Current portion of long-term payables	23,920	-	-	23,920	Current portion of long-term liabilities	
Other current liabilities	951,031	-	-	951,031	Other current liabilities	
Deferred income tax liabilities-current	5,160	<u> </u>	(5,160)	-	<u> </u>	6
Total current liabilities	47,978,862	45,990	(5,160)	48,019,692	Total current liabilities	
Long-term liabilities					Non-current liabilities	
Long-term payables	131,560	_	-	131,560	Long-term payables	
Other liabilities						
Accrued pension liabilities	194,021	256,183	_	450,204	Accrued pension liabilities	3
Deposits received	9,806	_	_	9,806	Deposits received	
Deferred income tax liabilities-						
noncurrent	1,040,983	26,767	7,297	1,075,047	Deferred tax liabilities	1,3,6
Other liabilities-others	69,338	-	-	69,338	Non-current liabilities-others	
Total other liabilities	1,314,148	282,950	7,297	1,735,955	Total non-current liabilities	
Total liabilities	49,424,570	328,940	2,137	49,755,647	Total liabilities	
		·	•		•	
Capital					Share capital	
Common stock	11,475,751	_	-	11,475,751	Common stock	
Capital collected in advance	193	_	-	193	Capital collected in advance	
Capital reserve	24,537,133	(30,258)	-	24,506,875	Capital surplus	1,4
Retained earnings					Retained earnings	
Legal reserve	23,072,429	_	-	23,072,429	Legal reserve	
Special reserve	2,210,312	_	-	2,210,312	Special reserve	
Undistributed earnings	52,709,726	165,290	-	52,875,016	Undistributed earnings	1,3,4
Other adjustments					Other equity	
Unrealized gain (loss) on financial					Unrealized gains from available-for-sale	
instruments	630,856	(360,529)	-	270,327	financial assets	1
					Exchange differences resulting from	
					translating the financial statements of	
Cumulative translation adjustments	(2,944,633)	(198)	-	(2,944,831)	foreign operations	1
Treasury stock	(55,970)		_	(55,970)	Treasury shares	
Total shareholders' equity attributable					Equity attributable to owners of the	
to parent company	111,635,797	(225,695)	-	111,410,102	parent	
Minority interests	39,638			39,638	Non-controlling interest	
Total shareholders' equity	111,675,435	(225,695)	-	111,449,740	Total equity	
Total liabilities and shareholders'						
equity	\$161,100,005	\$103,245	\$2,137	\$161,205,387	Total liabilities and equity	

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Reconciliation of statement of comprehensive income items for the three months ended June 30, 2012

