MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

FOR THE NINE MONTHS THEN ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 AND 2012

English Translation of a Report Originally Issued in Chinese

Review Report of Independent Accountants

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of MediaTek Inc.

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, September 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, and consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to issue a report based on our reviews.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statements of Auditing Standards No. 36, "Review of Financial Statements" of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). A review is limited primarily to applying analytical procedures to financial data and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with the requirements of Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and International Financial Reporting Standard 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" as recognized by Financial Supervisory Commission.

Ernst & Young CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS November 4, 2013 Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

Notice to Readers

The reader is advised that these financial statements have been prepared originally in Chinese. In the event of a conflict between these financial statements and the original Chinese version or difference in interpretation between the two versions, the Chinese language financial statements shall prevail.

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the R.O.C. and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the R.O.C.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

As of September 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, September 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS	Notes	Septemb	per 30, 2013	%	December 31, 2012	%	September 30, 2012	%	January 1, 2012	%
Current assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	4, 6(1)	\$	107,616,875	45	\$ 85,867,210	41	\$ 85,145,850	40	\$ 85,821,438	58
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	4, 5, 6(2)		1,916,133	1	629,912	-	639,134	-	1,617,416	1
Available-for-sale financial assets-current	4, 5, 6(3)		3,153,172	1	3,979,013	2	4,068,994	2	2,545,354	2
Held-to-maturity financial assets-current	4, 6(5)		391,931	-	-	-	322,583	-	48,126	-
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	4, 6(6), 8		113,636	-	113,598	-	1,020,021	1	1,013,112	1
Trade receivables, net	4, 6(7)		11,059,054	5	6,584,610	3	8,216,424	4	7,360,317	5
Trade receivables from related parties, net	4, 6(7), 7		-	-	-	-	-	-	23,567	-
Other receivables	6(7), 7		4,473,886	2	5,076,122	2	4,306,010	2	2,961,830	2
Current tax assets	4, 5, 6(22)		66,708	-	59,501	-	56,461	-	65,174	-
Inventories, net	4, 5, 6(8)		12,938,160	6	13,867,311	7	12,090,971	6	9,392,282	6
Prepayments			953,692	-	1,141,023	1	1,218,136	1	689,987	1
Other current assets			609,465	-	426,062	-	522,173	-	282,585	-
Total current assets			143,292,712	60	117,744,362	56	117,606,757	56	111,821,188	76
Non-current assets										
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-noncurrent	4, 5, 6(2)		1,141,050	_	1,484,505	1	1,484,957	1	1,739,337	1
Available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent	4, 5, 6(3)		4,202,699	2	3,206,895	2	3,128,063	2	2,810,668	2
Held-to-maturity financial assets-noncurrent	4, 6(5)		491,490	_	796,860	_	802,494	_	828,422	1
Financial assets measured at cost-noncurrent	4, 6(4)		1,797,297	1	2,083,114	1	2,528,598	1	2,017,613	1
Bond investments for which no active market exists-noncurrent	4, 6(6), 8		355	_	400	_	652	_	671	_
Investments accounted for using the equity method	4, 6(9)		58,907,116	25	57,393,909	27	57,928,539	27	1,980,983	1
Property, plant and equipment	4, 6(10)		11,187,612	5	10,732,494	5	10,821,340	5	9,861,430	7
Intangible assets	4, 6(11), 6(12)		15,332,039	6	15,727,448	8	16,133,524	8	16,150,659	11
Deferred tax assets	4, 5, 6(22)		1,571,712	1	915,791	-	568,413	-	269,382	-
Refundable deposits	1, 2, 3(22)		154.038	_	206.393	_	225,804	_	265,431	_
Long-term prepaid rent			116,730	_	114,347	_	114,747	-	203,131	_
Total non-current assets			94,902,138	40	92,662,156	44	93,737,131	44	35,924,596	24
Total assets		\$	238,194,850	100	\$ 210,406,518	100	\$ 211,343,888	100	\$ 147,745,784	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

As of September 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, September 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Notes	September 30, 2013	%	December 31, 2012	%	September 30, 2012	%	January 1, 2012	%
Current liabilities						,			
Short-term borrowings	6(13)	\$ 19,760,220	8	\$ 8,880,430	4	\$ 10,504,436	4	\$ 4,089,150	3
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss-current	4, 5, 6(2)	2,853	-	2,638	-	2,063	-	-	_
Trade payables		10,552,376	4	8,044,063	4	10,844,603	5	8,062,967	5
Trade payables to related parties	7	1,967,926	1	1,003,337	1	1,209,523	1	958,936	1
Other payables	7	15,263,714	6	13,356,034	6	12,469,181	6	15,865,576	11
Current tax liabilities	4, 5, 6(22)	2,143,614	1	1,053,591	1	774,576	-	681,003	_
Other current liabilities		1,242,342	1	610,139	-	1,105,625	1	752,407	_
Current portion of long-term liabilities		37,087		29,136	-	26,408		18,081	-
Total current liabilities		50,970,132	21	32,979,368	16	36,936,415	17	30,428,120	20
Non-current liabilities									
Long-term payables		93,460	_	113,630	_	121,769	_	147,662	_
Accrued pension liabilities	4, 6(14)	561,923	_	555,754	_	452,767	_	445,079	_
Deposits received	7	47,317	_	30,233	_	18,430	_	6,176	
Deferred tax liabilities	4, 5, 6(22)	1,318,384	1	1,195,134	1	1,132,988	1	595,454	1
Non-current liabilities-others	, , , , ,	104,161	-	74,675	-	70,364	_	49,351	_
Total non-current liabilities		2,125,245	1	1,969,426	1	1,796,318	1	1,243,722	1
Total liabilities		53,095,377	22	34,948,794	17	38,732,733	18	31,671,842	21
Equity attributable to owners of the parent Share capital	6(15)								
Common stock	0(13)	13,494,088	6	13,493,702	6	13,493,623	6	11,475,108	8
Capital collected in advance		579	-	102	_	79	_	83	-
Capital surplus	6(15), 6(16)	68,376,380	29	79,672,498	38	79,466,980	38	24,488,409	16
Retained earnings	6(15)	00,570,500		77,072,470	30	77,400,700	30	24,400,407	10
Legal reserve	0(13)	24,641,182	10	23,072,429	11	23,072,429	11	21,710,122	15
Special reserve		5,072,425	2	2,210,312	1	2,210,312	2	4,198,121	3
Undistributed earnings		76,000,428	32	62,213,816	29	57,802,657	27	56,418,253	38
Other equity	6(15)	(2,472,422)	(1)	(5,183,374)	(2)	(3,410,709)	(2)	(2,210,495)	
Treasury shares	4, 6(15)	(55,970)	-	(55,970)	-	(55,970)	-	(55,970)	
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	-, -(/	185,056,690	78	175,423,515	83	172,579,401	82	116,023,631	79
Non-controlling interests	4, 6(15)	42,783		34,209	_	31,754		50,311	
Total equity		185,099,473	78	175,457,724	83	172,611,155	82	116,073,942	79
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 238,194,850	100	\$ 210,406,518	100	\$ 211,343,888	100	\$ 147,745,784	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 $\,$

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 $\,$

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except for earnings per share)

			Three Mon	ths En	ded September 30,		Nine Mon	ths End	led September 30,	
Description	Notes		2013	%	2012	%	2013	%	2012	%
Net sales	4, 6(17), 7	\$	39,007,788	100	\$ 29,470,929	100	\$ 96,258,040	100	\$ 72,526,151	100
Operating costs	4, 6(8), 6(18), 7	l	(21,867,352)	(56)	(17,320,094)	(59)	(54,642,635)	(57)	(42,563,701)	(59)
Gross profit			17,140,436	44	12,150,835	41	41,615,405	_43	29,962,450	_41
Operating expenses	6(18), 7									
Selling expenses	0(10), 7		(1,204,733)	(3)	(910,941)	(3)	(3,155,418)	(3)	(2,256,906)	(3)
Administrative expenses			(994,767)	(3)	(683,951)	(2)	(2,536,687)	(2)		(3)
Research and development expenses			(7,074,994)	(18)	(6,323,799)	(22)	(19,082,405)	(20)	(16,702,668)	(23)
Total operating expenses			(9,274,494)	(24)	(7,918,691)	(27)	(24,774,510)	(25)	(21,060,603)	(29)
Operating income			7,865,942	_20	4,232,144	_14	16,840,895	_18	8,901,847	_12
Non-operating income and expenses										
Other income	4, 6(19), 7		584,217	1	625,720	2	1,684,199	1	1,771,550	2
Other gains and losses	6(20)		(61,957)		(6,811)	_	(321,561)	-	930,133	1
Finance costs	6(21)		(37,094)	-	(32,390)	-	(88,526)	_	(83,931)	_
Share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method	4, 6(9)		683,989	2	285,269	1	1,985,479	2	395,314	1
Total non-operating income and expenses			1,169,155	3	871,788	3	3,259,591	3	3,013,066	4
D. Call 6			0.025.005	22	5 102 022	1.7	20 100 406	21	11.014.012	1.0
Profit before tax	4.5.6(22)		9,035,097	23	5,103,932 (186,522)	17	20,100,486	21	11,914,913	16
Income tax expense Profit	4, 5, 6(22)	-	(618,870) 8,416,227	<u>(1)</u> 22	4,917,410	17	(1,232,045) 18,868,441	(1) 	(849,866) 11,065,047	(1) 15
Tront		-	0,410,221		4,717,410		10,000,771		11,003,047	
Other comprehensive income	4, 6(9), 6(15)									
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial			(893,233)	(3)	(918,583)	(3)	1,139,521	1	(1,608,928)	(2)
statements of foreign operations					503,231	1		1	730,366	1
Unrealized gains from available-for-sale financial assets Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for			(47,165)	-			593,270			1
using the equity method			(867,522)	(2)	(318,506)	(1)	984,320	1	(318,230)	-
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income		-	(1.807.020)		(722.959)	- (2)			- (1.106.703)	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	(1,807,920)	(5)	(733,858)	(3)	2,717,111	3	(1,196,792)	_(1)
Total comprehensive income		\$	6,608,307	17	\$ 4,183,552	14	\$ 21,585,552		\$ 9,868,255	14
Profit for the periods attributable to :										
Owners of the parent	6(23)	\$	8,428,301		\$ 4,927,641		\$ 18,892,168		\$ 11,087,026	
Non-controlling interests	6(15)		(12,074)		(10,231)		(23,727)		(21,979)	
		\$	8,416,227		\$ 4,917,410		\$ 18,868,441		\$ 11,065,047	
Total comprehensive income for the periods attributable to :										
Owners of the parent		\$	6,616,378		\$ 4,191,436		\$ 21,603,120		\$ 9,886,812	
Non-controlling interests	6(15)		(8,071)		(7,884)		(17,568)		(18,557)	
		\$	6,608,307		\$ 4,183,552		\$ 21,585,552		\$ 9,868,255	
Basic Earnings Per Share (in New Taiwan Dollars)	6(23)									
Profit	(23)	\$	6.28		\$ 3.97		\$ 14.08		\$ 9.45	
		-	5.20							
Diluted Earnings Per Share (in New Taiwan Dollars)	6(23)									
Profit		\$	6.26		\$ 3.94		\$ 14.03		\$ 9.38	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					Equity attribut	able to owners of	the parent					
	Share o	capital			Retained earning	s	Other	equity				
Description	Common stock	Capital collected in advance	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Undistributed earnings	Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of foreign operations	Unrealized gains from available-for-sale financial assets	Treasury shares	Equity attributable to owners of the parent	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance as of January 1, 2012	\$ 11,475,108	\$ 83	\$ 24,488,409	\$ 21,710,122	\$ 4,198,121	\$ 56,418,253	\$ (2,253,687)	\$ 43,192	\$ (55,970)	\$ 116,023,631	\$ 50,311	\$ 116,073,942
Appropriation and distribution of 2011 earnings:								,				
Legal reserve	_	_	_	1,362,307	_	(1,362,307)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Special reserve	_	_	_	_	(1,987,809)		_	_	_	_	_	_
Cash dividends	_	_	_	-	-	(10,328,124)	_	-	-	(10,328,124)	-	(10,328,124)
						(- / / /				(,, .
Share-based payment transactions	836	(4)	27,570	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,402	-	28,402
Shares issued to acquire a new entity	2,017,679	-	54,880,856	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,898,535	-	56,898,535
Adjustments due to dividends that subsidiaries received from parent company	-	-	70,145	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,145	-	70,145
Profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2012	-	-	-	-	-	11,087,026	-	-	-	11,087,026	(21,979)	11,065,047
Other comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2012							(1,930,580)	730,366		(1,200,214)	3,422	(1,196,792)
Total comprehensive income						11,087,026	(1,930,580)	730,366		9,886,812	(18,557)	9,868,255
Balance as of September 30, 2012	\$ 13,493,623	\$ 79	\$ 79,466,980	\$ 23,072,429	\$ 2,210,312	\$ 57,802,657	\$ (4,184,267)	\$ 773,558	\$ (55,970)	\$ 172,579,401	\$ 31,754	\$ 172,611,155
Balance as of January 1, 2013	\$ 13,493,702	\$ 102	\$ 79,672,498	\$ 23,072,429	\$ 2,210,312	\$ 62.213.816	\$ (5,762,485)	\$ 579,111	\$ (55,970)	\$ 175,423,515	\$ 34.200	\$ 175,457,724
Appropriation and distribution of 2012 earnings:	\$ 13,493,702	\$ 102	\$ 79,072,498	\$ 23,072,429	\$ 2,210,312	\$ 02,213,810	\$ (3,702,403)	\$ 379,111	\$ (33,970)	\$ 175,425,515	\$ 34,209	\$ 173,437,724
Legal reserve				1,568,753		(1,568,753)						
Special reserve	-	_	-	1,506,755	2 862 112			-	-	-	_	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	2,862,113	(2,862,113)		-	-	(674.600)	-	-
Cash distributed from capital surplus	-	-	- (11.460.724)	-	-	(674,690)	-	-	-	(674,690)	-	(674,690)
cush distributed from capital surplus	-	-	(11,469,734)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,469,734)	-	(11,469,734)
Share-based payment transactions	386	477	69,321	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,184	-	70,184
Adjustments due to dividends that subsidiaries received from parent company	_	_	70,145	_	_	_	_	-	_	70,145	_	70,145
Change in other capital surplus	_	_	34,150	_	_	_	_	_	_	34,150	_	34,150
Change in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,142	26,142
Profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2013						10.000.150				10.000.160	(00.505)	10.040.444
Other comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2013	-	-	-	-	-	18,892,168	2,117,682	593,270	-	18,892,168 2,710,952	(23,727) 6,159	
						18,892,168		593,270				2,717,111
Total comprehensive income						10,092,108	2,117,682	393,270		21,603,120	(17,568)	21,585,552
Balance as of September 30, 2013	\$ 13,494,088	\$ 579	\$ 68,376,380	\$ 24,641,182	\$ 5,072,425	\$ 76,000,428	\$ (3,644,803)	\$ 1,172,381	\$ (55,970)	\$ 185,056,690	\$ 42,783	\$ 185,099,473

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Description	2013	2012
Cash flows from operating activities :		
Profit before tax from continuing operations	\$ 20,100,486	\$ 11,914,913
Adjustments for:		
The profit or loss items which did not affect cash flows:		
Depreciation	910,388	923,145
Amortization	418,269	2,081,472
Bad debt (reversal) provision	(48,467)	53,380
Gains on financial assets and liabilities at fair		
value through profit or loss	(10,003)	(52,271)
Interest expenses	88,526	83,931
Interest income	(1,249,972)	(1,327,835)
Dividend income	(138,764)	(123,010)
Share-based payment expenses	57,454	25,931
Share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method	(1,985,479)	(395,314)
Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,509	1,884
Losses (gains) on disposal of investments	34,408	(1,065,409)
Impairment of financial assets	449,683	173,824
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(890,211)	1,226,294
Trade receivables	(4,428,241)	(912,143)
Trade receivables from related parties	_	23,567
Other receivables	571,067	(1,221,646)
Inventories	920,134	(2,691,416)
Prepayments	187,331	(527,935)
Other current assets	(183,403)	(233,992)
Trade payables	2,492,108	2,816,133
Trade payables to related parties	948,842	276,098
Other payables	1,814,607	(3,376,853)
Other current liabilities	632,203	327,884
	(12,219)	· ·
Long-term payables		(17,697) 7,688
Accrued pension liabilities	6,169	
Non-current liabilities-others	29,486	21,013
Cash generated from operating activities		
Interest received	1,281,444	1,207,194
Dividend received	1,709,997	123,010
Interest paid	(76,239)	(76,051)
Income tax paid	(681,900)	(510,018)
Net cash provided by operating activities	22,949,213	8,755,771
Cash flows from investing activities :		
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets	(919,693)	(333,388)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	1,229,268	215,992
Acquisition of bond investment for which no active market exists	(34)	(6,890)
Acquisition of held-to-maturity financial assets	(72,063)	(322,028)
Proceeds from disposal of held-to-maturity financial assets	-	48,126
Acquisition of financial assets measured at cost	(166,545)	(978,042)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost	299	2,312
Proceeds from capital return of finacial assets measured at cost	141,847	-
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method	(69,046)	(255,583)
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method	-	1,528,400
Net cash outflows from acquisition of subsidiaries	-	(938,022)
Proceeds from capital return of equity investees	-	1,467
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(1,248,503)	(2,019,169)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	26,614	1,507
Decrease in refundable deposits	52,355	39,627
Acquisition of intangible assets	(22,661)	(1,060,953)
Increase of long-term prepaid rent	(2,383)	(114,747)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,050,545)	(4,191,391)
Cash flows from financing activities :	(1,030,343)	(4,171,371)
	10.756.070	6 512 266
Increase in short-term borrowings	10,756,970	6,543,266
Increase in deposits received	17,084	12,254
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options	12,388	1,349
Cash dividends	(12,074,279)	(10,257,979)
Increase in non-controlling interests	26,142	=
Net cash provided by financing activities	(1,261,695)	(3,701,110)
Effect of changes in exchange rate on cash and cash equivaleats	1,112,692	(1,538,858)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	21,749,665	(675,588)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	85,867,210	85,821,438
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$ 107,616,875	\$ 85,145,850

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

1. Organization and Operation

As officially approved, MediaTek Inc. ("MTK") was incorporated at Hsinchu Science-based Industrial Park on May 28, 1997. Since then, it has been specialized in the R&D, production, manufacturing and marketing of multimedia integrated circuits (ICs), computer peripherals oriented ICs, high-end consumer-oriented ICs and other ICs of extraordinary application. Meanwhile, it has rendered design, test runs, maintenance and repair and technological consultation services for software & hardware of the aforementioned products, import and export trades for the aforementioned products, sale and delegation of patents and circuit layout rights for the aforementioned products.

2. Date and Procedures of Authorization of Financial Statements for Issue

The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on November 1, 2013.

3. Newly Issued or Revised Standards and Interpretations

(1) Standards or interpretations issued, revised or amended, which are recognized by Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC"), but not yet adopted by MTK and its subsidiaries ("the Company") at the date of issuance of the Company's financial statements are listed below:

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments which is divided in three distinct phases is designed by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") to eventually replace IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" in its entirety. The first phase relates to the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities that must be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015. The IASB will work on the remaining phases relate to impairment methodology and hedge accounting. However companies adopting International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, and Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee or the former Standing Interpretations Committee as recognized by the FSC (collectively referred to as "TIFRS") may not early adopt IFRS 9. FSC will announce the local effective date for IFRS 9 in the future. Adopting the first phase of IFRS 9 will have an impact on the classification and measurement of financial assets. The impact of adopting the remaining two phases of IFRS 9 on the Company could not be determined at this stage.

(2) Standards issued by IASB but not yet recognized by FSC at the date of issuance of the Company's financial statements are listed below:

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Standards or Interpretations

Standards or Interpretations Numbers	The Projects of Standards or Interpretations	Effective Dates
	Financial Reporting Standards (issued in 2010)	<u> </u>
IFRS 1	"First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards"	January 1, 2011
IFRS 3	"Business Combinations"	July 1, 2010
IFRS 7	"Financial Instruments: Disclosures"	January 1, 2011
IAS 1	"Presentation of Financial Statements"	January 1, 2011
IAS 34	"Interim Financial Reporting"	January 1, 2011
IFRIC 13	"Customer Loyalty Programmes"	January 1, 2011
IFRS 7	Limited Exemption from Comparative Disclosures for First-time Adopters (Amendments to IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards")	July 1, 2010
IFRS 1	"First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" - Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopter	July 1, 2011
IFRS 7	"Financial Instruments: Disclosures" (Amendment)	July 1, 2011
IAS 12(Amendment)	"Income Taxes" - Deferred Taxes: Recovery of Underlying Assets	January 1, 2012
IFRS 10	"Consolidated Financial Statements"	January 1, 2013
IAS 27	"Separate Financial Statements"	January 1, 2013
IFRS 11	"Joint Arrangements"	January 1, 2013
IAS 28	"Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures"	January 1, 2013
IFRS 12	"Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities"	January 1, 2013
IFRS 13	"Fair Value Measurement"	January 1, 2013
IAS 1	"Presentation of Financial Statements" - Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income	July 1, 2012
IAS 19	"Employee Benefits" (Revised)	January 1, 2013
IFRS 1	"First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" - Government Loans	January 1, 2013
IFRS 7(Amendment)	"Financial Instruments: Disclosures" - Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	January 1, 2013
IAS 32(Amendment)	"Financial Instruments: Presentation" - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	January 1, 2014
IFRIC 20	"Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine"	January 1, 2013
(Continued)		

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(To be continued)

Standards or Interpretations

Numbers	The Projects of Standards or Interpretations	Effective Dates
Improvements to International F	inancial Reporting Standards (2009-2011 cycle):	
IFRS 1	"First-time Adoption of International Financial	January 1, 2013
	Reporting Standards"	
IAS 1	"Presentation of Financial Statements"	January 1, 2013
IAS 16	"Property, Plant and Equipment"	January 1, 2013
IAS 32	"Financial Instruments: Presentation"	January 1, 2013
IAS 34	"Interim Financial Reporting"	January 1, 2013
IFRS 10	"Consolidated Financial Statements"	January 1, 2014
	(Amendment)	
IAS 36	"Impairment of Assets" (Amendment)	January 1, 2014
IFRIC 21	"Levies"	January 1, 2014

A. Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards (issued in 2010):

a. IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures"

The amendment emphasizes the interaction between quantitative and qualitative disclosures and the nature and extent of risks associated with financial instruments.

b. IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements"

The amendment clarifies that an entity will present an analysis of other comprehensive income for each component of equity, either in the statement of changes in equity or in the notes to the financial statements.

c. IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting"

The amendment clarifies that if a user of an entity's interim financial report have access to the most recent annual financial report of that entity, it is unnecessary for the notes to an interim financial report to provide relatively insignificant updates to the information that was reported in the notes in the most recent annual financial report. Furthermore the amendment adds disclosure requirements of financial instruments and contingent liabilities/assets.

B. IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements"

IFRS 10 replaces the portion of IAS 27 that addresses the accounting for consolidated financial statements and SIC-12. The changes introduced by IFRS 10 primarily relate to the elimination of the perceived inconsistency between IAS 27 and SIC-12 by introducing a new integrated control model. That is, IFRS 10 primarily relates to whether to consolidate another entity, but does not change how an entity is consolidated.

C. IFRS 12 "Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities"

IFRS 12 primarily integrates and makes consistent the disclosure requirements for subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and unconsolidated structured entities.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

D. IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement"

IFRS 13 primarily relates to defining fair value, setting out in a single IFRS a framework for measuring fair value and requiring disclosures about fair value measurements to reduce complexity and improve consistency in application when measuring fair value. However, IFRS 13 does not change existing requirements in other IFRS as to when the fair value measurement or related disclosures required.

E. IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" - Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The amendments to IAS 1 change the grouping of items presented in other comprehensive income. Items that would be reclassified (or recycled) to profit or loss in the future would be presented separately from items that will never be reclassified.

F. IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" (Revised)

The revision includes: (1) For defined benefit plans, the ability to defer recognition of actuarial gains and losses (i.e., the corridor approach) has been removed. Actuarial gains and losses are now recognized in other comprehensive income. (2) Amounts recorded in profit or loss are limited to current and past service costs, gains or losses on settlements, and net interest income (expense). (3) New disclosures include quantitative information about the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to a reasonably possible change in each significant actuarial assumption. (4) Termination benefits will be recognized at the earlier of when the offer of termination cannot be withdrawn, or when the related restructuring costs are recognized under IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", etc.

G. Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards (2009-2011 cycle): IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" (Amendment)

The amendment clarifies the requirements in IAS 34 relating to segment information for total assets and liabilities for each reportable segment to enhance consistency with the requirements in IFRS 8 "Operating Segments". Besides, total assets and liabilities for a particular reportable segment need to be disclosed only when the amounts are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker and there has been a material change in the total amount disclosed in the entity's previous annual financial statements for that reportable segment.

H. IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" (Amendment)

This amendment relates to the amendment issued in May 2011 and requires entities to disclose the recoverable amount of an asset (including goodwill) or a cash-generating unit when an impairment loss has been recognized or reversed during the period. The amendment also requires detailed disclosure of how the fair value less costs of disposal has been measured when an impairment loss has been recognized or reversed, including valuation techniques used, level of fair value hierarchy of assets and key assumptions used in measurement.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The abovementioned standards and interpretations issued by IASB have not yet been recognized by FSC. The effective dates for these standards and interpretations subject to FSC's requirements. The Company has been evaluating the potential influence of these standards and interpretations, and it is not practicable to estimate their impact on the Company at this point in time.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers ("the Regulations") and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" as recognized by the FSC.

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars ("NT\$") unless otherwise stated.

Basis of Consolidation

A. Preparation principle of consolidated financial statement

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the acquisition date, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using uniform accounting policies. All intra-group balances, income and expenses, unrealized gains and losses and dividends resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a change of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

Total comprehensive income of the subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

If the Company loses control of a subsidiary, it:

- a. derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary;
- b. derecognizes the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest;
- c. recognizes the fair value of the consideration received;
- d. recognizes the fair value of any investment retained;
- e. recognizes any surplus or deficit in profit or loss; and
- f. reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income to profit or loss.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The consolidated entities are listed as follows:

	native chilles are i	istou us folio ws.		Percentage of	Ownership		
Investor	Subsidiary	Business nature	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012	January 1, 2012	Note
MTK	MediaTek Investment Corp.	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MTK	Hsu-Ta Investment Corp.	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	1
MTK	Hsu-Chia Investment Limited	General investing	-	-	-	100%	1
MTK	Hsu-Kang Investment Limited	General investing	-	-	-	100%	1
MTK	MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Research, manufacturing and sales	100%	100%	-	-	2
MTK	Ralink Technology Corp.	Research, manufacturing and sales	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Hsu-Ta Investment	Core Tech Resources	General investing	100%	100%	100%	34%	1
Corp.	Inc.						
Hsu-Chia Investment Limited	Core Tech Resources Inc.	General investing	-	-	-	33%	1
Hsu-Kang Investment Limited	Core Tech Resources Inc.	General investing	-	-	-	33%	1
MediaTek Investment Corp.		General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek Investment Corp.	Gaintech Co. Limited	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Ralink Technology Corp.	Ralink Technology (Singapore) Corp. Pte. Ltd.	General investing	-	-	-	100%	3
Ralink Technology Corp.	T-Rich Technology (Cayman) Corp.	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Ralink Technology Corp.	MediaTek USA Inc.	Research	11%	11%	11%	11%	-
T-Rich Technology (Cayman) Corp.	T-Rich Technology Corp.	Research, manufacturing and sales	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd.	MTK Wireless L.L.C. (Dubai)	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd. (To be continued)	MTK Wireless Limited (UK)	Research	-	-	-	100%	4

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(Continued)

				Percentage of	Ownership		
•	a 1 · · ·	5	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,	Not
Investor	Subsidiary	Business nature	2013	2012	2012	2012	
MediaTek Singapore	MediaTek Wireless	Research	-	-	100%	100%	5
Pte. Ltd.	Limited (Ireland)						
MediaTek Singapore	MediaTek Denmark	Research	-	-	-	100%	4
Pte. Ltd.	Aps						
MediaTek Capital	RollTech	Software	67%	100%	100%	100%	-
Corp.	Technology, Co. Ltd.	development					
MediaTek Capital	E-Vehicle	Research,	72%	69%	69%	69%	-
Corp.	Semiconductor	manufacturing					
	Technology Co.	and sales					
	Ltd.						
Core Tech Resources	MediaTek India	Research	0%	0%	0%	0%	-
Inc.	Technology Pvt.						
	Ltd.						
Gaintech Co. Limited	MediaTek China	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
	Limited						
Gaintech Co. Limited	MTK Wireless	Research	100%	100%	100%	-	4
	Limited (UK)						
Gaintech Co. Limited	MediaTek Denmark	Research	100%	100%	100%	-	4
	Aps						
Gaintech Co. Limited	•	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Gaintech Co. Limited		Research	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
	Technology Pvt.						
	Ltd.		1000/	1000/	1000/	1000/	
	MediaTek Korea Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Gaintech Co. Limited	Vogins Technology	General investing	80%	80%	80%	80%	-
Gaintech Co. Limited	Co., Ltd.	Research	89%	89%	89%	89%	
	Hesine Technologies	General investing	65%	65%	100%	100%	6
Gainteen Co. Linnted	International	General investing	0370	0370	100%	10070	U
	Worldwide Inc.						
Gaintech Co. Limited		General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	_
Gamileen Co. Emilied	International	General investing	10070	10070	10070	10070	
	(Samoa) Limited						
Gaintech Co. Limited		General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	_
Gaintech Co. Limited		General investing	84%	71%	71%	71%	_
Gaintech Co. Limited	•	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	_
20. Zimiou	(Samoa) Corp.		10070	20070	20070	-00/0	
(To be continued)	(,,,						
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MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(Continued)

,				Percentage of	Ownership		
Investor	Subsidiary	Business nature	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,	Not
			2013	2012	2012	2012	
Gaintech Co. Limited	Shadow Investment Limited	General investing	-	100%	100%	100%	13
Gaintech Co. Limited	MediaTek Sweden AB	Research	100%	100%	100%	-	7
Gaintech Co. Limited	MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Research, manufacturing and sales	-	-	100%	100%	2
Gaintech Co. Limited	EcoNet (Cayman) Inc.	General Investing	100%	-	-	-	14
MediaTek China Limited	MediaTek (Hefei) Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek China Limited	MediaTek (Beijing) Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek China Limited	MediaTek (Shenzhen) Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek China Limited	MediaTek (Chengdu) Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek China Limited	MediaTek (Wuhan) Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek China Limited	MediaTek (Shanghai) Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
MediaTek USA Inc.	MediaTek Wireless, Inc. (USA)	Research	-	100%	100%	100%	12
MediaTek USA Inc.	Ralink Technology Corporation (USA)	Research	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Vogins Technology Co., Ltd.	Vogins Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Software development	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Hesine Technologies International Worldwide Inc.	Hesine Technologies, Inc.	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Gold Rich International (Samoa) Limited	Gold Rich International (HK) Limited	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Lepower Limited	Lepower (HK) Limited	General investing	100%	100%	100%	100%	-
Lepower (HK) Limited	Lepower Technologies (Beijing) Inc.	Research, manufacturing and sales	100%	100%	100%	-	11
(To be continued)							

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(Continued)

			Percentage of Ownership						
Investor	Subsidiary	Business nature	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,	Not		
Investor	Substatary	Business nature	2013	2012	2012	2012			
E-Vehicle	E-Vehicle Holding	General investing	100%	100%	100%	-	8		
Semiconductor	Corp.								
Technology Co.									
Ltd.									
E-Vehicle Holding	E-Vehicle Investment	General investing	100%	100%	100%	-	9		
Corp.	Limited								
E-Vehicle Investment	E-Vehicle	Research,	100%	100%	100%	-	10		
Limited	Semiconductor	manufacturing							
	(Shanghai) Co.,	and sales							
	Ltd.								
EcoNet (Cayman)	Shadow Investment	General Investing	100%	-	-	-	13		
Inc.	Limited								
EcoNet (Cayman)	EcoNet (HK) Limited	Research,	100%	-	-	-	15		
Inc.		manufacturing							
		and sales							
Shadow Investment	MediaTek (Suzhou)	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-		
Limited	Inc.								
Shadow Investment	MediaTek (Nanjing)	Technology services	100%	100%	100%	100%	-		
Limited	Inc.								

- 1. Hsu-Chia Investment Limited and Hsu-Kang Investment Limited were merged into Hsu-Ta Investment Limited on September 30, 2012. In addition, Hsu-Ta Investment Limited was reincorporated as a company limited by shares.
- 2. MTK acquired 100% shares of MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd. from Gaintech Co. Limited in October 2012.
- 3. Ralink Technology (Singapore) Corp. Pte. Ltd. has entered the process of liquidation since July 2012. The liquidation was complete in January 2013.
- 4. Gaintech Co. Limited acquired 100% shares of MTK Wireless Limited (UK) and MediaTek Denmark Aps from MediaTek Singapore Pte. Ltd. in August 2012.
- 5. MediaTek Wireless Limited (Ireland) has been liquidated in December 2012.
- 6. Gainech Co. Limited partially disposed of shares of Hesine Technologies International Worldwide Inc. in October 2012. Therefore, the percentage of ownership of Hesine Technologies International Worldwide Inc. decreased to 65%.
- 7. Gaintech Co. Limited acquired 100% shares of MediaTek Sweden AB in April 2012.
- 8. E-Vehicle Semiconductor Technology Co. Ltd. established E-Vehicle Holding Corp. in September 2012.
- 9. E-Vehicle Holding Corp. established E-Vehicle Investment Limited in September 2012.
- 10. E-Vehicle Investment Limited established E-Vehicle Semiconductor (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. in September 2012.
- 11. Lepower (HK) Limited established Lepower Technologies (Beijing) Inc. in February 2012.
- 12. MediaTek Wireless, Inc. (USA) had been merged into MediaTek USA Inc. in January 2013.
- 13. EcoNet (Cayman) Inc. acquired 100% shares of Shadow Investment Limited from Gaintech Co. Limited in May 2013.
- 14. Gaintech Co. Limited established EcoNet (Cayman) Inc. in April 2013.
- 15. EcoNet (Cayman) Inc. established EcoNet (HK) Limited in April 2013.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The financial statements of all of consolidated subsidiaries listed above had been reviewed by auditors.

Foreign currency transactions

The Company's consolidated financial statements are presented in NT\$, which is also the parent company's functional currency. Each entity in the Company determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Company's entities at their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency closing rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions.

All exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items are taken to profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for the following:

- A. Exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings for an acquisition of a qualifying asset to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs are included in the borrowing costs that are eligible for capitalization.
- B. Foreign currency items within the scope of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are accounted for based on the accounting policy for financial instruments.
- C. Exchange differences arising on a monetary item that forms part of a reporting entity's net investment in a foreign operation is recognized initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the net investment.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

Translation of financial statements in foreign currency

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into New Taiwan Dollars at the closing rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their income and expenses are translated at an average rate for the period. The exchange differences arising on the translation are recognized in other comprehensive income. On the disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation, recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the separate component of equity, is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the gain or loss on disposal is recognized.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

On the partial disposal of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation that does not result in a loss of control, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is re-attributed to the non-controlling interests in that foreign operation. In partial disposal of an associate or jointly controlled entity that includes a foreign operation that does not result in a loss of significant influence or joint control, only the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

Any goodwill and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and expressed in its functional currency.

Current and non-current distinction

An asset is classified as current when:

- A. The Company expects to realize the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle
- B. The Company holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading
- C. The Company expects to realize the asset within twelve months after the reporting period
- D. The asset is cash or cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when:

- A. The Company expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle
- B. The Company holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading
- C. The liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period
- D. The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities within the scope of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are recognized initially at fair value plus or minus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

A. Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

Financial assets of the Company are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale financial assets and loans and receivables. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

a. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Dividends or interests on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in profit or loss (including those received during the period of initial investment).

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- (a) it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in short term;
- (b) on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- (c) it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

If a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss; or a financial asset may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss when doing so results in more relevant information, because either:

- (a) it eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
- (b) a group of financial assets, financial liabilities or both is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the group is provided internally on that basis to the key management personnel.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

If financial assets do not have quoted prices in an active market and their fair value cannot be reliably measured, then they are classified as financial assets measured at cost on balance sheet and carried at cost net of accumulated impairment losses, if any, as at the reporting date.

b. Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale investments are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or those not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity financial assets, or loans and receivables.

Foreign exchange gains and losses and interest calculated using the effective interest method relating to monetary available-for-sale financial assets, or dividends on an available-for-sale equity instrument, are recognized in profit or loss. Subsequent measurement of available-for-sale financial assets at fair value is recognized in equity until the investment is derecognized, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

If equity instrument investments do not have quoted prices in an active market and their fair value cannot be reliably measured, then they are classified as financial assets measured at cost on balance sheet and carried at cost net of accumulated impairment losses, if any, as at the reporting date.

c. Held-to-maturity financial assets

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held-to-maturity when the Company has the positive intention and ability to hold it to maturity, other than those that are designated as available-for-sale, classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, or meet the definition of loans and receivables.

After initial measurement held-to-maturity financial assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fee or transaction costs. The effective interest method amortization is recognized in profit or loss.

d. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market other than those that the Company upon initial recognition designates as available for sale, classified as at fair value through profit or loss, or those for which the holder may not recover substantially all of its initial investment.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Loans and receivables are separately presented on the balance sheet as receivables or bond investments for which no active market exists. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fee or transaction costs. The effective interest method amortization is recognized in profit or loss.

e. Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that an individual or a group of financial asset other than the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is impaired. An individual or a group of financial asset is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more loss events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset. The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognized in profit or loss.

A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale equity instrument below its cost is considered a loss event.

Other loss events include:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor; or
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- (c) it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (d) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For held-to-maturity financial assets and loans and receivables measured at amortized cost, if there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the assets carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows. The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial assets original effective interest rate. Interest income is accrued based on the reduced carrying amount of the asset, using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Receivables together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognized in profit or loss - is removed from other comprehensive income and recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through profit or loss; increases in their fair value after impairment are recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

In the case of debt instruments classified as available-for-sale, the amount recorded for impairment is the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the amortized cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognized in profit or loss. Future interest income continues to be accrued based on the reduced carrying amount of the asset, using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. The interest income is recognized in profit or loss. If, in a subsequent year, the fair value of a debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

f. Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized when:

- (a) The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired
- (b) The Company has transferred the asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset have been transferred
- (c) The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received or receivable including any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income, is recognized in profit or loss.

B. Financial liabilities and equity

a. Classification between liabilities or equity

The Company classifies the instrument issued as a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial liability, and an equity instrument.

b. Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. The transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction that otherwise would have been avoided.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

c. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities within the scope of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities measured at amortized cost upon initial recognition.

(a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses on the subsequent measurement of liabilities held for trading including interest paid are recognized in profit or loss.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- i. it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in short term;
- ii. on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- iii. it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

If a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss; or a financial liability may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss when doing so results in more relevant information, because either:

- i. it eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
- ii. a group of financial assets, financial liabilities or both is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the group is provided internally on that basis to the key management personnel.

If the financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss do not have quoted prices in an active market and their fair value cannot be reliably measured, then they are classified as financial liabilities measured at cost on balance sheet and carried at cost as at the reporting date.

(b) Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include interest bearing loans and borrowings that are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method after initial recognition. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate method amortization process.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or transaction costs.

(c) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

C. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

D. Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets at each reporting date is determined by reference to quoted market prices, without any deduction for transaction costs.

For financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques may include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same; a discounted cash flow analysis or other valuation models.

Derivative financial instrument

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risks and interest rate risks. A derivative is classified in the balance sheet as financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (held for trading) except for derivatives that are designated effective hedging instruments which are classified as derivative financial assets or liabilities for hedging.

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges and hedges of net investments in foreign operations, which is recognized in equity.

Derivatives embedded in host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value though profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Inventories

Costs incurred in bringing each inventory to its present location and condition. Raw materials are valued at purchase cost. Finish goods and work in progress include cost of direct materials and related manufacturing overheads. Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value item by item. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories that were not sold or moved for further production were assessed allowance and set aside to reflect the potential loss from stock obsolescence.

Investments accounted for using the equity method

The Company's investment in its associate is accounted for using the equity method other than those that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale. An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence.