R.O.C. GAAP		Impact of transiti	act of transitioning to TIFRS		S TIFRS	
Items	Amounts	Remeasurements	Presentation	Amounts	Items	Notes
Not color	¢22 420 022	¢	¢	¢22 420 022	Not color	
Net sales Cost of goods sold	\$23,439,933 (13,881,806)	\$- (582)	\$-	\$23,439,933	Operating costs	3
Gross profit			-		Gross profit	3
	9,558,127	(582)	-	9,337,343	-	
Operating expenses	(755.929)	(1.21.0)		(757.044)	Operating expenses	2
Selling expenses	(755,828)	(1,216)	- 27.204	(757,044)	• •	3
General and administrative expenses	(751,664)	(1,575)	27,294	(725,945)	-	3,5,7
Research and development expenses Total operating expenses	(5,279,685)	(16,784) (19,575)	(27,294)	(5,323,763)	•	3,5,7
Total operating expenses	(0,787,177)	(19,373)		(0,800,732)	Total operating expenses	
Operating income	2,770,950	(20,157)	-	2,750,793	Operating income	
Non-operating income and gains					Non-operating income and expenses	
Interest income	480,361	-	108,261	588,622	Other income	5,7
					Share of profit of associates accounted	
Gain on equity investments, net	54,361	(4,347)	-	50,014	for using the equity method	1
Gain on disposal of investments	684,307	373,481	(179,031)	878,757	Other gains and losses	1,5,7
Others	118,414	_	(118,414)	-	-	5,7
Total non-operating income and						
gains	1,337,443					
Non-operating expenses and losses						
Interest expenses	(30,442)	-	-	(30,442)	Finance costs	
Valuation loss on financial assets	(24,061)	-	24,061	-	-	5,7
Loss on disposal of property, plant						
and equipment	(621)	-	621	-	-	5,7
Foreign exchange loss, net	(68,851)	-	68,851	-	-	5,7
Impairment loss	(84,998)	-	84,998	-	-	5,7
Valuation loss on financial liabilities	(3,483)	-	3,483	-	-	5,7
Others	(7,170)		7,170		<u>.</u>	5,7
Total non-operating expenses and					Total non-operating income and	
losses	(219,626)	369,134	-	1,486,951	expenses	
Income from continuing operations						
before income tax	3,888,767	348,977	-	4,237,744	Profit before tax	
Income tax expense	(541,272)	(23,991)	-	(565,263)	Income tax expense	1,3,6
Consolidated net income	\$3,347,495	324,986	-	3,672,481	Profit	
					Exchange differences resulting from	
					translating the financial statements of	
-				580,606	foreign operations	
					Unrealized gains from available-for-sale	
-				6,353	financial assets	
					Share of other comprehensive income of	
					associates accounted for using the	
-				(878)		
-				, , ,	Income tax relating to components of	
				-	other comprehensive income	
-				586,081		
				\$4,258,562	-	
				,200,002	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Reconciliation of statement of comprehensive income items for the six months ended June 30, 2012

R.O.C. GAAP	Impact of transitioning to TIFRS					
Items	Amounts	Remeasurements	Presentation	Amounts	Items	Notes
NT 1	Ф42.055.222	ф	ф	Φ42.055.222	M 1	
Net sales	\$43,055,222	\$-	\$-	\$43,055,222		2
Cost of goods sold	(25,242,178)	(1,429)	-		Operating costs	3
Gross profit	17,813,044	(1,429)		17,811,615	Gross profit	
Operating expenses	(4.040.040)				Operating expenses	
Selling expenses	(1,343,218)	(2,747)	-	(1,345,965)	• •	3
General and administrative expenses	(1,491,906)	(3,427)	78,255	(1,417,078)	Administrative expenses	3,5,7
Research and development expenses	(10,260,585)	(40,029)	(78,255)	(10,378,869)	•	3,5,7
Total operating expenses	(13,095,709)	(46,203)	<u>-</u>	(13,141,912)	Total operating expenses	
Operating income	4,717,335	(47,632)		4,669,703	Operating income	
Non-operating income and gains					Non-operating income and expenses	
Interest income	881,942	-	263,888	1,145,830	Other income	5,7
					Share of profit of associates accounted	
Gain on equity investments, net	114,555	(4,510)	-	110,045	for using the equity method	1
Gain on disposal of investments	687,430	373,481	(123,967)	936,944	Other gains and losses	1,5,7
Valuation gain on financial assets	22,876	-	(22,876)	-	-	5,7
Others	263,888	-	(263,888)	-	-	5,7
Total non-operating income and						
gains	1,970,691					
Non-operating expenses and losses						
Interest expenses	(51,541)	-	-	(51,541)	Finance costs	
Loss on disposal of property, plant						
and equipment	(728)	_	728	-	-	5,7
Foreign exchange loss, net	(56,862)	_	56,862	-	-	5,7
Impairment loss	(84,998)	_	84,998	-	-	5,7
Valuation loss on financial liabilities	(3,981)	_	3,981	-	-	5,7
Others	(274)	_	274	-	-	5,7
Total non-operating expenses and					Total non-operating income and	
losses	(198,384)	368,971		2,141,278	expenses	
Income from continuing operations						
before income tax	6,489,642	321,339	-	6,810,981	Profit before tax	
Income tax expense	(644,024)	(19,320)	-	(663,344)	Income tax expense	1,3,6
Consolidated net income	\$5,845,618	302,019	<u> </u>	6,147,637	Profit	
					Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of	
-				(690,345)	foreign operations Unrealized gains from available-for-sale	
-				227,135	financial assets	
					Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using the	
-				276	equity method	
-					Income tax relating to components of	
-				(462,934)	other comprehensive income Other comprehensive income, net of tax	
				\$5,684,703	Total comprehensive income	