Under the equity method, the investment in the associate is carried in the balance sheet at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Company's share of net assets of the associate. After the interest in the associate is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Company and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Company's related interest in the associate.

When the associate issues new stock, and the Company's interest in an associate is reduced or increased as the Company fails to acquire shares newly issued in the associate proportionately to its original ownership interest, the increase or decrease in the interest in the associate is recognized in capital surplus and investments accounted for using the equity method. When the interest in the associate is reduced, the cumulative amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or other appropriate items. The aforementioned capital surplus recognized is reclassified to profit or loss on a pro rata basis when the Company disposes the associate.

The financial statements of the associate are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Company.

The Company determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case the Company calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognizes the amount in the 'share of profit or loss of an associate' in the statement of comprehensive income.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Company measures and recognizes any retaining investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retaining investment and proceeds from disposal is recognized in profit or loss.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located and borrowing costs for construction in progress if the recognition criteria are met. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Company recognized such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. The carrying amount of those parts that are replaced is derecognized in accordance with the derecognition provisions of IAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment". When a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic lives of the following assets:

Buildings and facilities	3~50 years
Machinery and equipment	3~5 years
Computer and telecommunication equipment	3~5 years
Testing equipment	3~5 years
Miscellaneous equipment	2~5 years

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

<u>Leases</u>

A. The Company as a lessee

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

B. The Company as a lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in profit or loss for the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

Expenditures related to research activities as well as those expenditures not meeting the criteria for capitalization are expensed when incurred. Expenditures related to development activities meeting the criteria for capitalization are capitalized.

The Company's intangible assets mainly include trademarks, patents, software, IPs and other which are acquired from third parties or by acquired other entities. A summary of the amortization policies applied to the Company's intangible assets is as follows:

Trademarks	Patents	Software	IPs and others
2~3 years	2~7 years	2~5 years	2~10 years
Amortized on a	Amortized on a	Amortized on a	Amortized on a
straight- line basis	straight- line basis	straight- line basis	straight- line basis
over the estimated	over the estimated	over the estimated	over the estimated
useful life	useful life	useful life	useful life

The Company's intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at the end of each financial year. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in profit or loss.

<u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset in the scope of IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's ("CGU") fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been an increase in the estimated service potential of an asset which in turn increases the recoverable amount. However, the reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

A cash generating unit, or groups of cash-generating units, to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually at the same time, irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment. If an impairment loss is to be recognized, it is first allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash generating unit (group of units), then to the other assets of the unit (group of units) pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (group of units). Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods for any reason.

An impairment loss of continuing operations or a reversal of such impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognized at cost and deducted from equity. Any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration is recognized in equity.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

A. Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- a. the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer;
- b. neither continuing managerial involvement nor effective control over the goods sold have been retained;
- c. the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- d. it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity; and
- e. the costs incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The amount of revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by entity. The Company estimates sales returns and allowance based on historical experience and other known factors at the time of sale, which reduces the operating revenue.

B. Interest income

For all financial assets measured at amortized cost (including loans and receivables and held-to-maturity financial assets) and available-for-sale financial assets, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate method and recognized in profit or loss.

C. Dividends

Revenue is recognized when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

Post-employment benefits

All regular employees of MTK and its domestic subsidiaries are entitled to a pension plan that is managed by an independently administered pension fund committee. Fund assets are deposited under the committee's name in the specific bank account and hence, not associated with MTK and its domestic subsidiaries. Therefore fund assets are not included in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Pension benefits for employees of the overseas subsidiaries and the branches are provided in accordance with the respective local regulations.

For the defined contribution plan, MTK and its domestic subsidiaries will make a monthly contribution of no less than 6% of the monthly wages of the employees subject to the plan. The Company recognizes expenses for the defined contribution plan in the period in which the contribution becomes due. Overseas subsidiaries make contribution to the plan based on the requirements of local regulations.

Post-employment benefit plan that is classified as a defined benefit plan uses the Projected Unit Credit Method to measure its obligations and costs based on actuarial assumptions. The Company recognizes all actuarial gains and losses in the period in which they occur in other comprehensive income. Actuarial gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income are recognized immediately in retained earnings. Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted and disclosed for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

Share-based payment transactions

The cost of equity-settled transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries is recognized based on the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The fair value of the equity instruments is determined by using an appropriate pricing model.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognized, together with a corresponding increase in other capital reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The income statement expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled transaction award are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognized for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognized for the award is recognized immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the entity or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

The Company elected to take the optional exemption under IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" for the liabilities and the equity instruments in shared-based payment transactions settled and vested before January 1, 2012 (the date of transition to TIFRS).

Income taxes

Income tax expense (income) is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

A. Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current income tax relating to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in profit or loss.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The 10% income tax for undistributed earnings is recognized as income tax expense in the subsequent year when the distribution proposal is approved by the shareholders' meeting.

B. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- a. Where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- b. In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- a. Where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- b. In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized accordingly.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Interim period income tax expense is estimated using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings, that is, calculated by the pre-tax income of the interim period multiply by the estimated average annual effective income tax rate.

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are measured at acquisition date fair value. For each business combination, the acquirer measures any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are accounted for as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and are classified under administrative expenses.

When the Company acquires a business, it assesses the assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at the acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability, will be recognized in accordance with IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. However, if the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it should not be remeasured until it is finally settled within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured as the amount of the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the non-controlling interest over the net fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If this aggregate is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is recognized in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is so allocated represents the lowest level within the Company at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purpose and is not larger than an operating segment before aggregation.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

5. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements require management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. The judgments and estimates made by the Company are based on historical experience and other related factors and continuously being evaluated and adjusted. Please refer to below description:

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

A. Fair value of financial instruments

Where the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using valuation techniques including the income approach (for example the discounted cash flows model) or market approach. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of the financial instruments. Please refer to Note 12 for more details.

B. Valuation of inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the Company uses judgment and estimate to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the end of each reporting period.

Due to the rapid technological changes, the Company estimates the net realizable value of inventory for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions of future demand within a specific time horizon.

C. Income tax

Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable income. Given the wide range of international business relationships and the long-term nature and complexity of existing contractual agreements, differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could cause future adjustments to tax income and expense already recorded. The Company establishes provisions, based on reasonable estimates, for possible consequences of audits by the tax authorities of the respective countries in which it operates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience of previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority. Such differences of interpretation may arise on a wide variety of issues depending on the conditions prevailing in the respective company's domicile.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all carryforward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available or there are sufficient taxable temporary differences against which the unused tax losses, unused tax credits or deductible temporary differences can be utilized. The amount of deferred tax assets determined to be recognized is based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits and taxable temporary differences together with future tax planning strategies.

6. Contents of Significant Accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
2013	2012	2012	2012
\$1,173	\$1,010	\$1,607	\$2,020
12,571,160	9,763,010	14,004,983	11,069,943
95,044,542	76,103,190	71,089,232	74,749,475
		50,028	
\$107,616,875	\$85,867,210	\$85,145,850	\$85,821,438
	2013 \$1,173 12,571,160 95,044,542	2013 2012 \$1,173 \$1,010 12,571,160 9,763,010 95,044,542 76,103,190	\$1,173 \$1,010 \$1,607 12,571,160 9,763,010 14,004,983 95,044,542 76,103,190 71,089,232 - 50,028

Time deposits include deposits whose maturities are under twelve months and are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with values subject to an insignificant risk of changes.

Cash and cash equivalents were not pledged.

(2) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss:

Į I	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012	January 1, 2012
Current				
Convertible bonds	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$103,510
Credit-linked deposits	643,871	281,259	281,585	-
Interest rate-linked deposits	234,820	348,409	351,870	1,513,840
Exchange rate-linked deposits	742,355	-	-	-
Index-linked deposits	289,457	-	-	-
Subtotal	1,910,503	629,668	633,455	1,617,350
Noncurrent				
Bonds	322,050	-	-	119,000
Credit-linked deposits	549,433	546,508	543,086	514,412
Interest rate-linked deposits	269,567	526,468	530,004	878,944
Exchange rate-linked deposits	-	411,529	411,867	226,981
Subtotal	1,141,050	1,484,505	1,484,957	1,739,337
Total	\$3,051,553	\$2,114,173	\$2,118,412	\$3,356,687

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading:

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Current assets			·	
Forward exchange contracts	\$5,630	\$244	\$5,679	\$66
Current liabilities				
Forward exchange contracts	\$2,853	\$2,638	\$2,063	\$-

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were not pledged.

(3) Available-for-sale financial assets

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Current				
Funds	\$1,766,881	\$2,567,128	\$2,463,900	\$2,371,197
Bonds	85,215	81,990	81,614	117,721
Depositary receipts	23,045	20,808	30,917	56,436
Common shares	1,278,031	1,309,087	1,492,563	
Subtotal	3,153,172	3,979,013	4,068,994	2,545,354
Noncurrent				
Funds	2,589,110	2,475,193	2,385,872	2,021,006
Bonds	1,613,589	731,702	742,191	789,662
Subtotal	4,202,699	3,206,895	3,128,063	2,810,668
Total	\$7,355,871	\$7,185,908	\$7,197,057	\$5,356,022

Available-for-sale financial assets were not pledged.

(4) Financial assets measured at cost

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Available-for-sale financial				
assets-noncurrent				
Non-publicly traded stocks	\$708,920	\$869,371	\$1,335,931	\$1,166,627
Capital	1,088,377	1,213,743	1,192,667	850,986
Total	\$1,797,297	\$2,083,114	\$2,528,598	\$2,017,613

Financial assets measured at cost were not pledged.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(5) Held-to-maturity financial assets

	-				
		September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
		2013	2012	2012	2012
	Current				
	Bonds	\$391,931	\$-	\$58,505	\$-
	Structured deposits			264,078	48,126
	Subtotal	391,931		322,583	48,126
	Noncurrent				
	Bonds	491,490	796,860	802,494	828,422
	Total	\$883,421	\$796,860	\$1,125,077	\$876,548
(6)	Bond investments for which r	no active market e	exists		
		September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
		September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012	January 1, 2012
	<u>Current</u>			-	•
	Current Series B preferred stock			-	•
		2013	2012	2012	2012
	Series B preferred stock	2013	2012	\$1,000,000	2012 \$1,000,000
	Series B preferred stock Time deposits	2013 \$- 113,636	\$- 113,598	\$1,000,000 20,021	2012 \$1,000,000 13,112
	Series B preferred stock Time deposits	2013 \$- 113,636	\$- 113,598	\$1,000,000 20,021	2012 \$1,000,000 13,112
	Series B preferred stock Time deposits Subtotal	2013 \$- 113,636	\$- 113,598	\$1,000,000 20,021	2012 \$1,000,000 13,112
	Series B preferred stock Time deposits Subtotal Noncurrent	\$- 113,636 113,636	\$- 113,598 113,598	\$1,000,000 20,021 1,020,021	2012 \$1,000,000 13,112 1,013,112

Please refer to Note 8 for more details on bond investments for which no active market exists under pledge.

(7) Trade receivables and trade receivables from related parties

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Trade receivables	\$15,415,242	\$8,789,171	\$8,704,804	\$7,926,274
Less: allowance for doubtful debts	(115,572)	(162,859)	(297,809)	(247,826)
Less: allowance for sales returns				
and discounts	(4,240,616)	(2,041,702)	(190,571)	(318,131)
Subtotal	11,059,054	6,584,610	8,216,424	7,360,317
Trade receivables from related				
parties	-	-	-	23,567
Less: allowance for doubtful debts				
Subtotal				23,567
Total	\$11,059,054	\$6,584,610	\$8,216,424	\$7,383,884

Trade receivables were not pledged.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Trade receivables are generally on 45-60 day terms. The movements in the provision for impairment of trade receivables and trade receivables from related parties are as follows (please refer to Note 12 for credit risk disclosure):

	Individually impaired	Collectively impaired	Total
As of January 1, 2013	\$-	\$162,859	\$162,859
Reversal for the current period	-	(48,467)	(48,467)
Exchange differences		1,180	1,180
As of September 30, 2013	\$-	\$115,572	\$115,572
	Individually impaired	Collectively impaired	Total
As of January 1, 2012	\$-	\$247,826	\$247,826
Provision for the current period	-	53,380	53,380
Exchange differences		(3,397)	(3,397)
As of September 30, 2012	\$-	\$297,809	\$297,809

Aging analysis of trade receivables and trade receivables from related parties that are past due as of the end of the reporting period but not impaired is as follows:

	<u>-</u>	Past due but	not impaired	_
	Neither past due		More than	
As of	nor impaired	1 to 90 days	91 days	Total
September 30, 2013	\$10,396,548	\$661,996	\$510	\$11,059,054
December 31, 2012	\$6,122,853	\$461,757	\$-	\$6,584,610
September 30, 2012	\$7,961,182	\$253,248	\$1,994	\$8,216,424
January 1, 2012	\$6,339,416	\$1,044,468	\$-	\$7,383,884

The Company entered into several factoring agreements without recourse with financial institutions. According to those agreements, the Company does not take the risk of uncollectible trade receivables, but only the risk of loss due to commercial disputes. The Company did not provide any collateral, and the factoring agreements met the criteria of financial asset derecognition. The Company derecognized related trade receivables after deducting the estimated value of commercial disputes. The Company has not withdrawn cash entitled by the factoring agreements from banks as of September 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, September 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012. Receivables from banks due to factoring agreement were NT\$3,282,816 thousand, NT\$2,540,784 thousand, NT\$3,168,779 thousand and NT\$2,138,876 thousand, respectively.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

As of September 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, September 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, trade receivables derecognized were as follows:

(a) As of September 30, 2013:

		Trade receivables	Cash		
The Factor	Interest	derecognized	withdrawn	Unutilized	Credit line
(Transferee)	rate	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)
Taishin International					
Bank	-	74,150	-	74,150	152,863
BNP Paribas	-	30,967	-	30,967	100,000
HSBC	-	443	-	443	468
TC Bank	-	5,084		5,084	13,500
Total		110,644	_	110,644	266,831

(b) As of December 31, 2012:

		Trade receivables	Cash		
The Factor	Interest	derecognized	withdrawn	Unutilized	Credit line
(Transferee)	rate	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)
Taishin International					
Bank	-	71,699	-	71,699	154,869
BNP Paribas	-	15,272	-	15,272	100,000
HSBC	-	233		233	468
Total		87,204	-	87,204	255,337

(c) As of September 30, 2012:

		Trade receivables	Cash		
The Factor	Interest	derecognized	withdrawn	Unutilized	Credit line
(Transferee)	rate	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)
Taishin International					
Bank	-	55,020	-	55,020	136,517
BNP Paribas	-	52,975		52,975	80,000
Total		107,995	_	107,995	216,517

(d) As of January 1, 2012:

	Trade receivables	Cash		
Interest	derecognized	withdrawn	Unutilized	Credit line
rate	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)	(US\$'000)
		-		
-	45,717	-	45,717	129,946
-	24,896		24,896	65,000
	70,613		70,613	194,946
	rate -	Interest derecognized (US\$'000) - 45,717 - 24,896	Interest rate derecognized (US\$'000) withdrawn (US\$'000) - 45,717 - - 24,896 -	Interest rate derecognized (US\$'000) withdrawn (US\$'000) Unutilized (US\$'000) - 45,717 - 45,717 - 24,896 - 24,896

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(8) Inventories

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Raw materials	\$5,210	\$3,452	\$2,892	\$-
Work in progress	10,995,613	9,979,682	9,964,982	7,499,193
Finished goods	5,988,519	5,855,477	4,344,161	5,424,535
Total	16,989,342	15,838,611	14,312,035	12,923,728
Less: allowance for inventory				
valuation losses	(4,051,182)	(1,971,300)	(2,221,064)	(3,531,446)
Net amount	\$12,938,160	\$13,867,311	\$12,090,971	\$9,392,282

For the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the cost of inventories recognized in expenses amounts to NT\$21,867,352 thousand and NT\$17,320,094 thousand, including the write-down of inventories of NT\$402,356 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2013, and the reversal gain of the write-down of inventories of NT\$547,360 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2012 because of the circumstances that caused the net realizable value of inventory to be lower than its cost no longer existed.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the cost of inventories recognized in expenses amounts to NT\$54,642,635 thousand and NT\$42,563,701 thousand, including the write-down of inventories of NT\$2,070,865 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, and the reversal gain of the write-down of inventories of NT\$1,300,655 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 because of the circumstances that caused the net realizable value of inventory to be lower than its cost no longer existed.

No inventories were pledged.

(9) Investments accounted for using the equity method

September 30, 2013

A. The following table lists the investments accounted for using the equity method of the Company:

September 30, 2012

January 1, 2012

December 31, 2012

	Septemoer	30, 2013	December	31, 2012	Deptember	50, 2012	Janaan	1, 2012
Investees	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)
MStar			-					
Semiconductor,								
Inc. (Cayman)	\$57,531,725	48	\$56,380,616	48	\$57,093,023	48	\$-	-
Airoha								
Technology, Inc.	270,164	32	223,709	39	225,624	39	207,792	39
Shenzhen Huiding								
Technology Co.,								
Ltd.	634,248	24	428,852	24	267,895	24	-	-
Alpha Imaging								
Technology								
Corp.	137,640	15	131,371	15	137,799	15	146,840	15
ALi Corporation	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,423,683	21
Others	333,339	-	229,361	-	204,198	-	202,668	-
Total	\$58,907,116		\$57,393,909		\$57,928,539		\$1,980,983	

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The carrying amount of investments in the associates for which there are published price quotations amounts to NT\$57,669,365 thousand, NT\$56,511,987 thousand, NT\$57,230,822 thousand and NT\$1,570,523 thousand, as of September 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, September 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, respectively. The fair value of these investments are NT\$69,554,354 thousand, NT\$55,533,117 thousand, NT\$59,980,227 thousand and NT\$2,076,422 thousand, as of September 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, September 30, 2012, and January 1, 2012, respectively.

The share of profit of these associates accounted for using the equity method amounts to NT\$683,989 thousand and NT\$285,269 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The share of profit of these associates accounted for using the equity method amounts to NT\$1,985,479 thousand and NT\$395,314 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The share of other comprehensive income of these associates accounted for using the equity method amounts to NT\$(867,522) thousand and NT\$(318,506) thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The share of other comprehensive income of these associates accounted for using the equity method amounts to NT\$984,320 thousand and NT\$(318,230) thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The Company serves as a director of the board of directors of Alpha Imaging Technology Corp. and participates in its policy-setting processes. Therefore, the Company has significant influence over Alpha Imaging Technology Corp. even its ownership is lower than 20%.

In May 2012, the Company sold partial shares of ALi Corporation. As the Company had lost its significant influence over ALi Corportation, the Company recognized an investment disposal gain of NT\$958,957 thousand from the difference between the carrying amount of the investment at the disposal date and the aggregate amounts of the fair value of the remaining shares and the disposing proceeds of NT\$1,528,400 thousand. Moreover, the Company reclassified the remaining shares to available-for-sale financial assets-current at its fair value.

In 2012, MTK totally acquired 254,115,685 shares (48% of MStar's outstanding shares) of MStar Semiconductor, Inc. (Cayman) through a tender offer. The price of the tender offer was 1 MStar share in exchange for 0.794 share of MTK's common stock plus NT\$1 in cash. MTK aggregately issued 201,767,854 new shares and paid NT\$254,116 thousand in cash for this tender offer.

No investment in the associate was pledged.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

B. The following table illustrates summarized financial information of the Company's investment in the associates:

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012	January 1, 2012
Total assets	\$47,072,342	\$44,112,647	\$42,807,793	\$8,211,144
Total assets	\$47,072,342	\$44,112,047	\$42,007,793	\$6,211,144
Total liabilities	\$10,002,067	\$9,624,716	\$9,312,352	1,240,661
	Three months en	ded September 30	Nine months end	ed September 30
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenue	\$10,636,491	\$10,787,429	\$29,348,025	\$30,290,807
Profit	\$2,003,965	\$1,078,192	\$4,882,037	\$4,129,945

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(10) Property, plant and equipment

	Land	Buildings and facilities	Machinery equipment	Computer and telecommunication equipment	Testing equipment	Miscellaneous equipment	Construction in progress and equipment awaiting examination	Total
Cost:								
As of January 1, 2013 Additions-acquired	\$1,273,869	\$6,789,307	\$125,761	\$2,071,672	\$3,013,052	\$1,166,230	\$2,141,493	\$16,581,384
separately	_	310,032	1,921	173,246	211,606	17,414	592,069	1,306,288
Disposals	-	(12,589)	(20,216)		(75,342)	*	, -	(171,984)
Transfers	-	1,929,870	(270)	(1,276)	14,418	4,117	(1,949,393)	(2,534)
Exchange differences		5,390	14,027	22,401	15,155	164	69,650	126,787
As of September 30, 2013	\$1,273,869	\$9,022,010	\$121,223	\$2,212,341	\$3,178,889	\$1,177,790	\$853,819	\$17,839,941
As of January 1, 2012	\$1,055,184	\$6,135,210	\$159,305	\$1,952,134	\$2,817,023	\$1,177,722	\$1,528,646	\$14,825,224
Additions-acquired separately	258,026	706,885	36,742	175,652	137,104	36,742	639,972	1,991,123
Additions-acquired through business								
combinations	-	-	-	-	71	4,606	_	4,677
Disposals	-	-	(26,819)	(41,068)	(75,878)	(12,160)	-	(155,925)
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	(23,685)	(23,685)
Exchange differences	(39,341)	(15,339)	(818)	(122)	(1,034)	(20,405)	(73,892)	(150,951)
As of September 30, 2012	\$1,273,869	\$6,826,756	\$168,410	\$2,086,596	\$2,877,286	\$1,186,505	\$2,071,041	\$16,490,463

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

							Construction	
							in progress and	
				Computer and			equipment	
		Buildings	Machinery	telecommunication	Testing	Miscellaneous	awaiting	
	Land	and facilities	equipment	equipment	equipment	equipment	examination	Total
Depreciation and impairmen	nt:							
As of January 1, 2013	\$-	\$1,591,536	\$108,287	\$1,390,119	\$2,065,704	\$693,244	\$-	\$5,848,890
Depreciation	-	162,330	5,274	287,932	306,634	148,218	-	910,388
Disposals	-	(6,749)	(20,227)	(48,806)	(59,110)	(8,969)	-	(143,861)
Transfers	-	(117)	(5)	-	291	(143)	-	26
Exchange differences		904	13,648	4,348	3,407	14,579		36,886
As of September 30, 2013	\$-	\$1,747,904	\$106,977	\$1,633,593	\$2,316,926	\$846,929	\$-	\$6,652,329
As of January 1, 2012	\$-	\$1,437,859	\$146,501	\$1,100,483	\$1,755,654	\$523,297	\$-	\$4,963,794
Depreciation	-	168,454	2,114	285,525	297,395	169,657	-	923,145
Disposals	-	-	(181)	(39,776)	(74,928)	(37,649)	-	(152,534)
Exchange differences		(34,398)	(318)	(27,593)	(590)	(2,383)		(65,282)
As of September 30, 2012	\$-	\$1,571,915	\$148,116	\$1,318,639	\$1,977,531	\$652,922	\$-	\$5,669,123
Net carrying amount as of:								
September 30, 2013	\$1,273,869	\$7,274,106	\$14,246	\$578,748	\$861,963	\$330,861	\$853,819	\$11,187,612
December 31, 2012	\$1,273,869	\$5,197,771	\$17,474	\$681,553	\$947,348	\$472,986	\$2,141,493	\$10,732,494
September 30, 2012	\$1,273,869	\$5,254,841	\$20,294	\$767,957	\$899,755	\$533,583	\$2,071,041	\$10,821,340
January 1, 2012	\$1,055,184	\$4,697,351	\$12,804	\$851,651	\$1,061,369	\$654,425	\$1,528,646	\$9,861,430

Property, plant and equipment were not pledged.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

 $(Amounts\ are\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ New\ Taiwan\ Dollars\ unless\ otherwise\ stated)$

(11) Intangible assets

As of September 30, 2013				Patents, IPs		
As of January 1, 2013 \$32,985 \$1,005,067 \$8,083,810 \$13,949,611 \$23,071,473 Additions-acquired separately 19,977 2,684 - 22,660 Transfers 2,560 - - 2,560 Exchange differences - (2777) 8,260 10,263 18,246 Others (583) (24,266) (16,936) - (41,785) As of September 30, 2013 \$32,300 \$892,000 \$6,670,723 \$13,428,387 \$21,023,410 Additions-acquired separately - 89,618 971,335 - 1,060,953 Additions-acquired through business combinations - 25,038 942,761 967,799 Transfers 22,628 1,057 - 23,685 Exchange differences - (1,035) 5,455 4,630 9,050 Others 685 (528) 6,145 - 6,302 As of September 30, 2012 \$32,985 \$1,002,683 \$7,679,753 \$14,375,778 \$23,091,199		Trademarks	Software	and others	Goodwill	Total
Additions-acquired separately 19,977 2,684 22,661 Transfers 2,560 - - 2,560 Exchange differences (277) 8,260 10,263 18,246 Others (583) (24,266) (10,936) - (41,785) As of September 30, 2013 \$32,300 \$892,000 \$6,670,723 \$13,428,387 \$21,023,410 Additions-acquired separately - 89,618 971,335 - 1,060,953 Additions-acquired through business combinations - 22,628 1,057 - 23,685 Exchange differences 2,2628 1,057 - 23,685 Exchange differences (10,35) 5,455 4,630 9,050 Others 685 (528) 6,145 - 6,302 As of September 30, 2012 \$32,985 1,002,683 \$7,679,753 \$14,375,778 \$23,091,199 Amortization and impairmert - (528) 6,497,174 \$ \$7,344,025 Amortization 10,767	Cost:					
separately 19,977 2,684 22,661 Transfers 2,560 - 2,560 Exchange differences (583) (24,266) 10,263 18,246 Others (583) (24,266) (16,936) - (41,785) As of September 30, 2013 \$32,402 \$1,003,061 \$8,077,818 \$13,959,874 \$23,073,155 As of January 1, 2012 \$32,300 \$892,000 \$6,670,723 \$13,428,387 \$21,023,410 Additions-acquired separately - 89,618 971,335 - 1,060,953 Additions-acquired through business combinations - 25,038 942,761 967,799 Transfers 2,2628 1,057 - 23,685 Exchange differences - (1,035) 5,455 4,630 9,050 Others 685 (528) 6,145 - 6,302 As of September 30, 2012 \$18,046 \$828,805 \$6,497,174 \$ \$7,344,025 Amortization 10,767 96,945 3	As of January 1, 2013	\$32,985	\$1,005,067	\$8,083,810	\$13,949,611	\$23,071,473
Transfers - 2,560 - 2,560 Exchange differences (583) (24,266) (16,936) - (41,785) As of September 30, 2013 \$32,402 \$1,003,061 \$8,077,818 \$13,959,874 \$23,073,155 As of January 1, 2012 \$32,300 \$892,000 \$6,670,723 \$13,428,387 \$21,023,410 Additions-acquired separately - 89,618 971,335 - 1,060,953 Additions-acquired through business combinations - - 25,038 942,761 967,799 Transfers 22,628 1,057 - 23,685 Exchange differences - (1,035) 5,455 4,630 9,050 Others 685 (528) 6,145 - - 6,302 As of September 30, 2012 \$32,985 \$1,002,683 \$7,679,753 \$14,375,778 \$23,091,199 Amortization and impairmenters As of January 1, 2013 \$18,046 \$828,805 \$6,497,174 \$- \$7,344,025 Amortization 10,7	Additions-acquired					
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Others (583) (24,266) (16,936) — (41,785) As of September 30, 2013 \$32,402 \$1,003,061 \$8,077,818 \$13,959,874 \$23,073,155 As of January 1, 2012 \$32,300 \$892,000 \$6,670,723 \$13,428,387 \$21,023,410 Additions-acquired separately separately business combinations — 89,618 971,335 — 1,060,953 Additions-acquired through business combinations — 25,038 942,761 967,799 Transfers 22,628 1,057 — 23,685 Exchange differences — (1,035) 5,455 4,630 9,050 Others 685 (528) 6,145 — 6302 As of September 30, 2012 \$32,985 \$1,002,683 \$7,679,753 \$14,375,778 \$23,091,199 Amortization and impairment: As of January 1, 2013 \$18,046 \$828,805 \$6,497,174 \$ 5 \$7,344,025 Amortization 10,767 96,945 310,557 — 418,269 Exchange differences — (343) 3,495 — 3152 Others —	Transfers	-	2,560	-	-	2,560
As of September 30, 2013 \$32,402 \$1,003,061 \$8,077,818 \$13,959,874 \$23,073,155 As of January 1, 2012 \$32,300 \$892,000 \$6,670,723 \$13,428,387 \$21,023,410 Additions-acquired separately - 89,618 971,335 - 1,060,953 Additions-acquired through business combinations - 25,038 942,761 967,799 Transfers 22,628 1,057 - 23,685 Exchange differences - (1,035) 5,455 4,630 9,050 Others 685 (528) 6,145 - 6302 As of September 30, 2012 \$32,985 \$1,002,683 \$7,679,753 \$14,375,778 \$23,091,199 Amortization and impairment: As of January 1, 2013 \$18,046 \$828,805 \$6,497,174 \$-\$7,344,025 Amortization 10,767 96,945 310,557 - 418,269 Exchange differences - (343) 3,495 - 3,152 Others - (24,284) (46) - (24,330) As of September 30, 2013 \$28,813 \$901,123 \$6,811,180 \$-\$7,741,116 As of January 1, 2012 \$4,852 \$612,576 \$4,255,323 \$-\$4,872,751 Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - (34956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$776,351 \$6,166,870 \$-\$\$86,957,675 Net carrying amount as of: September 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	Exchange differences	-	(277)	8,260	10,263	18,246
As of January 1, 2012 \$32,300 \$892,000 \$6,670,723 \$13,428,387 \$21,023,410 Additions-acquired separately - 89,618 971,335 - 1,060,953 Additions-acquired through business combinations - 25,038 942,761 967,799 Transfers 22,628 1,057 - 23,685 Exchange differences - (1,035) 5,455 4,630 9,050 Others 685 (528) 6,145 - 6,302 As of September 30, 2012 \$32,985 \$1,002,683 \$7,679,753 \$14,375,778 \$23,091,199 Amortization and impairment: As of January 1, 2013 \$18,046 \$828,805 \$6,497,174 \$- \$7,344,025 Amortization 10,767 96,945 310,557 - 418,269 Exchange differences - (343) 3,495 - 3,152 Others - (24,284) (46) - (24,330) As of September 30, 2013 \$28,813 \$901,123 \$6,811,180 \$- \$7,741,116 As of January 1, 2012 \$4,852 \$612,576 \$4,255,323 \$- \$4,872,751 Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - 376 7,944 - 8,320 Others - (4,956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$776,351 \$6,166,870 \$- \$6,957,675	Others	(583)	(24,266)	(16,936)		(41,785)
Additions-acquired separately - 89,618 971,335 - 1,060,953 Additions-acquired through business combinations - 225,038 942,761 967,799 Transfers 22,628 1,057 - 23,685 Exchange differences - (1,035) 5,455 4,630 9,050 Others 685 (528) 6,145 - 6,302 As of September 30, 2012 \$32,985 \$1,002,683 \$7,679,753 \$14,375,778 \$23,091,199 Amortization and impairment: As of January 1, 2013 \$18,046 \$828,805 \$6,497,174 \$-\$7,344,025 Amortization 10,767 96,945 310,557 - 418,269 Exchange differences - (343) 3,495 - 3,152 Others - (24,284) (46) - (24,330) As of September 30, 2013 \$28,813 \$901,123 \$6,811,180 \$-\$7,741,116 As of January 1, 2012 \$4,852 \$612,576 \$4,255,323 \$-\$4,872,751 Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - 376 7,944 - 8,320 Others - (4,956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$776,351 \$6,166,870 \$-\$6,957,675 Potential of the september 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	As of September 30, 2013	\$32,402	\$1,003,061	\$8,077,818	\$13,959,874	\$23,073,155
separately - 89,618 971,335 - 1,060,953 Additions-acquired through business combinations - - 25,038 942,761 967,799 Transfers 22,628 1,057 - 23,685 Exchange differences - (1,035) 5,455 4,630 9,050 Others 685 (528) 6,145 - 6,302 As of September 30, 2012 \$32,985 \$1,002,683 \$7,679,753 \$14,375,778 \$23,091,199 Amortization and impairment: As of January 1, 2013 \$18,046 \$828,805 \$6,497,174 \$- \$7,344,025 Amortization 10,767 96,945 310,557 - 418,269 Exchange differences - (343) 3,495 - 3,152 Others - (24,284) (46) - (24,330) As of September 30, 2013 \$4,852 \$612,576 \$4,255,323 \$- \$4,872,751 Amortization 9,602 168,355	As of January 1, 2012	\$32,300	\$892,000	\$6,670,723	\$13,428,387	\$21,023,410
Additions-acquired through business combinations	Additions-acquired					
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Transfers 22,628 1,057 - 23,685 Exchange differences - (1,035) 5,455 4,630 9,050 Others 685 (528) 6,145 - 6,302 As of September 30, 2012 \$32,985 \$1,002,683 \$7,679,753 \$14,375,778 \$23,091,199 Amortization and impairment: As of January 1, 2013 \$18,046 \$828,805 \$6,497,174 \$- \$7,344,025 Amortization 10,767 96,945 310,557 - 418,269 Exchange differences - (343) 3,495 - 3,152 Others - (24,284) (46) - (24,330) As of September 30, 2013 \$28,813 \$901,123 \$6,811,180 \$- \$7,741,116 As of January 1, 2012 \$4,852 \$612,576 \$4,255,323 \$- \$4,872,751 Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - 376 <t< td=""><td>Additions-acquired through</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Additions-acquired through					
Exchange differences - (1,035) 5,455 4,630 9,050 Others 685 (528) 6,145 - 6,302 As of September 30, 2012 \$32,985 \$1,002,683 \$7,679,753 \$14,375,778 \$23,091,199 Amortization and impairment: As of January 1, 2013 \$18,046 \$828,805 \$6,497,174 \$- \$7,344,025 Amortization 10,767 96,945 310,557 - 418,269 Exchange differences - (343) 3,495 - 3,152 Others - (24,284) (46) - (24,330) As of September 30, 2013 \$28,813 \$901,123 \$6,811,180 \$- \$7,741,116 As of January 1, 2012 \$4,852 \$612,576 \$4,255,323 \$- \$4,872,751 Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - 376 7,944 - 8,320 Others - (4,956)	business combinations	-	-	25,038	942,761	967,799
Others 685 (528) 6,145 - 6,302 As of September 30, 2012 \$32,985 \$1,002,683 \$7,679,753 \$14,375,778 \$23,091,199 Amortization and impairment: As of January 1, 2013 \$18,046 \$828,805 \$6,497,174 \$- \$7,344,025 Amortization 10,767 96,945 310,557 - 418,269 Exchange differences - (343) 3,495 - 3,152 Others - (24,284) (46) - (24,330) As of September 30, 2013 \$28,813 \$901,123 \$6,811,180 \$- \$7,741,116 As of January 1, 2012 \$4,852 \$612,576 \$4,255,323 \$- \$4,872,751 Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - 376 7,944 - 8,320 Others - (4,956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$7	Transfers		22,628	1,057	-	23,685
As of September 30, 2012 \$32,985 \$1,002,683 \$7,679,753 \$14,375,778 \$23,091,199 Amortization and impairment: As of January 1, 2013 \$18,046 \$828,805 \$6,497,174 \$- \$7,344,025 Amortization 10,767 96,945 310,557 - 418,269 Exchange differences - (343) 3,495 - 3,152 Others - (24,284) (46) - (24,330) As of September 30, 2013 \$28,813 \$901,123 \$6,811,180 \$- \$7,741,116 As of January 1, 2012 \$4,852 \$612,576 \$4,255,323 \$- \$4,872,751 Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - 376 7,944 - 8,320 Others - (4,956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$776,351 \$6,166,870 \$- \$6,957,675 Net carrying amount as of: September 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	Exchange differences	-	(1,035)	5,455	4,630	9,050
Amortization and impairment: As of January 1, 2013 \$18,046 \$828,805 \$6,497,174 \$- \$7,344,025 Amortization 10,767 96,945 310,557 - 418,269 Exchange differences - (343) 3,495 - 3,152 Others - (24,284) (46) - (24,330) As of September 30, 2013 \$28,813 \$901,123 \$6,811,180 \$- \$7,741,116 As of January 1, 2012 \$4,852 \$612,576 \$4,255,323 \$- \$4,872,751 Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - 376 7,944 - 8,320 Others - (4,956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$776,351 \$6,166,870 \$- \$6,957,675 Net carrying amount as of: September 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	Others	685	(528)	6,145		6,302
As of January 1, 2013	As of September 30, 2012	\$32,985	\$1,002,683	\$7,679,753	\$14,375,778	\$23,091,199
As of January 1, 2013	Amortization and impairmen	nt:				
Exchange differences - (343) 3,495 - 3,152 Others - (24,284) (46) - (24,330) As of September 30, 2013 \$28,813 \$901,123 \$6,811,180 \$- \$7,741,116 As of January 1, 2012 \$4,852 \$612,576 \$4,255,323 \$- \$4,872,751 Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - 376 7,944 - 8,320 Others - (4,956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$776,351 \$6,166,870 \$- \$6,957,675 Net carrying amount as of: September 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	-		\$828,805	\$6,497,174	\$-	\$7,344,025
Others - (24,284) (46) - (24,330) As of September 30, 2013 \$28,813 \$901,123 \$6,811,180 \$- \$7,741,116 As of January 1, 2012 \$4,852 \$612,576 \$4,255,323 \$- \$4,872,751 Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - 376 7,944 - 8,320 Others - (4,956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$776,351 \$6,166,870 \$- \$6,957,675 Net carrying amount as of: September 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	Amortization	10,767	96,945	310,557	-	418,269
As of September 30, 2013 \$28,813 \$901,123 \$6,811,180 \$- \$7,741,116 As of January 1, 2012 \$4,852 \$612,576 \$4,255,323 \$- \$4,872,751 Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - 376 7,944 - 8,320 Others - (4,956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$776,351 \$6,166,870 \$- \$6,957,675 Net carrying amount as of: September 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	Exchange differences	-	(343)	3,495	-	3,152
As of January 1, 2012 \$4,852 \$612,576 \$4,255,323 \$- \$4,872,751 Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - 376 7,944 - 8,320 Others - (4,956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$776,351 \$6,166,870 \$- \$6,957,675 Net carrying amount as of: September 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	Others		(24,284)	(46)	_	(24,330)
Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - 376 7,944 - 8,320 Others - (4,956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$776,351 \$6,166,870 \$- \$6,957,675 Net carrying amount as of: September 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	As of September 30, 2013	\$28,813	\$901,123	\$6,811,180	\$-	\$7,741,116
Amortization 9,602 168,355 1,903,515 - 2,081,472 Exchange differences - 376 7,944 - 8,320 Others - (4,956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$776,351 \$6,166,870 \$- \$6,957,675 Net carrying amount as of: September 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	As of January 1, 2012	\$4,852	\$612,576	\$4,255,323	\$-	\$4,872,751
Others - (4,956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$776,351 \$6,166,870 \$- \$6,957,675 Net carrying amount as of: September 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	•				-	
Others - (4,956) 88 - (4,868) As of September 30, 2012 \$14,454 \$776,351 \$6,166,870 \$- \$6,957,675 Net carrying amount as of: September 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	Exchange differences	-	376	7,944	-	8,320
Net carrying amount as of: September 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	=	-	(4,956)	88	-	(4,868)
September 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	As of September 30, 2012	\$14,454	\$776,351	\$6,166,870	\$-	·
September 30, 2013 \$3,589 \$101,938 \$1,266,638 \$13,959,874 \$15,332,039 December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	Net carrying amount as of:					
December 31, 2012 \$14,939 \$176,262 \$1,586,636 \$13,949,611 \$15,727,448 September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	, ,	\$3,589	\$101,938	\$1,266,638	\$13,959,874	\$15,332,039
September 30, 2012 \$18,531 \$226,332 \$1,512,883 \$14,375,778 \$16,133,524	-					·
January 1, 2012 \$27,448 \$279,424 \$2,415,400 \$13,428,387 \$16,150,659	September 30, 2012			·		\$16,133,524
	January 1, 2012	\$27,448	\$279,424	\$2,415,400	\$13,428,387	\$16,150,659

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(12) Impairment testing of goodwill

The Company's goodwill allocated to each of cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units is expected to benefit from synergies of the business combination. Key assumptions used in impairment testing are as follows:

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is determined based on the value-in-use calculated using cash flow projections discounted by the pre-tax discount rate from financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. The projected cash flows reflect the change in demand for products and services. As a result of the analysis, the Company did not identify any impairment for the goodwill of NT\$13,949,611 thousand.