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Material adjustments to the consolidated statement of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2012

The transition from R.O.C. GAAP to TIFRS has not had a material impact on the statement of cash flows. The statement of cash flows prepared under R.O.C. GAAP was reported using the indirect method. Furthermore, cash flows from interest and dividends received and interest paid were classified as cash flows from operating activities and interest and dividends received were not disclosed separately. However, in accordance with the requirements under IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows", the interest received for the six months ended June 30, 2012, is separately disclosed in the statement of cash flows in the amount of NT\$755,226 thousand. The dividends received for the six months ended June 30, 2012, are separately disclosed in the statement of cash flows in the amount of NT\$34,430 thousand.

Apart from the aforementioned differences, there were no material differences between the statements of cash flows prepared under R.O.C. GAAP and TIFRS.

(1) Adjustment of investments accounted for using the equity method

Under the requirements of IAS 28 "Investments in Associates", the Company remeasured and reclassified financial assets carried at cost-noncurrent to investments accounted for using the equity method. Due to this change, as of June 30, 2012, the Company's financial assets measured at cost-noncurrent decreased by NT\$186,259, investments accounted for using the equity method increased by NT\$144,279 thousand, capital surplus increased by NT\$3,372 thousand, exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of foreign operations decreased by NT\$198 thousand, and retained earnings decreased by NT\$45,154 thousand. Moreover, the non-operating income and expenses of share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2012 decreased by NT\$4,465 thousand and NT\$4,447 thousand, respectively.

Under the requirements of IAS 28 "Investments in Associates", adjustments shall be made to conform the associates' accounting policies to those of the investor when the associate's financial statements are used by the investor in applying the equity method. Therefore, investments accounted for using the equity method decreased by NT\$1,627 thousand, capital surplus increased by NT\$205 thousand, and retained earnings decreased by NT\$1,832 thousand as of June 30, 2012. Additionally, the non-operating income and expenses of share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2012 increased (decreased) by NT\$118 thousand and NT\$(63) thousand, respectively.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

According to IFRSs, when the Company's equity investment increases and the significant influence is obtained, the Company shall remeasure the entire equity investment at fair value and the investment costs would be the fair value at the acquiring date. Because of the change, as of June 30, 2012, the Company's investments accounted for using the equity method and retained earnings increased by NT\$99,309 thousand and NT\$99,309 thousand, respectively. Also, the gain on disposal of investments (other gains or losses) both increased by NT\$99,309 thousand for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2012.

Under IFRSs, when the Company loses its significant influence over associates, the Company shall remeasure the remaining investment at fair value and recognize the difference between the book value of the entire investment and the fair value of the remaining investment plus the proceeds of the disposal as a gain or loss. After that, the Company shall account for the investment according to the accounting standards of financial instruments. As of June 30, 2012, this change in according principles caused the Company's retained earnings, deferred income tax liabilities-noncurrent and unrealized gains (losses) from available-for-sale financial assets to increase (decrease) by NT\$333,112 thousand, NT\$27,417 thousand and NT\$(360,529) thousand, respectively. This change also caused the Company's gains on disposal of investments (other gains or losses) and income tax expenses to increase by NT\$274,172 thousand and NT\$27,417 thousand for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively.

(2) Reclassification of land use rights to long-term prepaid rent

Land use rights was classified as intangible assets under R.O.C. GAAP. Upon transitioning to TIFRS, in accordance with the requirements of IAS 17 "Leases", land use rights were reclassified to long-term prepaid rent under non-current assets. As of June 30, 2012, land use rights reclassified to long-term prepaid rent was NT\$116,246 thousand.