Key assumptions used in value-in-use calculations

The calculation of value-in-use for the cash-generating unit is most sensitive to the following assumptions:

- (a) Gross margin
- (b) Discount rates
- (c) Growth rates of sales of budget period

Gross margins - Gross margins are based on the gross margins of latest fiscal year and future trend of the market.

Discount rates - Discount rates reflect the current market assessment of the risks specific to each cash generating unit (including the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted). The discount rate was estimated based on the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) for the Company, taking into account the particular situations of the Company and its operating segments. The WACC includes both the cost of liabilities and cost of equity. The cost of equity is derived from the expected returns of the Company's investors on capital, where the cost of liabilities is measured by the interest bearing loans that the Company has obligation to settle.

Growth rates of sales estimates - The growth rate of sales were estimated by historical experience. The long-term average growth rate the Company predicted was adjusted by considering the product life cycle and the macroeconomic environment.

Sensitivity to changes in assumptions

With regard to the assessment of value-in-use of the cash-generating unit, the Company believes that no reasonably possible change in any of the above key assumptions would cause the carrying value of the unit to materially exceed its recoverable amount.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(13) Short-term borrowings

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Unsecured bank loans	\$19,760,220	\$8,880,430	\$10,504,436	\$4,089,150
Interest rates	0.75~1.10%	0.49~1.10%	0.9~1.25%	1.25~1.50%
Unused lines of credits	\$13,608,390	\$9,256,098	\$5,632,356	\$5,501,900

(14) Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plan

MTK and its domestic subsidiaries adopt a defined contribution plan in accordance with the Labor Pension Act of the R.O.C. MTK and its domestic subsidiaries have made monthly contributions of 6% of each individual employee's salaries or wages to employees' pension accounts. Subsidiaries located in the People's Republic of China will contribute social welfare benefits based on a certain percentage of employees' salaries or wages to the employees' individual pension accounts. Pension benefits for employees of foreign subsidiaries are provided in accordance with the local regulations.

Pension expenses under the defined contribution plan for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are NT\$180,003 thousand and NT\$154,180 thousand, respectively. Pension expenses under the defined contribution plan for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are NT\$523,396 thousand and NT\$434,837 thousand, respectively.

Defined benefits plan

MTK and its domestic subsidiaries adopt a defined benefit plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act of the R.O.C. The pension benefits are disbursed based on the units of service years and the average salaries in the last month of the service year. Two units per year are awarded for the first 15 years of services while one unit per year is awarded after the completion of the 15th year. The total units shall not exceed 45 units. Under the Labor Standards Act, MTK and its domestic subsidiaries contribute an amount equivalent to 2% of the employees' total salaries and wages on a monthly basis to the pension fund deposited at the Bank of Taiwan in the name of the administered pension fund committee.

Please refer to note 6(14) of the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 for the relevant disclosure on the Company's defined benefits plan.

Pension expenses under the defined benefits plan amount to NT\$2,679 thousand and NT\$3,390 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. Pension expenses under the defined benefits plan amount to NT\$8,036 thousand and NT\$9,883 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(15) Equity

A. Share capital

MTK's authorized capital was NT\$20,000,000 thousand, NT\$20,000,000 thousand, NT\$20,000,000 thousand, and NT\$12,000,000 thousand, divided into 2,000,000,000 shares, 2,000,000,000 shares, 2,000,000,000 shares, and 1,200,000,000 shares (including 20,000,000 shares reserved for exercise of employee stock options at each period) as of September 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, September 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, respectively, each at a par value of NT\$10. MTK's issued capital was NT\$13,494,088 thousand, NT\$13,493,702 thousand, NT\$13,493,623 thousand and NT\$11,475,108 thousand, divided into 1,349,408,756 shares, 1,349,370,189 shares, 1,349,362,296 shares and 1,147,510,834 shares as of September 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, September 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, respectively. Each share has one voting right and a right to receive dividends.

Based on the resolution of shareholders' general meeting on June 13, 2012, MTK resolved to increase authorized shares of MTK amounted to NT\$20,000,000 thousand, divided into 2,000,000,000 shares (including 20,000,000 shares reserved for exercise of employee stock options), each share at par value of NT\$10. The government approval has been successfully obtained.

The board of directors approved a tender offer to acquire shares of MStar Semiconductor, Inc. (Cayman) ("MStar") on June 22, 2012. MTK totally issued 201,767,854 new shares at par value of NT\$10 to acquire 48% shares of MStar. The government approval has been successfully obtained.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, MTK issued 86,287 new shares at par value of NT\$10 for the employee stock options exercised. Furthermore, 57,945 shares (NT\$579 thousand in the amount) were not yet registered and therefore were classified as capital collected in advance.

B. Capital surplus

	September 30, December 31,		September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Additional paid-in capital	\$66,573,500	\$78,042,994	\$78,042,950	\$23,161,573
Treasury share transactions	1,081,591	1,011,446	1,011,446	941,301
From differences between				
equity purchase price and				
carrying amount arising				
from acquisition or				
disposal of subsidiaries	151,548	151,548	-	-
Donated assets	1,260	1,260	1,260	1,260
From share of changes in				
net assets of associates	50,832	36,634	3,840	2,719
Employee stock options	383,497	326,043	302,313	276,382
Others	134,152	102,573	105,171	105,174
Total	\$68,376,380	\$79,672,498	\$79,466,980	\$24,488,409

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

According to the Company Law, the capital surplus shall not be used except for offset the deficit of the company. When a company incurs no loss, it may distribute the capital surplus generated from the excess of the issuance price over the par value of share capital (including the shares issued for mergers and the surplus from treasury shares transactions) and donations. The distribution could be made in cash or in the form of dividend shares to its shareholders in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of them.

C. Treasury shares

As of September 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, September 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, MTK did not hold the treasury shares.

As of September 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, September 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, MTK's shares held by the subsidiary, MediaTek Capital Corp., were NT\$55,970 thousand, and the number of MTK's shares held were 7,794,085 shares. These shares held by MediaTek Capital Corp. were acquired for the purpose of financing before the amendment of the Company Act on November 12, 2001.

D. Retained earnings and dividend policy

According to the MTK's Articles of Incorporation, current year's earnings, if any, shall be distributed in the following order:

- a. Income tax obligation;
- b. Offsetting accumulated deficits, if any;
- c. Legal reserve at 10% of net income after tax; where such legal reserve amounts to the total authorized capital, this provision shall not apply.
- d. Special reserve in compliance with the Company Law or the Securities and Exchange Law:
- e. Remuneration for directors and supervisors to a maximum of 0.5% of the remaining current year's earnings after deducting item (a) through (d). Remuneration for directors and supervisors' services is limited to cash payments.
- f. The remaining after all above appropriations and distributions, combining with undistributed earnings from prior years, shall be fully for shareholders' dividends and employees' bonuses and may be retained or distributed proportionally. The portion of employees' bonuses may not be less than 1% of total earnings resolved to distribute for shareholders' dividends and employees' bonuses. Employees' bonuses may be distributed in the form of shares or cash, or a combination of both. Employees' of MTK's subsidiaries, meeting certain requirements determined by the board of directors, are also eligible for the employees' stock bonuses.

Shareholders' dividends may be distributed in the form of shares or cash, or a combination of both, and cash dividends to be distributed may not be less than 10% of total dividends to be distributed.

According to the Company Law, MTK needs to set aside amount to legal reserve unless where such legal reserve amounts to the total authorized capital. The legal reserve can be used to offset the deficit of MTK. When MTK incurs no loss, it may distribute the portion of legal reserve which exceeds 25% of the paid-in capital by issuing new shares or by cash in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of the shareholders.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Pursuant to existing regulations, MTK is required to set aside additional special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of the other components of shareholders' equity. For any subsequent reversal of other net deductions from shareholders' equity, the amount reversed may be distributed.

Following the adoption of TIFRS, the FSC on April 6, 2012 issued Order No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Corporate-1010012865, which sets out the following provisions for compliance:

On a public company's first-time adoption of the TIFRS, for any unrealized revaluation gains and cumulative translation adjustments (gains) recorded to shareholders' equity that the company elects to transfer to retained earnings by application of the exemption under IFRS 1, the company shall set aside an equal amount of special reserve. Following a company's adoption of the TIFRS for the preparation of its financial reports, when distributing distributable earnings, it shall set aside to special reserve, from the profit/loss of the current period and the undistributed earnings from the previous period, the special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of the other components of shareholders' equity for the current fiscal year, provided that if the company has already set aside special reserve according to the requirements in the preceding point, it shall set aside supplemental special reserve based on the difference between the amount already set aside and other net deductions from shareholders' equity, the amount reversed may be distributed.

As of January 1, 2013, special reserve set aside for the first-time adoption of TIFRS amounts to nil.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the amounts of the employees' bonuses were estimated to be NT\$1,092,627 thousand and NT\$1,277,867 thousand, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the amounts of remunerations to directors and supervisors were estimated to be NT\$26,662 thousand and NT\$16,268 thousand, respectively. The employees' bonuses were estimated based on a specific rate of net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (excluding the impact of employees' bonuses) while the remunerations to directors and supervisors were estimated based on MTK's Articles of Incorporation. Estimated amount of employees' bonuses and remunerations paid to directors and supervisors were charged to current income. If the resolution of shareholders' general meeting modifies the estimates significantly in the subsequent year, MTK shall recognize the change as an adjustment to income of next year. If stock bonuses are resolved for distribution to employees, the number of shares distributed is determined by dividing the amount of bonuses by the closing price (after considering the effect of cash and stock dividends) of shares on the day preceding the shareholders' meeting.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The appropriations of earnings for 2012 and 2011 were resolved by the board of directors' meeting on May 10, 2013 and March 21, 2012, while the appropriations of earnings for 2012 and 2011 were resolved by the shareholders' general meeting on June 21, 2013 and June 13, 2012. The amounts resolved in the shareholders' general meeting were consistent with those determined by the board of directors. The details of the distribution are as follows:

	Appropriation	on of earnings	Dividend pe	er share (NT\$)
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Legal reserve	\$1,568,753	\$1,362,307	\$-	\$-
Special reserve (reversal)	2,862,113	(1,987,809)	\$-	\$-
Cash dividends-common stock	674,690	10,328,124	\$0.50	\$9.00
Directors' and supervisors'				
remunerations	28,141	28,497	\$-	\$-
Employees' bonuses-cash	895,875	1,714,243	\$-	\$-
Total	\$6,029,572	\$11,445,362		

On May 10, 2013, the board of directors resolved a cash distribution of NT\$9 per share (NT\$12,144,424 thousand in the amount), among which NT\$8.5 per share (NT\$11,469,734 thousand in the amount) is from capital surplus while the remaining is from earnings. The cash distribution was approved by the shareholders' meeting on June 21, 2013.

The difference between the resolution of the shareholders' general meeting and the estimated expense of the directors' and supervisors' remuneration and the employees' bonuses for 2012 are as follows:

The amount				Difference
	resolved by the			reasons and
	shareholders'	Expense		the accounting
Appropriations	general meeting	estimated	Difference	treatment
Employees' bonuses-cash	\$895,875	\$895,875	\$-	-
Directors' and supervisors'				
remunerations	\$28,141	\$24,421	\$3,720	(Note)

Note: The difference, which was resulted from different calculation basis between the original accrual and the amount actually paid, was included in the profit or loss in 2013.

The information about employees' bonuses and directors' and supervisors' remunerations which were resolved by the board of directors' meeting and shareholders' meeting is available at the Market Observation Post System website.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

E. Other equity

	Exchange differences	Unrealized gains	
	resulting from translating	from	
	the financial statements of	available-for-sale	
	foreign operations	financial assets	Total
As of January 1, 2013	\$(5,762,485)	\$579,111	\$(5,183,374)
Exchange differences resulting from			
translating the financial			
statements of foreign operations	1,133,362	-	1,133,362
Unrealized gains from			
available-for-sale financial assets	-	464,101	464,101
Unrealized gains reclassified to			
profit or loss upon disposal of			
available-for-sale financial assets	-	129,169	129,169
Share of other comprehensive			
income of associates accounted			
for using equity method	984,320		984,320
As of September 30, 2013	\$(3,644,803)	\$1,172,381	\$(2,472,422)
	Exchange differences	Unrealized gains	
	resulting from translating	from	
	the financial statements of	available-for-sale	
	foreign operations	financial assets	Total
As of January 1, 2012	\$(2,253,687)	\$43,192	\$(2,210,495)
Exchange differences resulting from			
translating the financial			
statements of foreign operations	(1,612,260)	-	(1,612,260)
Unrealized gains from			
available-for-sale financial assets	-	644,989	644,989
Unrealized gains reclassified to			
profit or loss upon disposal of			
available-for-sale financial assets	-	85,377	85,377
Share of other comprehensive			
income of associates accounted			
for using equity method	(318,320)	<u>-</u>	(318,320)
As of September 30, 2012	\$(4,184,267)	\$773,558	\$(3,410,709)
		·	

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

F. Non-controlling interests

	Nine months ended September 3	
	2013	2012
Beginning balance	\$34,209	\$50,311
Loss attributable to non-controlling interests	(23,727)	(21,979)
Other comprehensive income, attributable to non-controlling interests, net of tax:		
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of foreign operations	6,159	3,422
Acquisition of new shares in a subsidiary not in proportionate to ownership interest	26,142	
Ending balance	\$42,783	\$31,754

(16) Share-based payment plans

Certain employees of the Company are entitled to share-based payment as part of their remunerations. Services are provided by the employees in return for the equity instruments granted. These plans are accounted for as equity-settled share-based payment transactions.

In December 2007, July 2009, May 2010, August 2011, August 2012 and August 2013, MTK was authorized by the Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan, to issue employee stock options of 5,000,000 units, 3,000,000 units, 3,500,000 units, 3,500,000 units, 3,500,000 units, and 3,500,000 units, respectively, each unit eligible to subscribe for one common share. The options may be granted to qualified employees of MTK or any of its domestic or foreign subsidiaries, in which MTK's shareholding with voting rights, directly or indirectly, is more than fifty percent. The options are valid for ten years and exercisable at certain percentage subsequent to the second anniversary of the granted date. Under the terms of the plan, the options are granted at an exercise price equal to the closing price of MTK's common shares listed on the TWSE on the grant date.

Detail information relevant to the share-based payment plan is disclosed as follows:

Date of grant	Total number of	Total number of	Shares available for	Exercise price
Date of grafft	options granted	options outstanding	option holders	(NTD) (Note)
2008.03.31	1,134,119	445,264	445,264	\$358.0
2008.08.28	1,640,285	706,196	706,196	344.5
2009.08.18	1,382,630	709,146	709,146	431.0
2010.08.27	1,605,757	910,175	910,175	404.8
2010.11.04	65,839	15,557	15,557	377.0
2011.08.24	2,109,871	1,648,865	1,648,865	277.4
2012.08.14	1,346,795	1,197,426	1,197,426	286.8
2013.08.22	1,436,343	1,420,308	1,420,308	368.0

Note: The exercise prices have been adjusted to reflect the change of outstanding shares (i.e. the share issued for cash, the appropriations of earnings, issuance of new shares in connection with merger, or issuance of new shares to acquire shares of other companies) in accordance with the plan.

The compensation cost was recognized under the fair value method and the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model was used to estimate the fair value of options granted. Assumptions used in calculating the fair value are disclosed as follows:

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Employee Stock Option
Expected dividend yield (%)	2.43%~6.63%
Expected volatility (%)	32.9%~50.06%
Risk free interest rate (%)	0.93%~2.53%
Expected life (Years)	6.5 years

The expected life of the share options is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

The following table contains further details on the aforementioned share-based payment plan:

	Nine months ended September 30				
	2013		2012		
		Weighted-average		Weighted-average	
	Options	Exercise Price per	Options	Exercise Price	
Employee Stock Option	(Unit)	Share (NTD)	(Unit)	per Share (NTD)	
Outstanding at beginning of					
period	6,045,493	\$332.7	5,198,793	\$359.6	
Granted	1,436,343	368.0	1,346,795	286.8	
Exercised	(39,183)	296.4	-	-	
Forfeited (Expired)	(389,716)	298.9	(437,574)	336.5	
Outstanding at end of period	7,052,937	267.0	6,108,014	332.9	
Exercisable at end of period	2,897,870		1,951,053		
Weighted-average fair value of options granted during					
the period (in NTD)	\$96.5		\$90.5		

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise of those options was NT\$367.8 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

The information on the outstanding share-based payment plan as of September 30, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

		Nine months ended September 30				
			2013		2012	
		Outstand	ing stock options	Outstandin	ng stock options	
		Weighted-		Weighted-		
		average	Weighted-	average	Weighted-	
	Range of	Expected	average Exercise	Expected	average Exercise	
	Exercise Price	Remaining	Price per Share	Remaining	Price per Share	
Date of grant	(NTD)	Years	(NTD)	Years	(NTD)	
2007.12.19	\$344.5~358.0	1.25	\$349.7	2.26	\$364.9	
2009.07.27	431.0	2.38	431.0	3.38	460.6	
2010.05.10	377.0~404.8	3.42	404.3	4.42	429.2	
2011.08.09	277.4	4.42	277.4	5.42	280.0	
2012.07.20	286.8	5.38	286.8	6.38	291.0	
2013.08.22	368.0	6.42	368.0	-	-	

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

MTK issued new shares to exchange 100% shares of Ralink Technology Corp. on October 1, 2011. According to the share-swap agreement, MTK also issued its own stock options to replace Ralink's stock options. The original terms of Ralink's options remain except for the changes: a) the underlying shares have been changed to MTK's shares; and b) the number of shares each option can subscribe for has been changed according to the share exchange ratio stated in the share swap agreement.

Details of Ralink's share-based payment plan to be replaced are shown below:

		Total number	Total number of			
	Total	of options	options outstanding	Total	Shares	Exercise
Date of grant	number of	outstanding	translated by share	number of	available	price
Date of grant	options	on the shares	exchange ratio on	options	for option	(NTD)
	granted	exchange	the shares exchange	outstanding	holders	(Note)
		date	date			
2006.06.30	91,000	1,575	499	ı	1	\$14.3
2006.09.30	599,500	9,763	3,092	-	1	14.3
2006.12.31	78,000	3,936	1,247	ī	1	14.3
2007.03.31	273,000	11,967	3,791	-	1	15.7
2007.06.30	150,000	32,879	10,416	1	1	15.7
2007.09.30	560,000	149,568	47,368	-	-	15.7
2007.12.30	17,000	944	299	-	-	15.7
2007.12.31	1,000,000	277,490	87,895	591	591	16.7

Note: The exercise prices have been adjusted to reflect the change of outstanding shares (i.e. the share issued for cash or the appropriations of earnings) in accordance with the plan.

The Black-Scholes Option Pricing model was used to estimate the fair value of options granted to replace Ralink's options. Assumptions used in calculating the fair value are disclosed as follows:

Employee Stock Option

	Employee Stock Option
Expected dividend yield (%)	6.57%
Expected volatility (%)	39.5%
Risk free interest rate (%)	0.71%~0.86%
Expected life (Years)	0.75 year

The aforementioned expected option life is based on historical data of period for previously granted options and current expectations are not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The weighted-average exercise price of the options granted to replace Ralink's options is disclosed as follows:

_	Nine months ended September 30						
		2013	2012				
		Weighted-average		Weighted-average			
	Options	Exercise Price per	Options	Exercise Price			
Employee Stock Option	(Unit)	Share (NTD)	(Unit)	per Share (NTD)			
Outstanding at beginning of							
period	52,483	\$16.4	144,735	\$16.3			
Granted	-	-	-	-			
Exercised	(47,104)	16.4	(82,027)	16.2			
Forfeited (Expired)	(4,788)	16.2		-			
Outstanding at end of period	591	16.7	62,708	16.3			
Exercisable at end of period	591		62,708				
Weighted-average fair value of options granted during							
the period (in NTD)	\$-		\$-				

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise of those options were NT\$346.2 and NT\$279.7 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The information on the outstanding share-based payment plan as of September 30, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

		Nine months ended September 30					
			2013	2012			
		Outstanding stock options		Outstandir	ng stock options		
		Weighted-		Weighted-			
		average	Weighted-	average	Weighted-		
	Range of	Expected	average Exercise	Expected	average Exercise		
	Exercise Price	Remaining	Price per Share	Remaining	Price per Share		
Date of grant	(NTD)	Years	(NTD)	Years	(NTD)		
2007.01.29	\$15.7	-	\$15.7	0.03	\$15.7		
2007.10.30	16.7	-	16.7	0.08	16.7		

The expense recognized for employee services received for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, is shown in the following table:

	Nine months ended September 30		
	2013	2012	
Total equity-settled transactions	\$57,454	\$25,931	

There have been no cancellations or modifications to any of the plans during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(17) Sales

	Three mor	nths ended	Nine months ended September 30		
	Septen	nber 30			
	2013 2012		2013	2012	
Sale of goods	\$44,424,671	\$33,899,586	\$109,546,091	\$81,016,575	
Less: Sales returns and discounts	(5,645,516)	(4,615,613)	(13,860,205)	(8,939,438)	
Other operating revenues	228,633	186,956	572,154	449,014	
Net sales	\$39,007,788	\$29,470,929	\$96,258,040	\$72,526,151	

(18) Summary statement of employee benefits, depreciation and amortization expenses by function for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

		Three months ended September 30						
		2013			2012			
	Operating	Operating	Total	Operating	Operating	Total		
	costs	expenses	Total	costs	expenses	Total		
Employee benefits expense								
Salaries	\$49,688	\$4,684,464	\$4,734,152	\$45,103	\$3,619,033	\$3,664,136		
Labor and health insurance	\$6,114	\$215,646	\$221,760	\$3,226	\$174,159	\$177,385		
Pension	\$3,016	\$182,666	\$185,682	\$2,833	\$154,737	\$157,570		
Others	\$1,716	\$188,025	\$189,741	\$1,330	\$154,062	\$155,392		
Depreciation	\$697	\$300,470	\$301,167	\$702	\$306,476	\$307,178		
Amortization	\$-	\$127,251	\$127,251	\$20	\$1,021,991	\$1,022,011		

		Nine months ended September 30						
		2013			2012			
	Operating	Operating	Total	Operating	Operating	Total		
	costs	expenses	Total	costs	expenses	Total		
Employee benefits expense								
Salaries	\$145,505	\$12,142,792	\$12,288,297	\$146,196	\$9,944,121	\$10,090,317		
Labor and health insurance	\$13,679	\$551,264	\$564,943	\$9,644	\$502,999	\$512,643		
Pension	\$8,580	\$522,852	\$531,432	\$8,588	\$436,132	\$444,720		
Others	\$4,053	\$490,162	\$494,215	\$3,547	\$410,083	\$413,630		
Depreciation	\$2,093	\$908,295	\$910,388	\$2,159	\$920,986	\$923,145		
Amortization	\$-	\$418,269	\$418,269	\$246	\$2,081,226	\$2,081,472		

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(19)			hs ended per 30		nths ended
	-	2013	2012	2013	2012
	Rental income	\$2,478	\$2,317	\$7,367	\$6,760
	Interest income	415,623	445,893	1,249,972	1,327,835
	Dividend income	69,574	88,580	138,764	123,010
	Gain on reversal of bad debts	(31,254)	-	48,467	-
	Others	127,796	88,930	239,629	313,945
	Total	\$584,217	\$625,720	\$1,684,199	\$1,771,550
(20)	Other gains and losses	Three months ended September 30			nths ended nber 30
	_	2013	2012	2013	2012
	Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Losses) gains on disposal of investments	\$(561)	\$(1,156)	\$(1,509)	\$(1,884)
	Financial assets measured at cost Available-for-sale financial	1771	(67)	1772	3,063
	assets	(2,515)	4,565	(36,180)	4,080
	Investment accounted for using the equity method	-	-	_	1,058,266
	Foreign exchange gains (losses)	(91,793)	41,547	201,688	(15,315)
	Impairment losses Financial assets measured at cost	_	(88,826)	(351,783)	(88,826)
	Available-for-sale financial	_	(88,820)	(331,763)	(66,626)
	assets	-	-	(97,900)	(84,998)
	Gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Gains (losses) on financial	41,962	52,630	6,548	75,505
	liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	5,768	1,918	(2,853)	(2,063)
	Others	(16,589)	(17,422)	(41,344)	(17,695)
	Total	\$(61,957)	\$(6,811)	\$(321,561)	\$930,133
/2.4 \					
(21)	Finance costs	Three mont			oths ended onber 30
	- -	2013	2012	2013	2012
	Interest expenses on short-term borrowings	\$37,094	\$32,390	\$88,526	\$83,931

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(22) Income tax

The major components of income tax expense are as follows:

	Three months ended		Nine months ended		
	Septem	ber 30	September 30		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Current income tax	\$542,515	\$324,462	\$1,708,522	\$604,918	
Deferred tax (income) expense	152,975	(33,114)	(532,670)	238,503	
Others	(76,620)	(104,826)	56,193	6,445	
Income tax expense recognized					
in profit or loss	\$618,870	\$186,522	\$1,232,045	\$849,866	

A reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting profit multiplied by applicable tax rates is as follows:

	Nine months ended September 3	
	2013	2012
Accounting profit before tax from continuing operations	\$20,100,486	\$11,914,913
Tax at the domestic rates applicable to profits in the country		
concerned	\$4,290,330	\$2,901,907
Tax effect of revenues exempt from taxation	(1,847,501)	(962,878)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(1,066,180)	(1,287,444)
Investment tax credits	(1,058,197)	(392,045)
Tax effect of deferred tax assets/liabilities	120,753	(209,155)
10% surtax on undistributed retained earnings	1,058,197	392,045
Others	(265,367)	407,436
Total income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	\$1,232,045	\$849,866

Details of MTK and domestic subsidiaries' unused tax credit are as follows:

Pursuant to the "Statute for Upgrading Industries", MTK and subsidiary - Ralink Technology Corp. are qualified as a technical service industry and is therefore entitled to an income tax exemption period for five consecutive years on the income generated from qualifying high technology activities. MTK has elected the tax exemption periods from January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2013, January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014 and January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2015. The subsidiary, Ralink Technology Corp. has elected the tax exemption periods form March 1, 2007 through February 29, 2012 and January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2016.

			Unused tax credits as of					
Laws and		September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,	Expiration		
regulations	Items	2013	2012	2012	2012	year		
The Statute for	Investment tax credit							
Upgrading	relates to research							
Industries	and development	\$-	\$-	\$1,756,205	\$2,448,042	2012		
The Statute for	Investment tax credit							
Upgrading	relates to research							
Industries	and development	3,177,732	4,241,929	4,241,929	4,727,169	2013		
		\$3,177,732	\$4,241,929	\$5,998,134	\$7,175,211			

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Integrated	income	tax	in	forn	ation

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012	January 1, 2012
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Balance of the imputation credit				
account	\$1,698,227	\$1,257,643	\$1,205,464	\$1,220,357

The expected creditable ratio for 2012 and the actual creditable ratio for 2011 were 2.82% and 2.56%, respectively.

MTK's earnings generated in the year ended December 31, 1997 and prior years have been fully appropriated.

The assessment of income tax returns

As of September 30, 2013, the assessment of the income tax returns of MTK and its subsidiaries are as follows:

	The assessment of income tax returns	Notes	
MTK	Assessed and approved up to 2010	(Note)	
Subsidiary-Ralink Technology Corp.	Assessed and approved up to 2010	(Note)	
Subsidiary-T-Rich Technology Corp.	Assessed and approved up to 2011		

Note: For the tax return of 2010, 2009 of MTK, and the tax return of 2010 of subsidiary-Ralink Technology Corp., the tax authorities have assessed additional taxes. The discrepancy between the Company's tax return filing and the result of tax authority's assessment was mainly due to different interpretations by applying rules. Although the Company has vigorously filed several administrative appeals to tax authorities and courts, the Company paid the amount in full.

(23) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing net profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity owners of the parent entity by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to ordinary equity owners of the parent entity by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

		nths ended	Nine months ended	
	Septen	nber 30	Septem	nber 30
	2013	2012	2013	2012
A. Basic earnings per share				
Profit attributable to ordinary				
equity owners of the parent (in				
thousand NT\$)	\$8,428,301	\$4,927,641	\$18,892,168	\$11,087,026
Weighted average number of				
ordinary shares outstanding				
for basic earnings per share				
(share)	1,341,621,663	1,240,689,589	1,341,609,544	1,173,662,349
Basic earnings per share (NT\$)	\$6.28	\$3.97	\$14.08	\$9.45

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	Septem	nber 30	Septen	nber 30
	2013	2012	2013	2012
B. Diluted earnings per share				
Profit attributable to ordinary				
equity owners of the parent (in				
thousand NT\$)	\$8,428,301	\$4,927,641	\$18,892,168	\$11,087,026
Weighted average number of				
ordinary shares outstanding				
for basic earnings per share				
(share)	1,341,621,663	1,240,689,589	1,341,609,544	1,173,662,349
Effect of dilution:				
Employee bonuses-stock (share)	4,672,018	8,423,374	4,672,018	8,423,374
Employee stock options (share)	365,458	61,795	290,697	78,448
Weighted average number of				
ordinary shares outstanding				
after dilution (share)	1,346,659,139	1,249,174,758	1,346,572,259	1,182,164,171
Diluted earnings per share				
(NT\$)	\$6.26	\$3.94	\$14.03	\$9.38

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of completion of the financial statements.

(24) Business combinations

Acquisition of MediaTek Sweden AB

The Company's subsidiary Gaintech Co. Limited ("GCL") acquired 100% shares of Coresonic AB on April 10, 2012. Coresonic AB is a non-public company, and specializing in the Digital signal processing (DSP) architecture. The Company has acquired Coresonic AB because it significantly enlarges the range of framework and technologies products of wireless communication that can be more competitive in market for relative solution. After the merger, Coresonic AB became 100%-owned by GCL and was renamed "MediaTek Sweden AB".

The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of MediaTek Sweden AB as of the date of acquisition were:

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Fair value recognized on the
	acquisition date (US\$'000)
Cash and cash equivalents	3,235
Trade receivables	36
Other receivables	22
Prepayments	49
Property, plant and equipment	138
Intangible assets-IPs	15,221
	18,701
Trade payables	(74)
Other payables	(40)
Current tax liabilities	(434)
Other current liabilities	(882)
	(1,430)
Identifiable net assets	17,271
Goodwill of MediaTek Sweden AB is as follows:	
Purchase consideration	35,000
Less: identifiable net assets at fair value	(17,271)
Goodwill	17,729
Cash flows on acquisition:	
Net cash acquired with the subsidiary	3,235
Transaction costs attributable to cash paid	(35,000)
Net cash flow on acquisition	(31,765)

The goodwill of USD17,729 thousand comprises the value of expected synergies arising from the acquisition. The goodwill recognized is expected not to be deductible for income tax purposes.

MediaTek Sweden AB contributed NT\$80,891 thousand from the date of acquisition (April 10, 2012) to September 30, 2012 to net loss before tax of the Company. If the combination had taken place at the beginning of that year, revenue would have been NT\$1,044 thousand and the net loss before tax for the Company would have been NT\$138,612 thousand.

(25) Changes in parent's ownership interests in subsidiaries

Changes in ownership of subsidiaries

In October 2012, Gaintech Co. Limited disposed part of shares of Hesine Technologies International Worldwide Inc. and received certain publicly quoted equity investments as the considerations. Therefore, the percentage of ownership of Hesine Technologies International Worldwide Inc. decreased to 65%. The Company did not lose control over Hesine Technologies International Worldwide Inc. under the disposal and therefore the disposal was recorded as an equity transaction. The difference of NT\$151,548 thousand between the fair value of the consideration received and the non-controlling interests was recognized directly in equity.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

7. Related Party Transactions

(1) Significant transactions with related parties

A. Sales

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ende	ed September 30
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Associates	\$-	\$874	\$ -	\$874

For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, the trade credit term for related parties and third-party customers were both 45 to 60 days. Third-party customers may prepay their accounts in advance.

B. IC testing, experimental services, and manufacturing technology services

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months en	ded September 30
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Other related parties	\$2,090,671	\$1,288,177	\$4,765,264	\$3,643,689

C. Royalty Expense

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ende	ed September 30
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Other related parties	\$26,807	\$-	\$26,807	\$-

D. Rental income

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ende	ed September 30
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Associates	\$129	\$-	\$343	\$-
Other related parties	2,318	2,219	6,869	6,598
	\$2,447	\$2,219	\$7,212	\$6,598

NT\$876 thousand was received from other related parties, which was accounted for as deposits received due to a lease of office space.

E. Trade receivables from related parties

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Other related parties	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$23,567

F. Other receivables from related parties

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Associates	\$45	\$30	\$-	\$-
Other related parties	154	766	1,189	327
	\$199	\$796	\$1,189	\$327

Other receivables from related parties are composed mainly of rent receivables as of September 30, 2013.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

G. Trade payables to related parties

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Other related parties	\$1,967,926	\$1,003,337	\$1,209,523	\$958,936

H. Other trade payables to relates parties

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Other related parties	\$13,901	\$-	\$-	\$-

I. Key management personnel compensation

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30		September 30	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Short-term employee benefits (Note)	\$563,376	\$247,194	\$705,306	\$390,821
Post-employment benefits	1,717	1,513	3,467	2,687
Total	\$565,093	\$248,707	\$708,773	\$393,508

Note: The Company estimated the management personnel compensation of short-term employee benefits based on the accrued bonuses and the actual proportion of earning appropriation in the past.

8. Assets Pledged as Collateral

The following table lists assets of the Company pledged as security:

		_			
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,	
Assets pledged for security	2013	2012	2012	2012	Purpose of pledge
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	\$6,917	\$6,917	\$6,917	\$6,917	Land lease guarantee
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	3,104	3,067	3,067	3,030	Customs clearance deposits
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	102,000	102,000	-	-	Project performance deposits
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	1,615	1,547	3,037	3,165	Credit guarantee
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	-	-	7,000	-	Pledged for L/C
Bond investments for which no active market exists-current	-	67	-	-	Customs clearance deposits
Bond investments for which no active market exists-noncurrent	237	267	652	671	Customs clearance deposits
Bond investments for which no active market exists-noncurrent	118	133	-	-	Lease execution deposits
Total	\$113,991	\$113,998	\$20,673	\$13,783	=

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

9. Contingencies and Off Balance Sheet Commitments

(1) Operating lease commitments-the Company as lessee

The Company has entered into commercial leases, and these leases have an average life of three to ten years with no renewal options included in the contracts. There are no restrictions placed upon the Company by entering into these leases.

Future minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Not later than one year	\$279,838	\$311,865	\$154,091	\$141,427
Later than one year and not later				
than five years	546,568	673,326	452,136	346,365
Later than five years	220,313	284,296	293,040	249,276
Total	\$1,046,719	\$1,269,487	\$899,267	\$737,068

(2) Legal claim contingency

a. Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. ("Freescale") filed a complaint with the U.S. International Trade Commission against MTK and two other Respondents on June 8, 2011 alleging infringement of United States Patents No. 5,467,455. Freescale alleged that MTK's DTV chips infringe its patent and sought to prevent the accused products from being imported into the United States. U.S. International Trade Commission issued an Initial Determination for the above referenced matter on July 12, 2012 that found no violation of Section 337 of the Tariff Act by MTK's products, Freescale failed to establish the domestic industry element, Freescale's asserted patent claims are invalid, and MTK's products do not infringe the asserted patent claims. On September 12, 2012, the U.S. International Trade Commission issued a Notice of its affirmation of all of the findings listed above and the termination of this investigation.

Freescale also filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas against MTK and one other defendant on June 8, 2011, alleging infringement of United States Patent No. 5,467,455. Freescale alleged that MTK's DTV chips infringe its patent and sought damages and an injunction to prevent the accused products from being sold in the future.

MTK filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California against Freescale on November 3, 2011 alleging infringement of United States Patent Nos. 6,738,845, 6,088,753, 6,311,244, and 6,889,331. MTK alleged that Freescale's multimedia application processors and micro-controller products infringe the above referenced patents, and sought damages and an injunction to prevent the accused products from being sold in the future.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Freescale filed a complaint in the U.S. International Trade Commission against MTK and thirteen other Respondents on November 30, 2011 alleging infringement of United States Patent No. 5,467,455. Freescale alleged that MTK's DTV chips infringe its patent and sought to prevent the accused products from being imported into the United States. U.S. International Trade Commission issued an Initial Determination for the above referenced matter on September 28, 2012, granting MTK and other Respondents' request to terminate this investigation. On October 31, 2012, the U.S. International Trade Commission issued a Notice of its affirmation of the Initial Determination, formally terminating this investigation.

Additionally, Freescale filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas against MTK on July 6, 2012 alleging infringement of United States Patent Nos. 6,920,316, 5,825,640, 5,943,274. Freescale alleged that MTK's DTV chips infringe its patents and sought damages and an injunction to prevent the accused products from being sold in the future.

- b. Azure Networks, LLC ("Azure") and Tri-County Excelsior Foundation ("TCEF") filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Taxes against Ralink and Ralink Technology Corporation (USA), along with other defendants in March 2011, alleging infringement of United States Patent No. 7,756,129. On April 6, 2012, Azure and TCEF filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas against MTK alleging infringement of the same patent referenced above. The operation of MTK and subsidiaries Ralink and Ralink Technology Corporation (USA) would not be materially affected by those patent litigations. On May 30, 2013, the Court entered a judgment in favor of Ralink and other defendants, dismissing the earlier case subject to the plaintiffs' right to appeal. An appeal has been filed by plaintiffs on June 20, 2013. On June 10, 2013, the Court entered a judgment dismissing the later case pursuant to the parties' joint stipulation.
- c. Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas against MTK and subsidiaries MediaTek USA Inc., Ralink, and Ralink Technology Corporation (USA), along with other defendants on August 27, 2012 alleging infringement of United States Patent No. 5,487,069. The operations of MTK and subsidiaries MediaTek USA Inc., Ralink, and Ralink Technology Corporation (USA) would not be materially affected by this case.
- d. Palmchip Technology Corporation filed a complaint in the Superior Court of California in the County of Santa Clara against MTK and subsidiaries MediaTek USA Inc., Ralink and Ralink Technology Corporation (USA) on October 19, 2012, asserting claims of breach of contract. The operations of MTK and subsidiaries MediaTek USA Inc., Ralink and Ralink Technology Corporation (USA) would not be materially affected by this case.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

- e. Lake Cherokee Hard Drive Technologies, LCC filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas against MTK, and subsidiary MediaTek USA Inc., along with other defendants on July 23, 2013 alleging that MTK's optical disc drive chips infringe United States Patents Nos. 5,991,911 and 6,048,090. The operations of MTK and subsidiary MediaTek USA Inc., would not be materially affected by this case.
- f. Optical Devices, LLC ("Optical Devices") filed a complaint with the U.S. International Trade Commission against MTK and subsidiary MediaTek USA Inc. on September 3, 2013 alleging infringement of Unites States Patent No. 8,416,651. Optical Devices alleged that MTK's optical disc drive chips infringe its patent and sought to prevent the accused products from being imported into the United States. Also on September 3, 2013, Optical Devices filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware against MTK and subsidiary MediaTek USA Inc., alleging that MTK's optical disc drive chips infringe the above referenced patent. The operations of MTK and subsidiary MediaTek USA Inc., would not be materially affected by this case.

The Company will handle these cases carefully.

(3) The merger of MStar Semiconductor Inc. (Cayman)

A merger agreement was approved by the special shareholders' meeting on October 12, 2012. Based on the resolution of the special shareholders' meeting, MTK expects to issue 218,581,841 new shares and pay NT\$275,292 thousand in cash to acquire the remaining 52% shares of MStar Semiconductor Inc. (Cayman) ("MStar"). The number of shares to be issued and the amount of cash to be paid were subsequently adjusted to be 221,123,877 shares and NT\$278,494 thousand, based on MTK's board resolution dated October 29, 2012.

The merger transaction has been conditionally approved by Ministry of Commerce of the People's Republic of China ("MOFCOM") on August 27, 2013. Contingent upon the completion of a working plan approved by MOFCOM, which is estimated to be completed and approved within three months of August 27, 2013, the merger transaction can be completed. In consideration of the review of such working plan by MOFCOM and the completion of the necessary procedures for MStar to delist, MTK and MStar mutually agree to revise the tentative merger effective date to February 1, 2014. The merger consideration is unchanged.