(3) Employee benefits

The Company used actuarial techniques to calculate the defined benefit obligation and recognized related pension costs and accrued pension liabilities under R.O.C. GAAP. Upon transitioning to TIFRS, actuarial calculations were made in accordance with the requirements under IAS 19 "Employee Benefits". Under the requirement of IFRS 1, the Company re-performed actuarial calculation on defined benefit obligations as of January 1, and December 31, 2012, adjusted its cumulative actuarial gains and losses to zero, and recognized all unrecognized transitional net benefit obligations as of the date of transition to TIFRS. As of June 30, 2012, the Company's accrued pension liabilities increased by NT\$256,183 thousand, other assets-prepaid pension costs decreased by NT\$3,826 thousand, deferred income tax assets-noncurrent increased by NT\$43,551 thousand, deferred income tax liabilities-noncurrent decreased by NT\$650 thousand and retained earnings decreased by NT\$215,808 thousand due to this change.

Furthermore, as the Company adopts the accounting policy of recognizing all actuarial gains or losses to other comprehensive income after transitioning to TIFRS, with the effect of the aforementioned adjustments, the pension costs for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2012 increased by NT\$533 thousand and NT\$1,642 thousand, respectively, and income tax expenses decreased by NT\$90 thousand and NT\$279 thousand, respectively.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Under the requirement of IAS 19 "Employee Benefits", the Company shall recognize unused accumulating compensated absences. Therefore, accrued expenses (other payables) increased by NT\$45,990 thousand, deferred income tax assets-noncurrent increased by NT\$7,818 thousand and retained earnings decreased by NT\$38,172 thousand as of June 30, 2012. Furthermore, the operating costs and operating expenses increased by NT\$19,624 thousand and NT\$45,990 thousand, respectively, and the income tax expense decreased by NT\$3,336 thousand and NT\$7,818 thousand, respectively, for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2012.

(4) Adjustments of capital surplus-share of changes in net assets of associates for using the equity method

As of June 30, 2012, capital surplus-share of changes in net assets of associates accounted for using the equity method decreased by NT\$33,835 thousand and retained earnings increased by NT\$33,835 thousand due to incompliance with IFRSs.

(5) Reconciliations of consolidated statement of comprehensive income

Upon transitioning to TIFRS, in order to comply with the presentation of financial statements under TIFRS and the revised Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, certain items on the statement of comprehensive income have been reclassified. All other impact on the statement of comprehensive income as results of adjustments upon transitioning to TIFRS has been described in item 1-4.

(6) Income tax

Classification and valuation of deferred tax

Under the requirements of R.O.C. GAAP, the current and noncurrent deferred tax liabilities and assets of the same taxable entity should be offset against each other and presented as a net amount. However under the requirements of IAS 12 "Income Taxes", an entity shall offset deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities when the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and if the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

Under the requirements of R.O.C. GAAP, deferred tax assets or liabilities should be classified as current or non-current according to the classification of its related assets or liabilities or the expected reversal date of the temporary difference. However under the requirements of IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", deferred tax assets or liabilities are classified as non-current. Therefore as of June 30, 2012, the Company reclassified deferred tax assets to non-current assets and non-current liabilities by NT\$177,530 thousand and NT\$2,317 thousand, respectively. Moreover, as of June 30, 2012, deferred tax liabilities reclassified to non-current liabilities was NT\$5,160 thousand.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The following tables illustrate the deferred tax effects of all adjustments relating to the transitioning to TIFRS:

Income tax expense:

		Three months ended	Six months ended
	Note	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2012
Recognized in profit or loss:			
Employee benefits	3	\$(3,426)	\$(8,097)
Adjustment from investments accounted			
for using the equity method	1	27,417	27,417
	:	\$23,991	\$19,320
Deferred tax assets and liabilities:			
		June 3	0, 2012
	Note	Deferred tax assets	Deferred tax liabilities
Employee benefits	3	\$51,369	\$(650)
Adjustment from investments accounted			
for using the equity method	1	_	27,417

(7) Others

Total

Certain items in the financial statements prepared have been reclassified for comparison purposes.

\$51,369

\$26,767