10. Losses due to Major Disasters

None

11. Significant Subsequent Events

None

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

12.Others

- (1) Financial instruments
 - A. Categories of financial instruments

Financial	assets

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012	January 1, 2012
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss:				
Held for trading financial assets	\$5,630	\$244	\$5,679	\$66
Financial assets designated upon				
initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss	3,051,553	2,114,173	2,118,412	3,356,687
Subtotal	3,057,183	2,114,417	2,124,091	3,356,753
Available-for-sale financial assets	7,355,871	7,185,908	7,197,057	5,356,022
Financial assets measured at cost	1,797,297	2,083,114	2,528,598	2,017,613
Held-to-maturity financial assets	883,421	796,860	1,125,077	876,548
Loans and receivables:	003,421	790,800	1,123,077	670,346
Cash and cash equivalents				
(exclude cash on hand and				
petty cash)	107,615,702	85,866,200	85,144,243	85,819,418
Bond investments for which no				
active market exists	113,991	113,998	1,020,673	1,013,783
Trade receivables (including				
related parties)	11,059,054	6,584,610	8,216,424	7,383,884
Other receivables	4,473,886	5,076,122	4,306,010	2,961,830
Subtotal	123,262,633	97,640,930	98,687,350	97,178,915
Total	\$136,356,405	\$109,821,229	\$111,662,173	\$108,785,851
Physical Relation				
Financial liabilities	September 30,	December 31	September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss:				
Held for trading financial				
liabilities	\$2,853	\$2,638	\$2,063	<u>\$-</u>
Financial liabilities at amortized				
cost:	10.760.220	0.000.400	10.540.426	4.000.150
Short-term borrowings	19,760,220	8,880,430	10,540,436	4,089,150
Trade payables (including related parties)	12,520,302	9,047,400	12,054,126	9,021,903
Other payables	15,263,714	13,356,034	12,469,181	15,865,576
Long-term payables (including	13,203,714	13,330,034	12,407,101	13,003,370
current portion)	130,547	142,766	148,177	165,743
Subtotal	47,674,783	31,426,630	35,211,920	29,142,372
Total	\$47,677,636	\$31,429,268	\$35,213,983	\$29,142,372
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MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

B. Fair values of financial instruments

- a. The methods and assumptions applied in determining the fair value of financial instruments: The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:
 - (a) The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables (including related parties), other receivables, short-term borrowings, trade payables (including related parties), other payables approximate their fair value due to their short maturities.
 - (b) For financial assets and liabilities traded in an active market with standard terms and conditions, their fair value is determined based on market quotation price (including listed equity securities and bonds) at the reporting date.
 - (c) The fair value of derivative financial instrument is based on market quotations. For unquoted derivatives that are not options, the fair value is determined based on discounted cash flow analysis using interest rate yield curve for the contract period. Fair value of option-based derivative financial instruments is obtained using the option pricing model.
 - (d) The fair value of other financial assets and liabilities is determined using discounted cash flow analysis, the interest rate and discount rate are selected with reference to those of similar financial instruments.
- b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost

Corrier amount as of

Other than those listed in the table below, the carrying amount of the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost approximate their fair value:

Foir volue of of

	Carrying amount as of			Fair value as of				
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2012	2012	2013	2012	2012	2012
Financial assets								
Held-to-maturity financial								
assets								
Structure deposits	\$-	\$-	\$264,078	\$48,126	\$-	\$-	\$264,147	\$48,126
Bonds	\$883,421	\$796,860	\$860,999	\$828,422	\$901,315	\$810,845	\$867,858	\$821,049
Bond investments for which								
no active market exists								
Series B preferred stock	\$-	\$-	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$-	\$-	\$1,065,185	\$1,059,128

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

c. Assets measured at fair value

The following table contains the fair value of financial instruments after initial recognition and the details of the three levels of fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

As of September 30, 2013				
*	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:		-		-
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Bonds	\$322,050	\$-	\$-	\$322,050
Derivative financial instruments	-	5,630	-	5,630
Linked deposits	_	1,593,153	1,136,350	2,729,503
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Depositary receipts	23,045	-	-	23,045
Common shares	1,278,031	-	-	1,278,031
Bonds	1,513,450	-	185,354	1,698,804
Funds	4,355,991	-	-	4,355,991
Total	\$7,492,567	\$1,598,783	\$1,321,704	\$10,413,054
			= =====================================	= ======
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Derivative financial instruments	\$-	\$2,853	\$-	\$2,853
As of December 31, 2012				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:		-	-	
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Derivative financial instruments	\$-	\$244	\$-	\$244
Linked deposits	· -	1,796,576	317,597	2,114,173
Available-for-sale financial assets		,,	,	, , ,
Depositary receipts	20,808	_	_	20,808
Common shares	1,309,087	_	_	1,309,087
Bonds	636,911	_	176,781	813,692
Funds	5,042,321	_	170,701	5,042,321
		\$1.706.920	\$404.279	
Total	\$7,009,127	\$1,796,820	\$494,378	\$9,300,325
(To be continued)				

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

(Continued)				
As of December 31, 2012				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Derivative financial instruments	\$-	\$2,638	\$-	\$2,638
As of September 30, 2012				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Derivative financial instruments	\$-	\$5,679	\$-	\$5,679
Linked deposits	-	1,804,844	313,568	2,118,412
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Depositary receipts	30,917	-	-	30,917
Bonds	638,482	-	185,323	823,805
Funds	4,849,772	-	-	4,955,965
Common shares	1,492,563			1,386,370
Total	\$7,011,734	\$1,810,523	\$498,891	\$9,321,148
T				
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss	Ф	Φ2.062	Ф	Φ2.062
Derivative financial instruments	<u>\$-</u>	\$2,063	<u>\$-</u>	\$2,063
As of January 1, 2012				
715 01 January 1, 2012	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:	<u> Level i</u>	Ecvel 2	<u>Ecver 3</u>	Total
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Bonds	\$103,510	\$-	\$119,000	\$222,510
Derivative financial instruments	\$105,510		\$119,000	66
	-	66	-	
Linked deposits	-	3,134,177	-	3,134,177
Available-for-sale financial assets	10-			56.406
Depositary receipts	56,436	-	100 100	56,436
Bonds	724,775	-	182,608	907,383
Funds	4,392,203			4,392,203
Total	\$5,276,924	\$3,134,243	\$301,608	\$8,712,775

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Reconciliation for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

	Financial assets at through profit of		Available-for-sale financial assets	
	Linked depo	sits	Bonds	Total
As of January 1, 2013	\$317,	597	\$176,781	\$494,378
Amount recognized in profit or loss	(4,7	783)	-	(4,783)
Amount recognized in OCI		-	8,573	8,573
Acquisitions	1,205,	760	-	1,205,760
Settlements	(382,2	224)	-	(382,224)
As of September 30, 2013	\$1,136,	350	\$185,354	\$1,321,704
	Financial assets a through profit		Available-for-sa financial assets	
		Linked		
	Bonds	deposits	Bonds	Total
As of January 1, 2012	\$119,000	\$-	\$182,608	\$301,608
Amount recognized in profit or loss	-	553	-	553
Amount recognized in OCI	-	-	2,715	2,715
Acquisitions	-	313,015	-	313,015
Settlements	(119,000)			(119,000)
As of September 30, 2012	\$-	\$313,568	\$185,323	\$498,891

Total gains (losses) recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 contain gains and losses related to bonds, funds, derivative financial instruments and linked deposits on hand as of September 30, 2013 and 2012 in the amount of NT\$590 thousand and NT\$553 thousand, respectively.

C. Derivative financial instruments

The Company's derivative financial instruments held for trading were forward exchange contracts. The related information is as follows:

The Company entered into forward exchange contracts to manage its exposure to financial risk, but these contracts are not designated as hedging instruments. The table below lists the information related to forward exchange contracts:

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

		Contract amount	
Forward exchange contracts	Currency	('000')	Maturity
As of September 30, 2013	TWD to USD	Sell USD109,000	October 2013
As of December 31, 2012	TWD to USD	Sell USD69,000	January 2013
As of September 30, 2012	TWD to USD	Sell USD82,000	October 2012
As of January 1, 2012	TWD to USD	Sell USD14,000	January 2012

The Company entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge foreign currency risk of net assets or net liabilities. As there will be corresponding cash inflows or outflows upon maturity and the Company has sufficient operating funds, the cash flow risk is insignificant.

(2) Financial risk management objectives

The Company's principal financial risk management objective is to manage the market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk related to its operating activities. The Company identifies, measures and manages the aforementioned risks based on the Company's policy and risk tendency.

The Company has established appropriate policies, procedures and internal controls for financial risk management. The plans for material treasury activities are reviewed by Board of Directors in accordance with relevant regulations and internal controls. The Company complies with its financial risk management policies at all times.

A. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the changes in market prices. Market prices comprise currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

In practice, it is rarely the case that a single risk variable will change independently from other risk variable, there are usually interdependencies between risk variables. However the sensitivity analysis disclosed below does not take into account the interdependencies between risk variables.

a. Foreign currency risk

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense are denominated in a different currency from the Company's functional currency) and the Company's net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The Company reviews its assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency and enters into forward exchange contracts to hedge the exposure from exchange rate fluctuations. The level of hedging depends on the foreign currency requirements from each operating unit. As the purpose of holding forward exchange contracts is to hedge exchange rate fluctuation risk, the gain or loss made on the contracts from the fluctuation in exchange rates are expected to mostly offset gains or losses made on the hedged item. Hedge accounting is not applied as they did not qualify for hedge accounting criteria. Furthermore, as net investments in foreign subsidiaries are for strategic purposes, they are not hedged by the Company.

The foreign currency sensitivity analysis of the possible change in foreign exchange rates on the Company's profit is performed on significant monetary items denominated in foreign currencies as of the end of the reporting period. The Company's foreign currency risk is mainly related to the volatility in the exchange rates for USD. The information of the sensitivity analysis is as follows:

When NTD appreciates or depreciates against USD by 1 cent, the profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 decreases or increases by NT\$561 thousand and NT\$1,599 thousand, while equity decreases or increases by NT\$18,138 thousand and NT\$15,776 thousand, respectively.

b. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's loans and receivables at variable interest rates, bank borrowings with fixed interest rates and variable interest rates. Moreover, the market value of the Company's investment in credit-linked deposits and interest rate-linked deposits are affected by interest rate. The market value would decrease (even lower than the principal) when the interest rate increases, and vice versa. The market values of exchange rate-linked deposits are affected by interest rates and changes in the value and volatility of the underlying. The following sensitivity analysis focuses on interest rate risk and does not take into account the interdependencies between risk variables.

The interest rate sensitivity analysis is performed on items exposed to interest rate risk as of the end of the reporting period, including investments and borrowings with variable interest rates. At the reporting date, an increase/decrease of 10 basis points of interest rate in a reporting period could cause the profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 to decrease/increase by NT\$1,954 thousand and NT\$2,934 thousand, respectively.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

c. Other price risk

The Company's listed and unlisted equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Company's listed equity securities are classified under available-for-sale financial assets (including financial assets measured at cost). The Company manages the equity price risk through diversification and placing limits on individual and total equity instruments. Reports on the equity portfolio are submitted to the Company's senior management on a regular basis. The Company's Board of Directors reviews and approves certain equity investments according to level of authority.

At the reporting date, a change of 1% in the price of the listed equity securities classified under available-for-sale could only impact the Company's equity, but has no effect on profit or loss. The price risk related to unlisted equity securities classified under available-for-sale is insignificant.

B. Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from operating activities (primarily for trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including bank deposits and other financial instruments.

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk management. Credit limits are established for all customers based on their financial position, rating from credit rating agencies, historical experience, prevailing economic condition and the Company's internal rating criteria etc. Certain customer's credit risk will also be managed by taking credit enhancing procedures, such as requesting for prepayment.

As of September 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, September 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, receivables from top ten customers represent 62.51%, 65.14%, 70.13% and 65.45% of the total trade receivables of the Company, respectively. The credit concentration risk of other accounts receivables is insignificant.

The Company's exposure to credit risk arises from potential default of the counter-party or other third-party. The level of exposure depends on several factors including concentrations of credit risk, components of credit risk, the price of contract and other receivables of financial instruments. Since the counter-party or third-party to the foregoing forward exchange contracts are all reputable financial institutions, management believes that the Company's exposure to default by those parties is minimal.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Credit risk of credit-linked deposits, interest rate-linked deposits and convertible bonds arises if the issuing banks breached the contracts or the debt issuer could not pay off the debts; the maximum exposure is the carrying value of those financial instruments. Therefore, the Company minimized the credit risk by only transacting with counter-party who is reputable, transparent and in good financial standing.

C. Liquidity risk management

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of cash and cash equivalents, highly liquid equity investments and bank borrowings. The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on the contractual undiscounted payments and contractual maturity. The payment amount includes the contractual interest. The undiscounted payment relating to borrowings with variable interest rates is extrapolated based on the estimated interest rate yield curve as of the end of the reporting period.

Non-derivative financial instruments

Tron derivative intanetal instruments	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
As of September 30, 2013			10001
Borrowings	\$19,789,504	\$-	\$19,789,504
Trade payables (including related parties)	12,520,302	· -	12,520,302
Other payables	15,263,714	_	15,263,714
Long-term payables	37,087	93,460	130,547
Total	\$47,610,607	\$93,460	\$47,704,067
As of December 31, 2012			
Borrowings	\$8,893,436	\$-	\$8,893,436
Trade payables (including related parties)	9,047,400	-	9,047,400
Other payables	13,356,034	-	13,356,034
Long-term payables	29,136	113,630	142,766
Total	\$31,326,006	\$113,630	\$31,439,636
As of September 30, 2012			
Borrowings	\$10,530,271	\$-	\$10,530,271
Trade payables (including related parties)	12,054,126	-	12,054,126
Other payables	12,469,181	_	12,469,181
Long-term payables	26,408	121,769	148,177
Total	\$35,079,986	\$121,769	\$35,201,755
As of January 1, 2012			
Borrowings	\$4,116,309	\$-	\$4,116,309
Trade payables (including related parties)	9,021,903	-	9,021,903
Other payables	15,865,576	-	15,865,576
Long-term payables	18,081	147,662	165,743
Total	\$29,021,869	\$147,662	\$29,169,531

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Derivative financial instruments			
	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
As of September 30, 2013			
Gross settlement			
Forward exchange contracts			
Inflow	\$414,624	\$-	\$414,624
Outflow	415,380	-	415,380
Net	(756)	-	(756)
Net settlement			
Forward exchange contracts	(3,180)	-	(3,180)
Total	\$(3,936)	\$-	\$(3,936)
	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
As of December 31, 2012			
Gross settlement			
Forward exchange contracts			
Inflow	\$1,161,790	\$-	\$1,161,790
Outflow	1,165,440	-	1,165,440
Net	(3,650)	-	(3,650)
Net settlement			
Forward exchange contracts	(468)	-	(468)
Total	\$(4,118)	\$-	\$(4,118)
	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
As of September 30, 2012			
Gross settlement			
Forward exchange contracts			
Inflow	\$584,750	\$-	\$584,750
Outflow	586,840	-	586,840
Net	\$(2,090)	\$-	\$(2,090)

There were no outstanding forward exchange contracts which were included in financial liabilities as of January 1, 2012.

The table above contains the undiscounted net cash flows of derivative financial instruments.

(3) Significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

Information regarding the significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is listed below:

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Sept	tember 30,	2013	December 31, 2012			
	Foreign			Foreign			
	Currency	Exchange	NTD	Currency	Exchange	NTD	
	(thousand)	rate	(thousand)	(thousand)	rate	(thousand)	
Financial assets							
Monetary item:							
USD	\$2,827,690	29.67	\$83,889,296	\$2,185,217	\$29.136	\$63,668,506	
Non-monetary it	em:						
USD	\$267,983	29.67	\$7,951,056	\$221,165	\$29.136	\$6,443,874	
Financial liabilit	<u>ies</u>						
Monetary item:							
USD	\$1,225,801	29.67	\$36,369,516	\$620,047	\$29.136	\$18,065,696	
	September 30, 2012						
	Sept	tember 30, 2	2012	J	anuary 1, 20	012	
	Sept Foreign	tember 30,	2012	Foreign	anuary 1, 20	012	
		tember 30, 2	2012 NTD	•	anuary 1, 20 Exchange	NTD	
	Foreign			Foreign			
Financial assets	Foreign Currency	Exchange	NTD	Foreign Currency	Exchange	NTD	
Financial assets Monetary item:	Foreign Currency	Exchange	NTD	Foreign Currency	Exchange	NTD	
	Foreign Currency	Exchange rate	NTD	Foreign Currency (thousand)	Exchange	NTD	
Monetary item:	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$2,344,036	Exchange rate	NTD (thousand)	Foreign Currency (thousand)	Exchange rate	NTD (thousand)	
Monetary item: USD	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$2,344,036	Exchange rate \$29.34	NTD (thousand)	Foreign Currency (thousand)	Exchange rate	NTD (thousand)	
Monetary item: USD Non-monetary it	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$2,344,036 em:	Exchange rate \$29.34	NTD (thousand) \$68,778,733	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$1,812,357	Exchange rate \$30.29	NTD (thousand) \$54,472,301	
Monetary item: USD Non-monetary it USD	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$2,344,036 em: \$246,036 \$-	Exchange rate \$29.34	NTD (thousand) \$68,778,733 \$7,219,184	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$1,812,357	Exchange rate \$30.29	NTD (thousand) \$54,472,301 \$6,140,882	
Monetary item: USD Non-monetary it USD CNY	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$2,344,036 em: \$246,036 \$-	Exchange rate \$29.34	NTD (thousand) \$68,778,733 \$7,219,184	Foreign Currency (thousand) \$1,812,357	Exchange rate \$30.29	NTD (thousand) \$54,472,301 \$6,140,882	

(4) Capital management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

13. Segment Information

The major sales of the Company come from multimedia and mobile phone chips and other integrated circuit design products. The chief operating decision maker reviews the overall operating results to make decisions about resources to be allocated to and evaluates the overall performance. Therefore, the Company is aggregated into a single segment.

14. First-time Adoption of TIFRS

For all periods up to and including the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in R.O.C. (R.O.C. GAAP). The consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2013 are the first the Company has prepared in accordance with TIFRS.

Accordingly, the Company has prepared financial statements which comply with TIFRS and the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers for periods beginning January 1, 2013 as described in the accounting policies under Note 4. Furthermore the first interim financial statements prepared under TIFRS also comply with the requirements under IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards. The Company's opening balance sheet was prepared as of January 1, 2012, the Company's date of transition to TIFRS.

Please refer to note 14 of the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 for the reconciliation of consolidated balance sheets as at January 1, 2012 (the date of transition to TIFRS) and December 31, 2012 and statements of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2012:

Exemptions applied in accordance with IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards"

IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" allows first-time adopters certain exemptions from the retrospective application of certain IFRS. The Company has applied the following exemptions:

(1) IFRS 3 Business Combinations has not been applied to acquisitions of subsidiaries or of interests in associates and joint ventures that occurred before January 1, 2012. By applying this exemption, immediately after the business combination, the carrying amount in accordance with R.O.C. GAAP of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in that business combination, shall be their deemed costs in accordance with TIFRS at that date. The subsequent measurement of these assets and liabilities will be in accordance with TIFRS. Under IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards", the carrying amount of goodwill in the opening balance sheet shall be its carrying amount in accordance with R.O.C. GAAP at December 31, 2011, after testing for impairment and reclassifying amounts to intangible assets that are required to be recognized. The Company has performed goodwill impairment testing as of the date of transition to TIFRS and no impairment loss has been recognized as of that date.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

- (2) The Company has recognized all cumulative actuarial gains and losses on pensions as of the date of transition to TIFRS directly in retained earnings.
- (3) The Company has elected to disclose amounts required by paragraph 120A(p) of IAS 19 prospectively from the date of transition to TIFRS.
- (4) IFRS 2 has not been applied to equity instruments in share-based payment transactions that vested before the date (January 1, 2012) of transition to TIFRS.
- (5) The Company has applied the transitional provision in IFRIC 4 and has assessed all arrangements whether include lease transaction as of January 1, 2012.
- (6) IFRIC 1 "Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities" requires specified changes in a decommissioning, restoration or similar liability to be added to or deducted from the cost of the asset to which it relates; the adjusted depreciable amount of the asset is then depreciated prospectively over its remaining useful life. The Company needs not comply with these requirements for changes in such liabilities that occurred before the date of transition to TIFRS by adopting the first-time adoption exemption.

Impacts of transitioning to TIFRS

The following tables contain reconciliation of balance sheets as of September 30, 2012 and statements of comprehensive income for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2012:

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Reconciliation of consolidated balance sheet items as of September 30, 2012

R.O.C. GAAP		Impact of transitioning to TIFRS				
Items	Amounts	Remeasurements	Presentation	Amounts	Items	Note
Current assets					Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$85,145,850	\$-	\$-	\$85,145,850	Cash and cash equivalents	
Financial assets at fair value through					Financial assets at fair value through	
profit or loss-current	639,134	-	-	639,134	profit or loss-current	
Available-for-sale financial assets-current	4,068,994	-	-	4,068,994	Available-for-sale financial assets-current	
Held-to-maturity financial assets-current	322,583	-	-	322,583	Held-to-maturity financial assets-current	
Bond portfolio with no active market					Bond investments for which no active	
-current	1,000,000	-	20,021	1,020,021	market exists-current	7
Accounts receivables, net	8,216,424	-	-	8,216,424	Trade receivables, net	
Other receivables	4,362,381	-	(56,371)	4,306,010	Other receivables	7
-	-	-	56,461	56,461	Current tax assets	7
Inventories, net	12,090,971	-	-	12,090,971	Inventories	
Prepayments	1,218,226	-	(90)	1,218,136	Prepayments	7
Other current assets	522,173	-	-	522,173	Other current assets	
Deferred income tax assets-current	255,963	-	(255,963)	-	-	ϵ
Restricted assets-current	20,021		(20,021)		-	7
Total current assets	117,862,720		(255,963)	117,606,757	Total current assets	
Funds and investments					Non-current assets	
Financial assets at fair value through					Financial assets at fair value through	
profit or loss-noncurrent	1,484,957	-	-	1,484,957	profit or loss-noncurrent	
Available-for-sale financial					Available-for-sale financial assets -	
assets-noncurrent	3,128,063	-	-	3,128,063	noncurrent	
Held-to-maturity financial					Held-to-maturity financial assets-	
assets-noncurrent	802,494	-	-	802,494	noncurrent	
Financial assets carried at cost-					Financial assets measured at cost-	
noncurrent	2,714,857	(186,259)	-	2,528,598	noncurrent	1
					Bond investments for which no active	
-	-	-	652	652	market exists-noncurrent	7
Investments accounted for using the					Investments accounted for using the	
equity method	57,691,546	236,993	-	57,928,539	equity method	1
Total funds and investments	65,821,917					
Property, plant and equipment, net	10,792,258	-	29,082	10,821,340	Property, plant and equipment	7
Intangible assets	16,248,271		(114,747)	16,133,524	Intangible assets	2
Other assets						
Refundable deposit	225,804	-	-	225,804	Refundable deposits	
Deferred charges	29,082	_	(29,082)	· -	-	7
Deferred income tax assets-noncurrent	257,157	53,028	258,228	568,413	Deferred tax assets	3,6
-		-	114,747	114,747	Long-term prepaid rent	2
Restricted assets-noncurrent	652	_	(652)		-	7
Other assets	3,826	(3,826)	-	_	-	3
Total other assets	516,521	99,936	258,228	93,737,131	Total noncurrent assets	-
Total assets	\$211,241,687	\$99,936	\$2,265	\$221,343,888	Total assets	

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

R.O.C. GAAP		Impact of transit	act of transitioning to TIFRS TIFRS		transitioning to TIFRS TIFRS		TIFRS	
Items	Amounts	Remeasurements	Presentation	Amounts	Items	Notes		
Current liabilities				-	Current liabilities			
Short-term loans	\$10,504,436	\$-	\$-	\$10,504,436	Short-term borrowings			
Financial liabilities at fair value through					Financial liabilities at fair value through			
profit or loss-current	2,063	-	-	2,063	profit or loss-current			
Accounts payables	10,844,603	-	-	10,844,603	Trade payables	7		
Payables to related parties	1,209,523	-	-	1,209,523	Trade payables to related parties			
Income tax payable	774,576	-	-	774,576	Current tax liabilities			
Accrued expenses	12,326,660	54,790	(12,381,450)	-	-	3,7		
Payables to contractors and equipment								
suppliers	48,815	-	(48,815)	-	-	7		
Other payables	38,916	-	12,430,265	12,469,181	Other payables	7		
Current portion of long-term payables	26,408	-	-	26,408	Current portion of long-term liabilities			
Other current liabilities	1,105,625	-	-	1,105,625	Other current liabilities			
Deferred income tax liabilities-current	5,027	-	(5,027)	-	-	6		
Total current liabilities	36,886,652	54,790	(5,027)	36,936,415	Total current liabilities			
Long-term liabilities	-		, , ,	-	Non-current liabilities			
Long-term payables	121,769	_	_	121,769	Long-term payables			
Other liabilities		•		,,	r.,			
Accrued pension liabilities	195,622	257,145	_	452,767	Accrued pension liabilities	3		
Deposits received	18,430	207,110	_	18,430	Deposits received			
Deferred income tax liabilities-	10,430			10,130	Deposits received			
noncurrent	1,098,929	26,767	7,292	1,132,988	Deferred tax liabilities	1,3,6		
Other liabilities-others	70,364	20,707	-,->-	70,364	Non-current liabilities-others	1,0,0		
Total other liabilities	1,383,345	283,912	7,292	1,796,318	Total non-current liabilities			
Total liabilities	38,391,766	338,702	2,265	38,732,733	Total liabilities			
Total natifices	30,391,700	338,702	2,203	36,732,733	- Total natimites			
Capital					Share capital			
Common stock	13,493,623	-	-	13,493,623	Common stock			
Capital collected in advance	79	-	-	79	Capital collected in advance			
Capital reserve	79,496,975	(29,995)	-	79,466,980	Capital surplus	1,4		
Retained earnings					Retained earnings			
Legal reserve	23,072,429	-	-	23,072,429	Legal reserve			
Special reserve	2,210,312	-	-	2,210,312	Special reserve			
Undistributed earnings	57,650,681	151,976	-	57,802,657	Undistributed earnings	1,3,4		
Other adjustments					Other equity			
Unrealized gain (loss) on financial					Unrealized gains from available-for-sale			
instruments	1,134,087	(360,529)	-	773,558	financial assets	1		
					Exchange differences resulting from			
					translating the financial statements of			
Cumulative translation adjustments	(4,184,049)	(218)	-	(4,184,267)	foreign operations	1		
Treasury stock	(55,970)	-	-	(55,970)	Treasury shares			
Total shareholders' equity attributable					Equity attributable to owners of the			
to parent company	172,818,167	(238,766)	-	172,579,401	parent			
Minority interests	31,754	-	-	31,754	Non-controlling interests			
Total shareholders' equity	172,849,921	(238,766)	-	172,611,155	Total equity			
Total liabilities and shareholders'	·	· <u> </u>		·				
equity	\$211,241,687	\$99,936	\$2,265	\$211,343,888	Total liabilities and equity			
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MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Reconciliation of statement of comprehensive income items for the three months ended September 30, 2012

R.O.C. GAAP		Impact of transiti		TIFRS		
Items	Amounts	Remeasurements	Presentation	Amounts	Items	Notes
Net sales	\$29,470,929	¢	\$-	¢20, 470, 020	Net sales	
Cost of goods sold	(17,319,878)	\$- (216)	⊅ -	\$29,470,929	Operating costs	3
Gross profit	12,151,051	(216)	<u>-</u>		Gross profit	3
Operating expenses	12,131,031	(210)		12,130,833	Operating expenses	
Selling expenses	(910,360)	(581)		(910,941)		3
General and administrative expenses	(749,561)	(756)	66,366	(683,951)		3,5,7
Research and development expenses	(6,249,224)	(8,209)	(66,366)	(6,323,799)	=	3,5,7
Total operating expenses	(7,909,145)	(9,546)	-	(7,918,691)		3,3,7
Operating income	4,241,906	(9,762)		4,232,144	Operating income	
Non-operating income and gains					Non-operating income and expenses	
Interest income	445,893	_	179,827	625,720	Other income	5,7
increst income	113,073		177,027	023,720	Share of profit of associates accounted	3,7
Gain on equity investments, net	290,480	(5,211)	-	285,269	for using the equity method	1
Gain on disposal of investments	4,498	=	(11,309)	(6,811)		
Valuation gain on financial assets	52,629	-	(52,629)	-	Other gains and losses	1,5,7
Others	179,827	-	(179,827)	-	-	5,7
Total non-operating income and						
gains	973,327					
Non-operating expenses and losses						
Interest expenses	(32,390)	-	-	(32,390)	Finance costs	
Loss on disposal of property, plant						
and equipment	(1,156)	-	1,156	-	-	5,7
Foreign exchange loss, net	41,547	-	(41,547)	-	-	5,7
Impairment loss	(88,826)	-	88,826	-	-	5,7
Valuation loss on financial liabilities	1,918	-	(1,918)	-	-	5,7
Others	(17,421)		17,421			5,7
Total non-operating expenses and					Total non-operating income and	
losses	(96,328)	(5,211)		871,788	expenses	
Income from continuing operations						
before income tax	5,118,905	(14,973)	-	5,103,932	Profit before tax	
Income tax expense	(188,181)	1,659	-		Income tax expense	1,3,6
Consolidated net income	\$4,930,724	(13,314)	-	4,917,410	Profit	
					Exchange differences resulting from	
					translating the financial statements of	
-				(918,583)	foreign operations	
					Unrealized gains from available-for-sale	
-				503,231	financial assets	
					Share of other comprehensive income of	
					associates accounted for using the	
				(318,506)	equity method	
					Income tax relating to components of	
-					other comprehensive income	
-				(733,858)	Other comprehensive income, net of tax	
				\$4,183,552	Total comprehensive income	

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Reconciliation of statement of comprehensive income items for the nine months ended September 30, 2012

R.O.C. GAAP		Impact of transition	npact of transitioning to TIFRS		TIFRS	_
Items	Amounts	Remeasurements	Presentation	Amounts	Items	Notes
Not calca	\$70.50¢ 151	ф	ф	Φ 5 2 52 151	Not solve	
Net sales	\$72,526,151	\$-	\$-	\$72,526,151		2
Cost of goods sold	(42,562,056)	(1,645)	-	"	Operating costs	3
Gross profit	29,964,095	(1,645)	-	29,962,450	Gross profit	
Operating expenses					Operating expenses	
Selling expenses	(2,253,578)	(3,328)	-	(2,256,906)		3
General and administrative expenses	(2,241,467)	(4,183)	144,621	(2,101,029)		3,5,7
Research and development expenses	(16,509,809)	(48,238)	(144,621)	(16,702,668)	•	3,5,7
Total operating expenses	(21,004,854)	(55,749)	-	(21,060,603)	Total operating expenses	
Operating income	8,959,241	(57,394)	-	8,901,847	Operating income	
Non-operating income and gains					Non-operating income and expenses	
Interest income	1,327,835	-	443,715	1,771,550	Other income	5,7
					Share of profit of associates accounted	
Gain on equity investments, net	405,035	(9,721)	-	395,314	for using the equity method	1
Gain on disposal of investments	691,928	373,481	(135,276)	930,133	Other gains and losses	1,5,7
Valuation gain on financial assets	75,505	, -	(75,505)	-	-	5,7
Others	443,715	_	(443,715)	_	-	5,7
Total non-operating income and						- ,-
gains	2,944,018					
Non-operating expenses and losses						
Interest expenses	(83,931)	_	_	(83,931)	Finance costs	
Loss on disposal of property, plant	(05,551)			(03,751)	Thance costs	
and equipment	(1,884)		1,884		_	5,7
Foreign exchange loss, net	(15,315)	_	15,315		_	5,7
Impairment loss	(173,824)	_	173,824	_	_	5,7
Valuation loss on financial liabilities	(2,063)	-	2,063	-	_	5,7
Others	(17,695)	-	17,695	-		5,7
Total non-operating expenses and	(17,073)		17,073	·	Total non-operating income and	3,7
losses	(204.712)	262.760		2.012.066	1 6	
iosses	(294,712)	363,760	<u>-</u>	3,013,066	expenses	
Income from continuing operations	11 600 547	206.266		11.014.012	Due St. hafara tay	
before income tax	11,608,547	306,366	-	11,914,913	Profit before tax	
Income tax expense	(832,205)	(17,661)	-		Income tax expense	1,3,6
Consolidated net income	\$10,776,342	288,705	-	11,065,047	Profit	
					Exchange differences resulting from	
					translating the financial statements of	
-				(1,608,928)	foreign operations	
					Unrealized gains from available-for-sale	
-				730,366	financial assets	
					Share of other comprehensive income of	
					associates accounted for using the	
-				(318,230)	equity method	
					Income tax relating to components of	
-				-	other comprehensive income	
-				(1,196,792)	Other comprehensive income, net of tax	
				\$9,868,255	Total comprehensive income	

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Material adjustments to the consolidated statement of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2012

The transition from R.O.C. GAAP to TIFRS has not had a material impact on the statement of cash flows. The statement of cash flows prepared under R.O.C. GAAP was reported using the indirect method. Furthermore, cash flows from interest and dividends received and interest paid were classified as cash flows from operating activities and interest and dividends received were not disclosed separately. However, in accordance with the requirements under IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows", the interest received for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, is separately disclosed in the statement of cash flows in the amount of NT\$1,207,194 thousand. The dividends received for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, are separately disclosed in the statement of cash flows in the amount of NT\$123,010 thousand.

Apart from the aforementioned differences, there were no material differences between the statements of cash flows prepared under R.O.C. GAAP and TIFRS.

(1) Adjustment of investments accounted for using the equity method

Under the requirements of IAS 28 "Investments in Associates", the Company remeasured and reclassified financial assets carried at cost-noncurrent to investments accounted for using the equity method. Due to this change, as of September 30, 2012, the Company's financial assets measured at cost-noncurrent decreased by NT\$186,259 thousand, investments accounted for using the equity method increased by NT\$138,727 thousand, capital surplus increased by NT\$3,635 thousand, exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of foreign operations decreased by NT\$218 thousand, and retained earnings decreased by NT\$50,949 thousand. Moreover, the non-operating income and expenses of share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2012 decreased by NT\$5,795 thousand and NT\$10,242 thousand, respectively.

Under the requirements of IAS 28 "Investments in Associates", adjustments shall be made to conform the associates' accounting policies to those of the investor when the associate's financial statements are used by the investor in applying the equity method. Therefore, investments accounted for using the equity method decreased by NT\$1,043 thousand, capital surplus increased by NT\$205 thousand, and retained earnings decreased by NT\$1,248 thousand as of September 30, 2012. Additionally, the non-operating income and expenses of share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2012 increased by NT\$584 thousand and NT\$521 thousand, respectively.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

According to IFRSs, when the Company's equity investment increases and the significant influence is obtained, the Company shall remeasure the entire equity investment at fair value and the investment costs would be the fair value at the acquiring date. Because of the change, as of September 30, 2012, the Company's investments accounted for using the equity method and retained earnings increased by NT\$99,309 thousand and NT\$99,309 thousand, respectively. Also, the gain on disposal of investments (other gains or losses) increased by NT\$0 and NT\$99,309 thousand for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2012.

Under IFRSs, when the Company loses its significant influence over associates, the Company shall remeasure the remaining investment at fair value and recognize the difference between the book value of the entire investment and the fair value of the remaining investment plus the proceeds of the disposal as a gain or loss. After that, the Company shall account for the investment according to the accounting standards of financial instruments. As of September 30, 2012, this change in according principles caused the Company's retained earnings, deferred income tax liabilities-noncurrent and unrealized gains (losses) from available-for-sale financial assets to increase (decrease) by NT\$333,112 thousand, NT\$27,417 thousand and NT\$(360,529) thousand, respectively. This change also caused the Company's gains on disposal of investments (other gains or losses) and income tax expenses to increase by NT\$0 and NT\$274,172 thousand and NT\$0 and NT\$27,417 thousand for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively.

(2) Reclassification of land use rights to long-term prepaid rent

Land use rights was classified as intangible assets under R.O.C. GAAP. Upon transitioning to TIFRS, in accordance with the requirements of IAS 17 "Leases", land use rights were reclassified to long-term prepaid rent under non-current assets. As of September 30, 2012, land use rights reclassified to long-term prepaid rent was NT\$114,747 thousand.

(3) Employee benefits

The Company used actuarial techniques to calculate the defined benefit obligation and recognized related pension costs and accrued pension liabilities under R.O.C. GAAP. Upon transitioning to TIFRS, actuarial calculations were made in accordance with the requirements under IAS 19 "Employee Benefits". Under the requirement of IFRS 1, the Company re-performed actuarial calculation on defined benefit obligations as of January 1, and December 31, 2012, adjusted its cumulative actuarial gains and losses to zero, and recognized all unrecognized transitional net benefit obligations as of the date of transition to TIFRS. As of September 30, 2012, the Company's accrued pension liabilities increased by NT\$257,145 thousand, other assets-prepaid pension costs decreased by NT\$3,826 thousand, deferred income tax assets-noncurrent increased by NT\$43,714 thousand, deferred income tax liabilities-noncurrent decreased by NT\$650 thousand and retained earnings decreased by NT\$216,607 thousand due to this change.

Furthermore, as the Company adopts the accounting policy of recognizing all actuarial gains or losses to other comprehensive income after transitioning to TIFRS, with the effect of the aforementioned adjustments, the pension costs for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2012 increased by NT\$962 thousand and NT\$2,604 thousand, respectively, and income tax expenses decreased by NT\$163 thousand and NT\$442 thousand, respectively.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Under the requirement of IAS 19 "Employee Benefits", the Company shall recognize unused accumulating compensated absences. Therefore, accrued expenses (other payables) increased by NT\$54,790 thousand, deferred income tax assets-noncurrent increased by NT\$9,314 thousand and retained earnings decreased by NT\$45,476 thousand as of September 30, 2012. Furthermore, the operating costs and operating expenses increased by NT\$8,800 thousand and NT\$54,790 thousand, respectively, and the income tax expense decreased by NT\$1,496 thousand and NT\$9,314 thousand, respectively, for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2012.

(4) Adjustments of capital surplus-share of changes in net assets of associates for using the equity method

As of September 30, 2012, capital surplus-share of changes in net assets of associates accounted for using the equity method decreased by NT\$33,835 thousand and retained earnings increased by NT\$33,835 thousand due to incompliance with IFRSs.

(5) Reconciliations of consolidated statement of comprehensive income

Upon transitioning to TIFRS, in order to comply with the presentation of financial statements under TIFRS and the revised Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, certain items on the statement of comprehensive income have been reclassified. All other impact on the statement of comprehensive income as results of adjustments upon transitioning to TIFRS has been described in item (1)-(4).

(6) Income tax

Classification and valuation of deferred tax

Under the requirements of R.O.C. GAAP, the current and noncurrent deferred tax liabilities and assets of the same taxable entity should be offset against each other and presented as a net amount. However under the requirements of IAS 12 "Income Taxes", an entity shall offset deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities when the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and if the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

Under the requirements of R.O.C. GAAP, deferred tax assets or liabilities should be classified as current or non-current according to the classification of its related assets or liabilities or the expected reversal date of the temporary difference. However under the requirements of IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", deferred tax assets or liabilities are classified as non-current. Therefore as of September 30, 2012, the Company reclassified deferred tax assets to non-current assets and non-current liabilities by NT\$258,228 thousand and NT\$2,265 thousand, respectively. Moreover, as of September 30, 2012, deferred tax liabilities reclassified to non-current liabilities was NT\$5,027 thousand.

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

The following tables illustrate the deferred tax effects of all adjustments relating to the transitioning to TIFRS:

Income tax expense:

		Three months ended	Nine months ended
	Note	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2012
Recognized in profit or loss:			
Employee benefits	3	\$(1,659)	\$(9,756)
Adjustment from investments accounted			
for using the equity method	1		27,417
	_	\$(1,659)	\$17,661
Deferred tax assets and liabilities:			
			r 30, 2012
	Note	Deferred tax assets	Deferred tax liabilities
Employee benefits	3	\$53,028	\$(650)
Adjustment from investments accounted			
for using the equity method	1		27,417
Total		\$53,028	\$26,767

(7) Others

Certain items in the financial statements prepared have been reclassified for comparison purposes.